To make quality, affordable health care available to all Americans, reduce costs, improve health care quality, enhance disease prevention, and strengthen the health care workforce.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on

A BILL

To make quality, affordable health care available to all Americans, reduce costs, improve health care quality, enhance disease prevention, and strengthen the health care workforce.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

(a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the “Affordable Health Choices Act”.

(b) Table of Contents.—The table of contents of this Act is as follows:

Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
TITLE I—QUALITY, AFFORDABLE HEALTH CARE FOR ALL AMERICANS

Subtitle A—Effective Coverage for All Americans

PART I—PROVISIONS APPLICABLE TO THE INDIVIDUAL AND GROUP MARKETS

Sec. 101. Amendment to the Public Health Service Act.

“Sec. 2705. Prohibition of preexisting condition exclusions or other discrimination based on health status.

“Sec. 2701. Fair insurance coverage.

“Sec. 2702. Guaranteed availability of coverage.

“Sec. 2703. Guaranteed renewability of coverage.

“Sec. 2704. Bringing down the cost of health care coverage.

“Sec. 2706. Prohibiting discrimination against individual participants and beneficiaries based on health status.

“Sec. 2707. Ensuring the quality of care.

“Sec. 2708. Coverage of preventive health services.

“Sec. 2709. Extension of dependent coverage.

“Sec. 2710. No lifetime or annual limits.

PART II—PROVISION APPLICABLE TO THE GROUP MARKET

Sec. 121. Amendment to the Public Health Service Act.

“Sec. 2719. Prohibition of discrimination based on salary.

PART III—OTHER PROVISIONS

Sec. 131. No changes to existing coverage.

Sec. 132. Applicability.

Sec. 133. Conforming amendments.

Sec. 134. Effective dates.

Subtitle B—Available Coverage for All Americans

Sec. 141. Assumptions regarding medicaid.

Sec. 142. Building on the success of the Federal Employees Health Benefit Program so all americans have affordable health benefit choices.

Sec. 143. Affordable health choices for all americans.

“TITLE XXXI—AFFORDABLE HEALTH CHOICES FOR ALL AMERICANS

“Subtitle A—Affordable Choices

“Sec. 3101. Affordable choices of health benefit plans.

“Sec. 3102. Financial integrity.

“Sec. 3103. Seeking the best medical advice.

“Sec. 3104. Allowing State flexibility.

“Sec. 3105. Navigators.

Subtitle C—Affordable Coverage for All Americans

Sec. 151. Support for affordable health coverage.

“Subtitle B—Making Coverage Affordable
Sec. 3111. Support for affordable health coverage.
Sec. 3112. Small business health options program credit.
Sec. 152. Non-discrimination in health care.

Subtitle D—Shared Responsibility for Health Care

Sec. 161. Individual responsibility.
Sec. 162. Notification on the availability of affordable health choices.
Sec. 163. Shared responsibility of employers.
Sec. 3115. Shared responsibility of employers.
Sec. 3116. Definitions.

Subtitle E—Improving Access to Health Care Services

Sec. 171. Spending for Federally Qualified Health Centers (FQHCs).
Sec. 172. Other provisions.
Sec. 173. Funding for National Health Service Corps.
Sec. 174. Negotiated rulemaking for development of methodology and criteria for designating medically underserved populations and health professions shortage areas.
Sec. 175. Equity for certain eligible survivors.
Sec. 176. Reauthorization of emergency medical services for children program.

Subtitle F—Making Health Care More Affordable for Retirees

Sec. 181. Reinsurance for retirees.

Subtitle G—Improving the Use of Health Information Technology for Enrollment; Miscellaneous Provisions

Sec. 185. Health information technology enrollment standards and protocols.
Sec. 186. Rule of construction regarding Hawaii’s Prepaid Health Care Act.
Sec. 187. Key National indicators.

Subtitle H—CLASS Act

Sec. 190. Short title of subtitle.

PART I—COMMUNITY LIVING ASSISTANCE SERVICES AND SUPPORTS

Sec. 191. Establishment of national voluntary insurance program for purchasing community living assistance services and support.

TITLE XXXII—COMMUNITY LIVING ASSISTANCE SERVICES AND SUPPORTS

Sec. 3201. Purpose.
Sec. 3202. Definitions.
Sec. 3203. CLASS Independence Benefit Plan.
Sec. 3204. Enrollment and disenrollment requirements.
Sec. 3205. Benefits.
Sec. 3206. CLASS Independence Fund.
Sec. 3207. CLASS Independence Advisory Council.
Sec. 3208. Regulations; annual report.
Sec. 3209. Tax treatment of program.

PART II—AMENDMENTS TO THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1986
Sec. 195. Credit for costs of employers who elect to automatically enroll employees and withhold class premiums from wages.
Sec. 196. Long-term care insurance includible in cafeteria plans.

TITLE II—IMPROVING THE QUALITY AND EFFICIENCY OF HEALTH CARE

Subtitle A—National Strategy to Improve Health Care Quality

Sec. 201. National strategy.
Sec. 203. Quality measure development.
Sec. 204. Quality measure endorsement; public reporting; data collection.
Sec. 205. Collection and analysis of quality measure data.

Subtitle B—Health Care Quality Improvements

Sec. 211. Health care delivery system research; Quality improvement technical assistance.
Sec. 212. Grants to establish community health teams to support a medical home model.
Sec. 213. Grants to implement medication management services in treatment of chronic disease.
Sec. 214. Design and implementation of regionalized systems for emergency care.
Sec. 215. Trauma care centers and service availability.
Sec. 216. Reducing and reporting hospital readmissions.
Sec. 217. Program to facilitate shared decision-making.
Sec. 218. Presentation of drug information.
Sec. 219. Center for health outcomes research and evaluation.
Sec. 220. Demonstration program to integrate quality improvement and patient safety training into clinical education of health professionals.
Sec. 221. Office of women’s health.
Sec. 222. Administrative simplification.

TITLE III—IMPROVING THE HEALTH OF THE AMERICAN PEOPLE

Subtitle A—Modernizing Disease Prevention of Public Health Systems

Sec. 301. National Prevention, Health Promotion and public health council.
Sec. 302. Prevention and Public Health Investment Fund.
Sec. 303. Clinical and community Preventive Services.
Sec. 304. Education and outreach campaign regarding preventive benefits.

Subtitle B—Increasing Access to Clinical Preventive Services

Sec. 311. Right choices program.
Sec. 312. School-based health clinics.
Sec. 313. Oral healthcare prevention activities.
Sec. 314. Oral health improvement.

Subtitle C—Creating Healthier Communities

Sec. 321. Community transformation grants.
Sec. 322. Healthy aging, living well.
Sec. 323. Wellness for individuals with disabilities.
Sec. 324. Immunizations.
Sec. 325. Nutrition labeling of standard menu items at Chain Restaurants and of articles of food sold from vending machines.

Subtitle D—Support for Prevention and Public Health Information

Sec. 331. Research on optimizing the delivery of public health services.
Sec. 332. Understanding health disparities: data collection and analysis.
Sec. 333. Health impact assessments.
Sec. 334. CDC and employer-based wellness programs.

TITLE IV—HEALTH CARE WORKFORCE

Subtitle A—Purpose and Definitions

Sec. 401. Purpose.
Sec. 402. Definitions.

Subtitle B—Innovations in the Health Care Workforce

Sec. 411. National health care workforce commission.
Sec. 412. State health care workforce development grants.
Sec. 413. Health care workforce program assessment.

Subtitle C—Increasing the Supply of the Health Care Workforce

Sec. 421. Federally supported student loan funds.
Sec. 422. Nursing student loan program.
Sec. 423. Health care workforce loan repayment programs.
Sec. 424. Public health workforce recruitment and retention programs.
Sec. 425. Allied health workforce recruitment and retention programs.
Sec. 426. Grants for State and local programs.
Sec. 427. Funding for National Health Service Corps.
Sec. 428. Nurse-managed health clinics.
Sec. 429. Elimination of cap on commissioned corp.
Sec. 430. Establishing a Ready Reserve Corps.

Subtitle D—Enhancing Health Care Workforce Education and Training

Sec. 431. Training in family medicine, general internal medicine, general pedi-atrics, and physician assistantship.
Sec. 432. Training opportunities for direct care workers.
Sec. 433. Training in general, pediatric, and public health dentistry.
Sec. 434. Alternative dental health care providers demonstration project.
Sec. 435. Geriatric education and training; career awards; comprehensive geri-atric education.
Sec. 436. Mental and behavioral health education and training grants.
Sec. 437. Cultural competency, prevention and public health and individuals with disabilities training.
Sec. 438. Advanced nursing education grants.
Sec. 439. Nurse education, practice, and retention grants.
Sec. 440. Loan repayment and scholarship program.
Sec. 441. Nurse faculty loan program.
Sec. 442. Authorization of appropriations for parts B through D of title VIII.
Sec. 443. Grants to promote the community health workforce.
Sec. 444. Youth public health program.
Sec. 445. Fellowship training in public health.

Subtitle E—Supporting the Existing Health Care Workforce
Sec. 451. Centers of excellence.
Sec. 452. Health care professionals training for diversity.
Sec. 453. Interdisciplinary, community-based linkages.
Sec. 454. Workforce diversity grants.
Sec. 455. Primary care extension program.

Subtitle F—General Provisions

Sec. 461. Reports.

TITLE V—PREVENTING FRAUD AND ABUSE

Subtitle A—Establishment of New Health and Human Services and Department of Justice Health Care Fraud Positions

Sec. 501. Health and Human Services Senior Advisor.
Sec. 502. Department of Justice Position.

Subtitle B—Health Care Program Integrity Coordinating Council

Sec. 511. Establishment.

Subtitle C—False Statements and Representations

Sec. 521. Prohibition on false statements and representations.

Subtitle D—Federal Health Care Offense

Sec. 531. Clarifying definition.

Subtitle E—Uniformity in Fraud and Abuse Reporting

Sec. 541. Development of model uniform report form.

Subtitle F—Applicability of State Law to Combat Fraud and Abuse

Sec. 551. Applicability of State law to combat fraud and abuse.

Subtitle G—Enabling the Department of Labor to Issue Administrative Summary Cease and Desist Orders and Summary Seizures Orders Against Plans That Are in Financially Hazardous Condition

Sec. 561. Enabling the Department of Labor to issue administrative summary cease and desist orders and summary seizures orders against plans that are in financially hazardous condition.

Subtitle H—Requiring Multiple Employer Welfare Arrangement (MEWA) Plans to File a Registration Form With the Department of Labor Prior to Enrolling Anyone in the Plan

Sec. 571. MEWA plan registration with Department of Labor.

Subtitle I—Permitting Evidentiary Privilege and Confidential Communications

Sec. 581. Permitting evidentiary privilege and confidential communications.

TITLE VI—IMPROVING ACCESS TO INNOVATIVE MEDICAL THERAPIES

Subtitle A—Biologics Price Competition and Innovation
Subtitle B—More Affordable Medicines for Children and Underserved Communities

Sec. 611. Expanded participation in 340B program.
Sec. 612. Improvements to 340B program integrity.

TITLE I—QUALITY, AFFORDABLE HEALTH CARE FOR ALL AMERICANS

Subtitle A—Effective Coverage for All Americans

PART I—PROVISIONS APPLICABLE TO THE INDIVIDUAL AND GROUP MARKETS

SEC. 101. AMENDMENT TO THE PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE ACT.

Part A of title XXVII of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 300gg et seq.) is amended—

(1) by striking the part heading and inserting the following:

“PART A—INDIVIDUAL AND GROUP MARKET REFORMS”;

(2) in section 2701 (42 U.S.C. 300gg)—

(A) by striking the section heading and subsection (a) and inserting the following:

“SEC. 2705. PROHIBITION OF PREEXISTING CONDITION EXCLUSIONS OR OTHER DISCRIMINATION BASED ON HEALTH STATUS.

“(a) In General.—A group health plan and a health insurance issuer offering group or individual health insur-
ance coverage may not impose any preexisting condition
exclusion with respect to such plan or coverage.”; and
(B) by transferring such section so as to
appear after the section 2704 as added by para-
graph (3);
(3) by redesignating existing sections 2704
through 2707 as sections 2715 through 2718; and
(4) by amending the remainder of subpart 1 of
such part to read as follows:

“Subpart 1—General Reform

“SEC. 2701. FAIR INSURANCE COVERAGE.

“(a) In General.—With respect to the premium
rate charged by a health insurance issuer for health insur-
ance coverage offered in the individual or group market—
“(1) such rate shall vary only by—
“(A) family structure;
“(B) community rating area;
“(C) the actuarial value of the benefit;
“(D) age, except that such rate shall not
vary by more than 2 to 1; and
“(2) such rate shall not vary by health status-
related factors, gender, class of business, claims ex-
perience, or any other factor not described in para-
graph (1).
“(b) COMMUNITY RATING AREA.—Taking into account the applicable recommendations of the National Association of Insurance Commissioners, the Secretary shall by regulation establish a minimum size for community rating areas for purposes of this section.

“SEC. 2702. GUARANTEED AVAILABILITY OF COVERAGE.

“(a) ISSUE OF COVERAGE IN THE INDIVIDUAL AND GROUP MARKET.—Subject to subsections (b) through (e), each health insurance issuer that offers health insurance coverage in the individual or group market in a State must accept every employer and individual in the State that applies for such coverage.

“(b) ENROLLMENT.—

“(1) RESTRICTION.—A health insurance issuer described in subsection (a) may restrict enrollment in coverage described in such subsection to open or special enrollment periods.

“(2) ESTABLISHMENT.—A health insurance issuer described in subsection (a) shall, in accordance with the regulations promulgated under paragraph (3), establish special enrollment period for qualifying life events (under section 125 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986).
“(3) REGULATIONS.—The Secretary shall promulgate regulations with respect to enrollment periods under paragraphs (1) and (2).

“SEC. 2703. GUARANTEED RENEWABILITY OF COVERAGE.

“Except as provided in this section, if a health insurance issuer offers health insurance coverage in the individual or group market, the issuer must renew or continue in force such coverage at the option of the plan sponsor of the plan, or the individual, as applicable.

“SEC. 2704. BRINGING DOWN THE COST OF HEALTH CARE COVERAGE.

“(a) CLEAR ACCOUNTING FOR COSTS.—A health insurance issuer offering group or individual health insurance coverage shall submit to the Secretary a report concerning the percentage of total premium revenue that such coverage expends—

“(1) on reimbursement for clinical services provided to enrollees under such plan or coverage;

“(2) for activities that improve health care quality; and

“(3) on all other non-claims costs, including an explanation of the nature of such costs.

“(b) ENSURING THAT CONSUMERS RECEIVE VALUE FOR THEIR PREMIUM PAYMENTS.—
“(1) Requirement to provide value for premium payments.—A health insurance issuer offering group or individual health insurance coverage shall provide an annual rebate to each enrollee under such plan or coverage on a pro rata basis in the amount by which the amount of premium revenue expended on activities described in subsection (a)(3) exceeds—

“(A) with respect to a health insurance issuer offering group insurance coverage, a percentage that the Secretary shall by regulation determine based on the distribution of such percentages across such issuers; or

“(B) with respect to a health insurance issuer offering individual insurance coverage, a percentage that the Secretary shall by regulation determine based on the distribution of such percentages across such issuers.

“(2) Exemption for new plans.—This section shall not apply to a health insurance issuer offering group or individual health insurance coverage in its first full year of operation.

“(c) Definition.—In this section, the term ‘activities to improve health care quality’ means activities described in section 2706.
“(d) EXCEPTION TO REQUIREMENTS.—The information provided in the report as described in subsection (a)(3) shall not include income or other taxes, license or regulatory fee costs, or the cost of any surcharge imposed by a Gateway under title XXXI.

“(e) NOTIFICATION BY PLANS NOT PROVIDING MINIMUM QUALIFYING COVERAGE.—Not later than 1 year after the date on which the recommendation of the Council with respect to minimum qualifying coverage become effective under section 3103, each health plan that fails to provide such minimum qualifying coverage to enrollees shall notify, in such manner required by the Secretary, such enrollees of such failure prior to any such enrollment restriction.

“(f) PROCESSES AND METHODS.—The Secretary shall develop—

“(1) a methodology for calculating the percentage described in subsection (a)(3); and

“(2) a process for providing the rebates described in subsection (b)(1).

“SEC. 2706. PROHIBITING DISCRIMINATION AGAINST INDIVIDUAL PARTICIPANTS AND BENEFICIARIES BASED ON HEALTH STATUS.

“A group health plan and a health insurance issuer offering group or individual health insurance coverage,
may not establish rules for eligibility (including continued
eligibility) of any individual to enroll under the terms of
the plan or coverage based on any of the following health
status-related factors in relation to the individual or a de-
pendent of the individual:

“(1) Health status.

“(2) Medical condition (including both physical
and mental illnesses).

“(3) Claims experience.

“(4) Receipt of health care.

“(5) Medical history.

“(6) Genetic information.

“(7) Evidence of insurability (including condi-
tions arising out of acts of domestic violence).

“(8) Disability.

“(9) Any other health status-related factor de-
termined appropriate by the Secretary.

“SEC. 2707. ENSURING THE QUALITY OF CARE.

“(a) IN GENERAL.—A group health plan and a health
insurance issuer offering group or individual health insur-
ance coverage shall develop and implement a reimburse-
ment structure for making payments to health care pro-
viders that provides incentives for—
“(1) the provision of high quality health care under the plan or coverage in a manner that includes—

“(A) the implementation of case management, care coordination, chronic disease management, and medication and care compliance activities that includes the use of the medical home model as defined in section 212 of the Affordable Health Choices Act for treatment or services under the plan or coverage;

“(B) the implementation of activities to prevent hospital readmissions through a comprehensive program for hospital discharge that includes patient-centered education and counseling, comprehensive discharge planning, and post discharge reinforcement by an appropriate health care professional;

“(C) the implementation of activities to improve patient safety and reduce medical errors through the appropriate use of best clinical practices, evidence based medicine, and health information technology under the plan or coverage;

“(D) child health measures under section 1139A of the Social Security Act; and
“(E) culturally and linguistically appropriate care, as defined by the Secretary; and

“(2) substantially reflects the payment policy of the Medicare program under title XVIII of the Social Security Act and the Children’s Health Insurance Program under title XXI of such Act with respect to any generally implemented incentive policy to promote high quality health care.

“(b) REGULATIONS.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of the Affordable Health Choices Act, the Secretary shall promulgate regulations—

“(1) that define the term ‘generally implemented’ for purposes of subsection (a)(2);

“(2) that require the expiration of a minimum period of time between the date on which a policy is generally implemented for purposes of subsection (a)(2) and the date on which such policy shall apply with respect to health insurance coverage offered in the individual or group market; and

“(3) that provide criteria for determining whether a payment policy is described in subsection (a)(2).

“SEC. 2708. COVERAGE OF PREVENTIVE HEALTH SERVICES.

“(a) IN GENERAL.—A group health plan and a health insurance issuer offering group or individual health insur-
ance coverage shall provide coverage for and shall not im-
pose any cost sharing requirements (other than minimal
cost sharing in accordance with guidelines developed by
the Secretary) for—

“(1) items or services that have in effect a rat-
ing of ‘A’ or ‘B’ in the current recommendations of
the United States Preventive Services Task Force;

“(2) immunizations that have in effect a rec-
ommendation from the Advisory Committee on Im-
munization Practices of the Centers for Disease
Control and Prevention with respect to the indi-
vidual involved; and

“(3) with respect to infants, children and ado-
lescents, preventive care and screenings provided for
in the comprehensive guidelines supported by the
Health Resources and Services Administration.

“(b) INTERVAL.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall estab-
lish a minimum interval between the date on which
a recommendation described in subsection (a)(1) or
(a)(2) or a guideline under subsection (a)(3) is
issued and the plan year with respect to which the
requirement described in subsection (a) is effective
with respect to the service described in such rec-
ommendation or guideline.
“(2) MINIMUM.—The Secretary shall provide that the interval described in paragraph (1) is not less than 1 year.

“(c) SPECIAL RULE FOR INITIAL RECOMMENDATIONS.—Subsection (b) shall apply with respect to any recommendations described in subsection (a)(1) or (2) and any guidelines described in subsection (a)(3) on plan years beginning on and after January 1, 2010.

“SEC. 2709. EXTENSION OF DEPENDENT COVERAGE.

“(a) IN GENERAL.—A group health plan and a health insurance issuer offering group or individual health insurance coverage that provides dependant coverage of children shall make available such coverage for children who are not more than 26 years of age.

“(b) REGULATIONS.—The Secretary shall promulgate regulations to define the scope of the dependants to which coverage shall be made available under subsection (a).

“SEC. 2710. NO LIFETIME OR ANNUAL LIMITS.

“A group health plan and a health insurance issuer offering group or individual health insurance coverage may not establish lifetime or annual limits on benefits for any participant or beneficiary.”.
PART II—PROVISION APPLICABLE TO THE

GROUP MARKET

SEC. 121. AMENDMENT TO THE PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE

ACT.

(a) In General.—Subpart 2 of part A of title XXVII of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 300gg-4 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“SEC. 2719. PROHIBITION OF DISCRIMINATION BASED ON SALARY.

“(a) In General.—A group health plan and a health insurance issuer offering group health insurance coverage may not establish rules relating to the health insurance coverage eligibility (including continued eligibility) of any full-time employee under the terms of the plan that are based on the total hourly or annual salary of the employee.

“(b) Limitation.—Subsection (a) shall not be construed to prohibit a group health plan or health insurance issuer from establishing contribution requirements for enrollment in the plan or coverage that provide for the payment by employees with lower hourly or annual compensation of a lower dollar or percentage contribution than the payment required of a similarly situated employees with a higher hourly or annual compensation.”.
(b) TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS.—Subpart 3 of part A of title XXVII of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 300gg-11 et seq.) is repealed.

PART III—OTHER PROVISIONS

SEC. 131. NO CHANGES TO EXISTING COVERAGE.

(a) OPTION TO RETAIN CURRENT INSURANCE COVERAGE.—With respect to a group health plan or health insurance coverage in which an individual was enrolled prior to the effective date of this title, this subtitle (and the amendments made by this subtitle) shall not apply to such plan or coverage.

(b) ALLOWANCE FOR FAMILY MEMBERS TO JOIN CURRENT COVERAGE.—With respect to a group health plan or health insurance coverage in which an individual was enrolled prior to the effective date of this title and which is renewed after such date, family members of such individual shall be permitted to enroll in such plan or coverage.

(c) NO ADDITIONAL BENEFIT.—Paragraph (1) shall only apply to individuals described in such paragraph and the family members of such individuals (as provided for in subsection (b)).
SEC. 132. APPLICABILITY.

(a) Exclusion of Certain Plans.—Section 2721 of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 300gg-21) is amended—

(1) by striking subsection (a);

(2) in subsection (b)—

(A) in paragraph (1), by striking “1 through 3” and inserting “1 and 2”; and

(B) in paragraph (2)—

(i) in subparagraph (A), by striking “subparagraph (D)” and inserting “subparagraph (D) or (E)”;

(ii) by striking “1 through 3” and inserting “1 and 2”; and

(iii) by adding at the end the following:

“(E) ELECTION NOT APPLICABLE.—The election described in subparagraph (A) shall not be available with respect to the provisions of subpart 1.”;

(3) in subsection (c), by striking “1 through 3 shall not apply to any group” and inserting “1 and 2 shall not apply to any individual coverage or any group”; and

(4) in subsection (d)—
(A) in paragraph (1), by striking “1 through 3 shall not apply to any group” and inserting “1 and 2 shall not apply to any individual coverage or any group”;

(B) in paragraph (2)—

(i) in the matter preceding subparagraph (A), by striking “1 through 3 shall not apply to any group” and inserting “1 and 2 shall not apply to any individual coverage or any group”; and

(ii) in subparagraph (C), by inserting “or, with respect to individual coverage, under any health insurance coverage maintained by the same health insurance issuer”; and

(C) in paragraph (3), by striking “any group” and inserting “any individual coverage or any group”.

(b) SPECIAL RULE FOR COLLECTIVE BARGAINING AGREEMENTS.—In the case of health insurance coverage maintained pursuant to one or more collective bargaining agreements between employee representatives and one or more employers ratified before the date of the enactment of this Act, the provisions of this subtitle (and the amend-
ments made by this subtitle) shall not apply to plan years beginning before the later of—

(1) the date on which the last of the collective bargaining agreements relating to the coverage terminates (determined without regard to any extension thereof agreed to after the date of the enactment of this Act); or

(2) the date that is after the end of the 12th calendar month following the date of enactment of this Act.

For purposes of paragraph (1), any coverage amendment made pursuant to a collective bargaining agreement relating to the coverage which amends the coverage solely to conform to any requirement added by this subtitle (or amendments) shall not be treated as a termination of such collective bargaining agreement.

SEC. 133. CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.

(a) Public Health Service Act.—Title XXVII of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 300gg et seq.) is amended—

(1) in section 2705 (42 U.S.C. 300gg), as so redesignated by section 101—

(A) in subsection (e)—

(i) in paragraph (2), by striking “group health plan” each place that such
appears and inserting “group or individual health plan”; and

(ii) in paragraph (3)—

(I) by striking “group health insurance” each place that such appears and inserting “group or individual health insurance”; and

(II) in subparagraph (D), by striking “small or large” and inserting “individual or group”; and

(B) in subsection (d), by striking “group health insurance” each place that such appears and inserting “group or individual health insurance”; and

(C) in subsection (e)(1)(A), by striking “group health insurance” and inserting “group or individual health insurance”;

(2) in section 2702 (42 U.S.C. 300gg-1)—

(A) by striking the section heading and all that follows through subsection (a)—

(B) in subsection (b)—

(i) by striking “health insurance issuer offering health insurance coverage in connection with a group health plan” each place that such appears and inserting
“health insurance issuer offering group or individual health insurance coverage”;

(ii) in paragraph (2)(A)—

(I) by inserting “or individual” after “employer”; and

(II) by inserting “or individual health coverage, as the case may be” before the semicolon; and

(iii) by transferring such section to appear at the end of section 2705 (as added by section 101(4));

(3) by striking the heading for subpart 2 of part A;

(4) in section 2715 (42 U.S.C. 300gg-4), as so redesignated—

(A) in subsection (a), by striking “health insurance issuer offering group health insurance coverage” and inserting “health insurance issuer offering group or individual health insurance coverage”;

(B) in subsection (b)—

(i) by striking “health insurance issuer offering group health insurance coverage in connection with a group health plan” in the matter preceding paragraph
(1) and inserting “health insurance issuer offering group or individual health insurance coverage”; and

(ii) in paragraph (1), by striking “plan” and inserting “plan or coverage”; 

(C) in subsection (c)—

(i) in paragraph (2), by striking “group health insurance coverage offered by a health insurance issuer” and inserting “health insurance issuer offering group or individual health insurance coverage”; and

(ii) in paragraph (3), by striking “issuer” and inserting “health insurance issuer”; and

(D) in subsection (e), by striking “health insurance issuer offering group health insurance coverage” and inserting “health insurance issuer offering group or individual health insurance coverage”;

(5) in section 2716 (42 U.S.C. 300gg-5), as so redesignated—

(A) in subsection (a), by striking “(or health insurance coverage offered in connection with such a plan)” each place that such appears and inserting “or a health insurance issuer of-
ferring group or individual health insurance coverage’’;  

(B) in subsection (b), by striking “(or health insurance coverage offered in connection with such a plan)” each place that such appears and inserting “or a health insurance issuer offering group or individual health insurance coverage”; and  

(C) in subsection (c)—  

(i) in paragraph (1), by striking “(and group health insurance coverage offered in connection with a group health plan)” and inserting “and a health insurance issuer offering group or individual health insurance coverage”;  

(ii) in paragraph (2), by striking “(or health insurance coverage offered in connection with such a plan)” each place that such appears and inserting “or a health insurance issuer offering group or individual health insurance coverage”;  

(6) in section 2717 (42 U.S.C. 300gg-6), as so redesignated, by striking “health insurance issuers providing health insurance coverage in connection with group health plans” and inserting “and health
insurance issuers offering group or individual health
insurance coverage’’;

(7) in section 2718 (42 U.S.C. 300gg-7), as so
redesignated—

(A) in subsection (a), by striking “health
insurance coverage offered in connection with
such plan” and inserting “individual health in-
surance coverage’’;

(B) in subsection (b)—

(i) in paragraph (1), by striking “or a
health insurance issuer that provides
health insurance coverage in connection
with a group health plan’’ and inserting
“or a health insurance issuer that offers
group or individual health insurance cov-
erage’’;

(ii) in paragraph (2), by striking
“health insurance coverage offered in con-
nection with the plan” and inserting “indi-
vidual health insurance coverage’’; and

(iii) in paragraph (3), by striking
“health insurance coverage offered by an
issuer in connection with such plan’’ and
inserting “individual health insurance cov-
erage’’;
(C) in subsection (c), by striking “health insurance issuer providing health insurance coverage in connection with a group health plan” and inserting “health insurance issuer that offers group or individual health insurance coverage”; and

(D) in subsection (e)(1), by striking “health insurance coverage offered in connection with such a plan” and inserting “individual health insurance coverage”;

(8) by striking the heading for subpart 3;

(9) in section 2711 (42 U.S.C. 300gg-11)—

(A) by striking the section heading and all that follows through subsection (b);

(B) in subsection (e)—

(i) in paragraph (1)—

(I) in the matter preceding subparagraph (A), by striking “small group” and inserting “group and individual”; 

(II) in subparagraph (A), by inserting “and individuals” after “employers”; and

(III) in subparagraph (B)—
(aa) in the matter preceding clause (i), by inserting “and individuals” after “employers”;

(bb) in clause (i), by inserting “or any additional individuals” after “additional groups”; and

(cc) in clause (ii), by striking “without regard to the claims experience of those employers and their employees (and their dependents) or any health status-related factor relating to such” and inserting “and individuals without regard to the claims experience of those individuals, employers and their employees (and their dependents) or any health status-related factor relating to such individuals”; and

(ii) in paragraph (2), by striking “small group” and inserting “group or individual”;
(i) by striking “small group” each place that such appears and inserting “group or individual”; and
(ii) in paragraph (1)(B)—
   (I) by striking “all employers” and inserting “all employers and individuals”;
   (II) by striking “those employers” and inserting “those individuals, employers”; and
   (III) by striking “such employees” and inserting “such individuals, employees”;
(D) by striking subsection (e); and
(E) by transferring such section to appear at the end of section 2702 (as added by section 101(4));
(10) in section 2712 (42 U.S.C. 300gg-12)—
   (A) by striking the section heading and all that follows through subsection (a);
   (B) in subsection (b)—
      (i) in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by striking “group health plan in the small or large group market” and inserting
“health insurance coverage offered in the group or individual market”;

(ii) in paragraph (1), by inserting “, or individual, as applicable,” after “plan sponsor”;

(iii) in paragraph (2), by inserting “, or individual, as applicable,” after “plan sponsor”; and

(iv) by striking paragraph (3) and inserting the following:

“(3) VIOLATION OF PARTICIPATION OR CONTRIBUTION RATES.—In the case of a group health plan, the plan sponsor has failed to comply with a material plan provision relating to employer contribution or group participation rules, pursuant to applicable State law.”;

(C) in subsection (c)—

(i) in paragraph (1)—

(I) in the matter preceding subparagraph (A), by striking “group health insurance coverage offered in the small or large group market” and inserting “group or individual health insurance coverage”;
(II) in subparagraph (A), by inserting “or individual, as applicable,” after “plan sponsor”; 

(III) in subparagraph (B)—

(aa) by inserting “or individual, as applicable,” after “plan sponsor”; and

(bb) by inserting “or individual health insurance coverage”; and

(IV) in subparagraph (C), by inserting “or individuals, as applicable,” after “those sponsors”; and

(ii) in paragraph (2)(A)—

(I) in the matter preceding clause (i), by striking “small group market or the large group market, or both markets,” and inserting “individual or group market, or all markets,”; and

(II) in clause (i), by inserting “or individual, as applicable,” after “plan sponsor”; and

(D) by transferring such section to appear at the end of section 2702 (as added by section 101(4));
(11) in section 2713 (42 U.S.C. 300gg-13)—

(A) in subsection (a)—

(i) in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by inserting “or an individual” after “employer”; and

(ii) in paragraphs (1) and (2), by inserting “, or individual, as applicable,” after “employer” each place that such appears;

(B) in subsection (b)—

(i) in paragraph (1)—

(I) in the matter preceding subparagraph (A), by inserting “, or individual, as applicable,” after “employer”;

(II) in subparagraph (A), by adding “and” at the end;

(III) by striking subparagraphs (B) and (C); and

(IV) by redesignated subparagraph (D) as subparagraph (B); and

(ii) in paragraph (2), by inserting “, or individual, as applicable,” after “employer” each place that such appears; and
(C) by redesignating such section as section 2710 and transferring such section to appear after section 2709 (as added by section 101(4));

(12) by redesigning subpart 4 as subpart 2;

(13) in section 2721 (42 U.S.C. 300gg-21)—

(A) by striking subsection (a);

(B) by striking “subparts 1 through 3” each place that such appears and inserting “subpart 1”; and

(C) by redesigning subsections (b) through (e) as subsections (a) through (d), respectively;

(14) in section 2722 (42 U.S.C. 300gg-22)—

(A) in subsection (a)—

(i) in paragraph (1), by striking “small or large group markets” and inserting “individual or group market”; and

(ii) in paragraph (2), by inserting “or individual health insurance coverage” after “group health plans”; and

(B) in subsection (b)(1)(B), by inserting “individual health insurance coverage or” after “respect to”; and
(15) in section 2723(a)(1) (42 U.S.C. 300gg-23), by inserting “individual or” before “group health insurance”.

(b) Technical Amendment to the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974.—Subpart B of part 7 of subtitle A of title I of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (29 U.S.C. 1181 et seq.) is amended, by adding at the end the following:

“SEC. 715. ADDITIONAL MARKET REFORMS.

“The provisions of sections part A of title XXVII of the Public Health Service Act (as amended by the Affordable Health Choices Act) shall apply to group health plans, and health insurance issuers providing health insurance coverage in connection with group health plans, as if included in this subpart. To the extent that any provision of this part conflicts with a provision of such subpart with respect to group health plans, or health insurance issuers providing health insurance coverage in connection with group health plans, the provisions of such subpart shall apply.”.

(c) Technical Amendment to the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.—Subchapter B of chapter 100 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by adding at the end the following:
“SEC. 9815. ADDITIONAL MARKET REFORMS.

“The provisions of sections part A of title XXVII of the Public Health Service Act (as amended by the Affordable Health Choices Act) shall apply to group health plans, and health insurance issuers providing health insurance coverage in connection with group health plans, as if included in this subpart. To the extent that any provision of this part conflicts with a provision of such subpart with respect to group health plans, or health insurance issuers providing health insurance coverage in connection with group health plans, the provisions of such subpart shall apply.”

SEC. 134. EFFECTIVE DATES.

(a) Immediate Applicability.—Except as otherwise provided in subsection (b), this subtitle (and the amendments made by this subtitle) shall become effective on the date of enactment of this Act.

(b) Delayed Applicability.—Sections 2701 of the Public Health Service Act (as added by section 101) shall become effective with respect to a State on the earlier of—

(1) the date that such State enacts or modifies their State laws to conform such laws to the requirements of this subtitle (and amendments); or

(2) the date that is 4 years after the date of enactment of this Act.
Subtitle B—Available Coverage for All Americans

SEC. 141. ASSUMPTIONS REGARDING MEDICAID.

(a) ASSUMPTIONS UNDERLYING POLICY.—The Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions of the Senate assumes that the provisions of the Affordable Health Choices Act will be considered by the Senate as part of legislation that amends title XIX of the Social Security Act to implement the following policies:

(1) All individuals currently eligible for Medicaid will remain eligible for Medicaid.

(2) All individuals will be eligible for Medicaid at income levels up to 150 percent of poverty.

(3) Improvements will be made in processes to facilitate enrollment in Medicaid.

(4) States will be required to maintain levels of eligibility with regard to beneficiaries currently enrolled in Medicaid.

(5) Criteria utilized to establish income levels for eligibility for premium credits in a Gateway may also be used to determine eligibility for Federal programs operated under titles XVIII, XIX, and XXI of the Social Security Act.

(6) States will received a Federal medical assistance percentage of 100 percent until 2015 for
additional costs of enrolling beneficiaries who are described in paragraphs (2) through (4).

(7) Beginning in 2015, the Federal medical assistance percentage for the costs of enrolling individuals described in paragraphs (2) through (4) will phase down to the percentage otherwise applicable by 2020.

(8) An increased Federal medical assistance percentage will be applicable to States that have increased eligibility for individuals described in paragraphs (2) through (4) prior to the date of enactment of this section.

(b) Rule of Construction.—The provisions of title XXXI of the Public Health Service Act (as added by section 143) shall be construed, for purposes of the consideration of the Affordable Health Choices Act by the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions of the Senate, as if the amendments described in subsection (a) have been enacted.

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SEC. 142. BUILDING ON THE SUCCESS OF THE FEDERAL EMPLOYEES HEALTH BENEFIT PROGRAM SO ALL AMERICANS HAVE AFFORDABLE HEALTH BENEFIT CHOICES.

(a) FINDINGS.—The Senate finds that—
(1) the Federal employees health benefits program under chapter 89 of title 5, United States Code, allows Members of Congress to have affordable choices among competing health benefit plans;

(2) the Federal employees health benefits program ensures that the health benefit plans available to Members of Congress meet minimum standards of quality and effectiveness;

(3) millions of Americans have no meaningful choice in health benefits, because health benefit plans are either unavailable or unaffordable; and

(4) all Americans should have the same kinds of meaningful choices of health benefit plans that Members of Congress, as Federal employees, enjoy through the Federal employees health benefits program.

(b) SENSE OF THE SENATE.—It is the sense of the Senate that Congress should establish a means for all Americans to enjoy affordable choices in health benefit plans, in the same manner that Members of Congress have such choices through the Federal employees health benefits program.
SEC. 143. AFFORDABLE HEALTH CHOICES FOR ALL AMERICANS.

(a) PURPOSE.—It is the purpose of this section to facilitate the establishment of Affordable Health Benefit Gateways in each State, with appropriate flexibility for States in establishing and administering the Gateways.

(b) AMERICAN HEALTH BENEFIT GATEWAYS.—The Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 201 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“TITLE XXXI—AFFORDABLE HEALTH CHOICES FOR ALL AMERICANS

Subtitle A—Affordable Choices

SEC. 3101. AFFORDABLE CHOICES OF HEALTH BENEFIT PLANS.

“(a) ASSISTANCE TO STATES TO ESTABLISH AMERICAN HEALTH BENEFIT GATEWAYS.—

“(1) PLANNING AND ESTABLISHMENT GRANTS.—Not later than 60 days after the date of enactment of this section, the Secretary shall make awards, from amounts appropriated under paragraph (5), to States in the amount specified in paragraph (2) for the uses described in paragraph (3).

“(2) AMOUNT SPECIFIED.—

“(A) TOTAL DETERMINED.—For each fiscal year, the Secretary shall determine the total
amount that the Secretary will make available for grants under this subsection.

“(B) STATE AMOUNT.—For each State that is awarded a grant under paragraph (1), the amount of such grants shall be based on a formula established by the Secretary under which each State shall receive an award in an amount that is based on the following two components:

“(i) A minimum amount for each State.

“(ii) An additional amount based on population.

“(3) USE OF FUNDS.—A State shall use amounts awarded under this subsection for activities (including planning activities) related to establishing an American Health Benefit Gateway, as described in subsection (b).

“(4) RENEWABILITY OF GRANT.—

“(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may renew a grant awarded under paragraph (1) if the State recipient of such grant—

“(i) is making progress, as determined by the Secretary, toward—

“(I) establishing a Gateway; and
“(II) implementing the reforms
described subtitle A of title I of the
Affordable Health Choices Act; and
“(ii) is meeting such other bench-
marks as the Secretary may establish.
“(B) LIMITATION.—If a State is an estab-
lishing State or a participating State (as de-
defined in section 3104), such State shall not be
eligible for a grant renewal under subparagraph
(A) as of the second fiscal year following the
date on which such State was deemed to be an
establishing State or a participating State.
“(5) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—
There are authorized to be appropriated such sums
as may be necessary to carry out this subsection in
each of fiscal years 2009 through 2014.
“(b) AMERICAN HEALTH BENEFIT GATEWAYS.—An
American Health Benefit Gateway (referred to in this sec-
tion as a ‘Gateway’) means a mechanism that—
“(1) facilitates the purchase of health insurance
coverage and related insurance products through the
Gateway at an affordable price by qualified individ-
uals and qualified employer groups; and
“(2) meets the requirements of subsection (c).
“(c) REQUIREMENTS.—
“(1) Voluntary nature of Gateway.—

“(A) Choice to enroll or not to enroll.—A qualified individual shall have the choice to enroll or not to enroll in a qualified health plan or to participate in a Gateway.

“(B) Prohibition on compelled enrollment.—No individual shall be compelled to enroll in a qualified health plan or to participate in a Gateway.

“(2) Establishment.—A Gateway shall be established by—

“(A) a State, in the case of an establishing State (as described in section 3104); or

“(B) the Secretary, in the case of a participating State (as described in section 3104).

“(3) Offering of coverage.—

“(A) In general.—A Gateway shall make available qualified health plans to qualified individuals and qualified employers.

“(B) Inclusion.—In making available coverage pursuant to subparagraph (A), a Gateway shall include a public health insurance option.

“(C) Limitation.—A Gateway may not make available any health plan or other health
insurance coverage that is not a qualified health plan.

“(D) ALLOWANCE TO OFFER.—A Gateway may make available a qualified health plan notwithstanding any provision of law that may require benefits other than the essential health benefits specified under section 3103(h).

“(4) FUNCTIONS.—A Gateway shall, at a minimum—

“(A) establish procedures for the certification, recertification, and decertification, consistent with guidelines developed by the Secretary under subsection (l), of health plans as qualified health plans;

“(B) develop and make available tools to allow consumers to receive accurate information on—

“(i) expected premiums and out of pocket expenses;

“(ii) the availability of in-network and out-of-network providers;

“(iii) the costs of any surcharge assessed under paragraph (5);

“(iv) data, by plan, that reflects the frequency with which preventive services
rated ‘A’ or ‘B’ by the U.S. Preventive Services Task Force are utilized by enrollees, a comparison of such data to the average frequency of preventive services utilized by enrollees across all qualified health plans, and whether ‘A’ and ‘B’ rated preventive services are utilized by enrollees as frequently as recommended by the U.S. Preventive Services Task Force; and

“(v) such other matters relating to consumer costs and expected experience under the plan as a Gateway may determine necessary;

“(C) utilize the administrative simplification measures and standards developed under section 222 of the Affordable Health Choices Act;

“(D) enter into agreements, to the extent determined appropriate by the Gateway, with navigators, as described in section 3105;

“(E) facilitate the purchase of coverage for long-term services and supports; and

“(F) collect, analyze, and respond to complaints and concerns from enrollees regarding coverage provided through the Gateway.
“(5) SURCHARGES.—

“(A) IN GENERAL.—A Gateway may assess a surcharge on all health insurance issuers offering qualified health plans through the Gateway to pay for the administrative and operational expenses of the Gateway.

“(B) LIMITATION.—A surcharge described in subparagraph (A) may not exceed 3 percent of the premiums collected by a qualified health plan.

“(6) RISK ADJUSTMENT PAYMENT.—

“(A) ESTABLISHING STATES.—

“(i) LOW ACTUARIAL RISK PLANS.—
Using the criteria and methods developed under subparagraph (B), each establishing State or participating State (as defined in section 3104) shall assess a charge on health plans and health insurance issuers (with respect to health insurance coverage) if the actuarial risk of the enrollees of such plans or coverage for a year is less than the average actuarial risk of all enrollees in all plans or coverage in such State for such year that are not self-insured group health plans (which are subject to the provisions

“(ii) HIGH ACTUARIAL RISK PLANS.—Using the criteria and methods developed under subparagraph (B), each establishing State or participating State (as defined in section 3104) shall provide a payment to health plans and health insurance issuers (with respect to health insurance coverage) if the actuarial risk of the enrollees of such plans or coverage for a year is greater than the average actuarial risk of all enrollees in all plans and coverage in such State for such year that are not self-insured group health plans (which are subject to the provisions of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974).

“(B) CRITERIA AND METHODS.—The Secretary, in consultation with States shall establish criteria and methods to be used in carrying out the risk adjustment activities under this paragraph. The Secretary may utilize criteria and methods similar to the criteria and methods utilized under part D of title XVIII of the Social Security Act.
“(7) FACILITATING ENROLLMENT.—

“(A) IN GENERAL.—A Gateway shall

(through, to the extent practicable, the use of

information technology) implement policies and

procedures to—

“(i) facilitate the identification of in-

dividuals who lack qualifying coverage; and

“(ii) assist such individuals in enroll-

ing in—

“(I) a qualified health plan that

is affordable and available to such in-

dividual, if such individual is a quali-

fied individual;

“(II) the medicaid program

under title XIX of the Social Security

Act, if such individual is eligible for

such program;

“(III) the CHIP program under

title XXI of the Social Security Act, if

such individual is eligible for such

program; or

“(IV) other Federal programs for

that such individual is eligible to par-

ticipate in.
“(B) CHOICE FOR INDIVIDUALS ELIGIBLE FOR CHIP.—A qualified individual who is eligible for the Children’s Health Insurance Program under title XXI of the Social Security Act may elect to enroll in such program or in a qualified health plan. Where such individual is a minor child, such election shall be made by the parent or guardian of such child.

“(C) OVERSIGHT.—The Secretary shall oversee the implementation of subparagraph (A)(ii) to ensure that individuals are directed to enroll in the program most appropriate under such subparagraph for each such individual.

“(D) ACCESSIBILITY OF MATERIALS.—Any materials used by a Gateway to carry out this paragraph shall be provided in a form and manner calculated to be understood by individuals who may apply to be enrollees in a qualified health plan, taking into account potential language barriers and disabilities of individuals.

“(8) CONSULTATION.—A Gateway shall consult with stakeholders relevant to carrying out the activities under this subsection, including—

“(A) consumers who are enrollees in qualified health plans;
“(B) individuals and entities with experience in facilitating enrollment in qualified health plans;

“(C) State Medicaid offices; and

“(D) advocates for enrolling hard to reach populations.

“(9) STANDARDS AND PROTOCOLS.—

“(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, in consultation with the Office of the National Coordinator for Health Information Technology, shall develop interoperable, secure, scalable, and reusable standards and protocols that facilitate enrollment of individuals in Federal and State health and human services programs.

“(B) COORDINATION.—The Secretary shall facilitate enrollment of individuals in programs described in subparagraph (A) through methods which shall include—

“(i) electronic matching against existing Federal and State data to serve as evidence of eligibility and digital documentation in lieu of paper-based documentation;

“(ii) capability for individuals to apply, recertify, and manage eligibility information online, including conducting
real-time queries against databases for existing eligibility prior to submitting applications; and

“(iii) other functionalities necessary to provide eligible individuals with a streamlined enrollment process.

“(C) Assistance.—The Secretary may award grants to enhance community-based enrollment to—

“(i) States to assist such States in—

“(I) contracting with qualified technology vendors to develop electronic enrollment software systems;

“(II) establishing Statewide helplines for enrollment assistance and referrals; and

“(III) establishing public education campaigns through grants to qualifying organizations for the design and implementation of public education campaigns targeting uninsured and traditionally underserved communities; and
“(ii) community-based organizations for infrastructure and training to establish electronic assistance programs.

“(10) NOTIFICATION.—With respect to the standards and protocols developed under subsection (11), the Secretary—

“(A) shall notify States of such standards and protocols; and

“(B) may require, as a condition of receiving Federal funds, that States or other entities incorporate such standards and protocols into such investments.

“(d) CERTIFICATION.—A Gateway may certify a health plan if—

“(1) such health plan meets the requirements of subsection (1); and

“(2) the Gateway determines that making available such health plan through such Gateway is in the interests of qualified individuals and qualified employers in the States or States in which such Gateway operates.

“(e) GUIDANCE.—The Secretary shall develop guidance that may be used by a Gateway to carry out the activities described in subsection (c).

“(f) FLEXIBILITY.—
“(1) Regional or Other Interstate Gateways.—A Gateway may operate in more than one State, provided that each State in which such Gateway operates permits such operation.

“(2) Subsidiary Gateways.—A State may establish one or more subsidiary Gateway, provided that—

“(A) each such Gateway serves a geographically distinct area; and

“(B) the area served by each such Gateway is at least as large as a community rating area described in section 2701.

“(g) Portals to State Gateway.—The Secretary shall establish a mechanism, including an Internet website, through which a resident of any State may identify any Gateway operating in such State.

“(h) Choice.—

“(1) Qualified Individuals.—A qualified individual may enroll in any qualified health plan available to such individual.

“(2) Qualified Employers.—

“(A) Employer May Specify Tier.—A qualified employer may select to provide support for coverage of employees under a qualified
health plan at any tier of cost sharing described in section 3111(a)(1).

“(B) EMPLOYEE MAY CHOOSE PLANS WITHIN A TIER.—Each employee of a qualified employer may choose to enroll in a qualified health plan that offers coverage at the tier of cost sharing selected by an employer described in subparagraph (A).

“(3) SELF-EMPLOYED INDIVIDUALS.—

“(A) DEEMING.—An individual who is self-employed (as defined for purposes of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986) shall be deemed to be a qualified employer unless such individual notifies the applicable Gateway that such individual elects to be considered a qualified individual.

“(B) ELIGIBILITY.—In the case of a self-employed individual making the election described in subparagraph (A)—

“(i) the income of such individual for purposes of section 3111 shall be deemed to be the total business income of such individual; and

“(ii) premium payments made by such individual to a qualified health plan shall
not be treated as employer-provided coverage under section 106(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.

“(i) Payment of Premiums by Qualified Individuals.—A qualified individual enrolled in any qualified health plan may pay any applicable premium owed by such individual to the health insurance issuer issuing such qualified health plan.

“(j) Single Risk Pool.—A health insurance issuer shall consider each enrollee in a qualified health plan to be a member of a single risk pool.

“(k) Empowering Consumer Choice.—

“(1) Continued Operation of Market Outside Gateways.—Nothing in this title shall be construed to prohibit a health insurance issuer from offering a health insurance policy or providing coverage under such policy to a qualified individual where such policy is not a qualified health plan.

“(2) Consumer Choice of Plan.—Nothing in this title shall be construed to prohibit a qualified individual from enrolling in a health insurance plan where such plan is not a qualified health plan.

“(3) Continued Operation of State Benefit Requirements.—Nothing in this title shall be construed to terminate, abridge, or limit the oper-
ation of any requirement under State law with re-
spect to any policy or plan that is not a qualified
health plan to offer benefits required under State
law.

“(l) CRITERIA FOR CERTIFICATION.—The Secretary
shall, by regulation, establish criteria for certification of
health plans as qualified health plans. Such criteria shall
require that, to be certified, a plan—

“(1) not employ marketing practices that have
the effect of discouraging the enrollment in such
plan by individuals with significant health needs;

“(2) employ methods to ensure that insurance
products are simple, comparable, and structured for
ease of consumer choice;

“(3) ensure a wide choice of providers;

“(4) make available to individuals enrolled in,
or seeking to enroll in, such plan a detailed descrip-
tion of—

“(A) benefits offered, including maximums,
limitations (including differential cost-sharing
for out of network services), exclusions and
other benefit limitations;

“(B) the service area;

“(C) required premiums;

“(D) cost-sharing requirements;
“(E) the manner in which enrollees access providers; and

“(F) the grievance and appeals procedures;

“(5) provide coverage for at least the essential health care benefits established under section 3103(h);

“(6)(A) is accredited by the National Committee for Quality Assurance or by any other entity recognized by the Secretary for the accreditation of health insurance issuers or plans; or

“(B) receive such accreditation within a period established by a Gateway for such accreditation that is applicable to all qualified health plans;

“(7) implement a quality improvement strategy described in subsection (m)(1);

“(8) have adequate procedures in place for appeals of coverage determinations; and

“(9) may not establish a benefit design that is likely to substantially discourage enrollment by certain qualified individuals in such plan.

“(m) REWARDING QUALITY THROUGH MARKET-BASED INCENTIVES.—

“(1) STRATEGY DESCRIBED.—A strategy described in this paragraph is a payment structure
that provides increased reimbursement or other incentives for—

“(A) improving health outcomes through activities that shall include quality reporting, effective case management, care coordination, chronic disease management, medication and care compliance initiatives, including through the use of the medical home model defined in section 212 Affordable Health Choices Act, for treatment or services under the plan or coverage;

“(B) prevention of hospital readmissions through a comprehensive program for hospital discharge that includes patient-centered education and counseling, comprehensive discharge planning, and post discharge reinforcement by an appropriate health care professional; and

“(C) the implementation of wellness and health promotion activities.

“(2) GUIDELINES.—The Secretary, in consultation with experts in health care quality and stakeholders, shall develop guidelines concerning the matters described in paragraph (1).

“(3) REQUIREMENTS.—The guidelines developed under paragraph (2) shall require the periodic
reporting to the applicable Gateway of the activities that a qualified health plan has conducted to implement a strategy described in paragraph (1).

“(n) No Interference With State Regulatory Authority.—Nothing in this title shall be construed to preempt any State law regarding market conduct or related consumer protections.

“(o) Quality Improvement.—

“(1) Enhancing Patient Safety.—Beginning on January 1, 2012 a qualified health plan may contract with—

“(A) a hospital with greater than 50 beds only if such hospital—

“(i) utilizes a patient safety evaluation system as described in part C of title IX; and

“(ii) implements a mechanism to ensure that each patient receives a comprehensive program for hospital discharge that includes patient-centered education and counseling, comprehensive discharge planning, and post discharge reinforcement by an appropriate health care professional; or
“(B) a health care provider if such provider implements such mechanisms to improve health care quality as the Secretary may by regulation require.

“(2) EXCEPTIONS.—The Secretary may establish reasonable exceptions to the requirements described in paragraph (1).

“(3) ADJUSTMENT.—The Secretary may by regulation adjust the number of beds described in paragraph (1)(A).

“SEC. 3102. FINANCIAL INTEGRITY.

“(a) ACCOUNTING FOR EXPENDITURES.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—A State shall keep an accurate accounting of all activities, receipts, and expenditures of any Gateway operating in such State and shall annually submit to the Secretary a report concerning such accountings.

“(2) INVESTIGATIONS.—The Secretary may investigate the affairs of a Gateway, may examine the properties and records of a Gateway, and may require periodical reports in relation to activities undertaken by a Gateway. A Gateway shall fully cooperate in any investigation conducted under this paragraph.
“(3) AUDITS.—A Gateway shall be subject to annual audits by the Secretary.

“(4) PATTERN OF ABUSE.—If the Secretary determines that a Gateway or a State has engaged in serious misconduct with respect to compliance with, or carrying out activities required, under this title, the Secretary may rescind from payments otherwise due to such State involved under this or any other Act administered by the Secretary an amount not to exceed 1 percent of such payments per year until corrective actions are taken by the State that are determined to be adequate by the Secretary.

“(5) PROTECTIONS AGAINST FRAUD AND ABUSE.—With respect to activities carried out under this title, the Secretary shall implement any measure or procedure that—

“(A) the Secretary determines is appropriate to reduce fraud and abuse in the administration of this title; and

“(B) the Secretary has authority for under this title or any other Act;

“(b) GAO OVERSIGHT.—Not later than 5 years after the date of enactment of this section, the Comptroller General shall conduct an ongoing study of Gateway activi-
ties and the enrollees in qualified health plans offered through Gateways. Such study shall review—

“(1) the operations and administration of Gateways, including surveys and reports of qualified health plans offered through Gateways and on the experience of such plans (including data on enrollees in Gateways and individuals purchasing health insurance coverage outside of Gateways), the expenses of Gateways, claims statistics relating to qualified health plans, complaints data relating to such plans, and the manner in which Gateways meets their goals;

“(2) any significant observations regarding the utilization and adoption of Gateways; and

“(3) where appropriate, recommendations for improvements in the operations or policies of Gateways.

“SEC. 3103. SEEKING THE BEST MEDICAL ADVICE.

“(a) SEEKING THE BEST MEDICAL ADVICE.—The Secretary, in consultation with medical experts at the National Institutes of Health, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and other centers of excellence, shall—

“(1) establish a council to be known as the ‘Medical Advisory Council’ (referred to in this sec-
tion as the ‘Council’) to make recommendations to
the Secretary on the matters described in sub-
sections (h) and (i); or

“(2) contract with the Institute of Medicine of
the National Academies of Science to establish the
Council described in paragraph (1).

“(b) COMPOSITION.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—The Council shall be com-
posed of members with appropriate expertise in
order to carry out subsections (h) and (i).

“(2) TERMS.—Each member appointed to the
Council shall serve for a term of 3 years, except that
an individual appointed to fill a vacancy on the
Council shall serve for the unexpired term of the va-
cancy for which such individual is appointed. A
member may be reappointed to the Council.

“(3) APPOINTMENT.—The members of the
Council shall be appointed by the Secretary.

“(c) ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS.—

“(1) QUORUM.—A majority of the members of
the Council shall constitute a quorum for purposes
of conducting business, and the affirmative vote of
a majority of members shall be necessary and suffi-
cient for any action taken. No vacancy in the mem-
bership of the Council shall impair the right of a
quorum to exercise all the rights and duties of the
Council.

“(2) COMPENSATION AND EXPENSES.—Members
of the Council shall serve without compensation,
except that while serving away from home and the
member’s regular place of business, such a member
may be allowed travel expenses, as authorized by the
Chairperson of the Council.

“(3) STAFF, ETC.—The Council shall have the
authority to employ such staff as may be necessary
to carry out its duties under this section.

“(4) DETAIL OF FEDERAL GOVERNMENT EM-
PLOYEES.—An employee of the Federal Government
may be detailed to the Council without reimburse-
ment. The detail of the employee shall be without
interruption or loss of civil service status or privi-
le ge.

“(5) HEARINGS.—The Council may hold such
hearings, sit and act at such times and places, take
such testimony, and receive such evidence as the
Council considers advisable to carry out this title.

“(d) SUBMISSION OF REPORTS.—Not later than 180
days after the date of enactment of this title, and annually
thereafter, the Council shall submit to the Secretary a re-
port containing the recommendations described in sub-
section (a).

“(e) REVIEW OF REPORTS BY SECRETARY.—

“(1) SCIENTIFIC AND MEDICAL VALIDITY.—Not
later than 30 days after receiving a report under
subsection (d), the Secretary, in consultation with
medical experts at the National Institutes of Health,
the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and
other centers of excellence, shall review such report
for scientific and medical validity.

“(2) REVISION REQUESTED.—If the Secretary
determines that any recommendation contained in a
report received under subsection (d) is not scientif-
ically or medically valid, the Secretary may request
revisions to such report.

“(3) REVISED REPORT.—Not later than 30
days after the receipt of a request for revisions from
the Secretary, as described in paragraph (2), the
Council shall submit a report which may contain
modifications to the recommendations made by the
Council in response to such request.

“(f) SUBMISSION OF REPORT TO CONGRESS.—Not
later than 30 days after receipt of a report as described
in subsection (e)(1)(B) or subsection (e)(3), the Secretary
shall formally submit such report to—
“(1) the Committee on Education and Labor, the Committee on Energy and Commerce, and the Committee on Ways and Means of the House Representatives; and

“(2) the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions and the Committee on Finance of the Senate.

“(g) CONGRESSIONAL REVIEW.—

“(1) RESOLUTION OF DISAPPROVAL.—For plan years beginning in the year described in paragraph (3), the recommendations contained in a report submitted under subsection (f) shall be considered to be applicable unless, within 90 calendar days after the date on which Congress receives such report, there is enacted into law a joint resolution disapproving such report in its entirety.

“(2) CONTENTS.—For the purpose of this section, the term ‘joint resolution’ means only a joint resolution—

“(A) that is introduced not later than 45 calendar days after the date on which the report referred to in subsection (f) are received by Congress;

“(B) which does not have a preamble;
“(C) the title of which is as follows: [insert title language (Joint resolution relating to the disapproval of ______)]; and

“(D) the matter after the resolving clause of which is as follows: ‘That Congress disapproves the recommendations submitted by the _____________’.

“(3) YEAR DESCRIBED.—

“(A) TRANSMISSION BEFORE JUNE 30.—If a report is submitted to Congress under subsection (f) not later than June 30, then the year described in this paragraph is the year following the year in which the report is submitted.

“(B) TRANSMISSION AFTER JUNE 30.—If the report is submitted to Congress under subsection (f) after June 30, then the year described in this paragraph is the second year following the year in which the report is transmitted.

“(4) EFFECT OF DISAPPROVAL.—

“(A) GENERAL RULE.—If Congress disapproves a report submitted under subsection (f), then the recommendations contained in the
most previous report that was not disapproved under this subsection shall continue to apply.

“(B) Disapproval of Initial Report.—
If Congress disapproves the initial report submitted under subsection (f) in accordance with this subsection, the Council shall issue a revised report (and this section shall apply to such report).

“(h) Elements of Report.—
“(1) In general.—The report of the Council described in subsection (d) shall contain recommendations on at least the following:

“(A) Subject to paragraph (2), the essential health care benefits eligible for credits under section 3111, where such benefits shall include at least the following general categories:

“(i) Ambulatory patient services.
“(ii) Emergency services.
“(iii) Hospitalization.
“(iv) Maternity and newborn care.
“(v) Mental health and substance abuse services.
“(vi) Prescription drugs.
“(vii) Rehabilitative, habilitative, and laboratory services.
“(viii) Preventive and wellness services.

“(ix) Pediatric services, including oral and vision care as determined appropriate by the Council.

“(B) The criteria that coverage must meet to be considered minimum qualifying coverage.

“(C) The conditions under which coverage shall be considered affordable and available coverage for individuals and families at different income levels.

“(2) LIMITATION.—

“(A) IN GENERAL.—In establishing the essential health care benefits described in paragraph (1)(A), the Council shall ensure that the actuarial gross value of the benefits is equal to the actuarial gross value of the benefits provided under a typical employer plan, as determined by the Secretary.

“(B) EFFECT OF ADDITIONAL SERVICES.—The inclusion in the essential health care benefits described in paragraph (1) of items and services described in clauses (i) through (x) of paragraph (1)(A), or not described in such
paragraphs, shall not affect the limitation des-

cribed in subparagraph (A).

“(i) **REQUIRED ELEMENTS FOR CONSIDERATION.**—

“(1) **ESSENTIAL HEALTH CARE BENEFITS.**—In

issuing recommendations on the matter described in
subsection (h)(1), the Council shall—

“(A) ensure that recommendations on the

matter described in subsection (h)(1) reflect an

appropriate balance among the categories de-

scribed in such subsection, so that benefits are

not unduly weighted toward any category; and

“(B) take into account the health care

needs of diverse segments of the population, in-
cluding women, children, persons with disabil-
ities, and other groups.

“(2) **MINIMUM QUALIFYING COVERAGE.**—In

considering the matter described in subsection

(h)(2), the Council—

“(A) shall—

“(i) exclude from meeting such cri-

teria any coverage that—

“(I) provides reimbursement for

the treatment or mitigation of—

“(aa) a single disease or

condition; or
“(bb) an unreasonably limited set of diseases or conditions; or
“(II) has an out of pocket limit that exceeds the amount described in section 223 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 for the year involved; and
“(ii) establish such criteria (taking into account the requirements established under clause (i)) in a manner that results in the least practicable disruption of the health care marketplace, consistent with the goals and activities under this title; and
“(B) may provide for the application of different criteria with respect to young adults.

“SEC. 3104. ALLOWING STATE FLEXIBILITY.
“(a) OPTIONAL STATE ESTABLISHMENT OF GATEWAY.—During the 4-year period following the date of enactment of this section, a State may—
“(1)(A) establish a Gateway (as defined for purposes of section 3101);
“(B) adopt the insurance reform provisions as provided for in title I of the Affordable Health
Choices Act (and the amendments made by such title); and

“(C) agree to make employers who are State or local governments subject to sections 162 and 164 of the Affordable Health Choices Act.

“(2)(A) request that the Secretary operate (for a minimum period of 5 years) a Gateway in such State;

“(B) adopt the insurance reform provisions as provided for in subtitle A of title I of the Affordable Health Choices Act (and the amendments made by such subtitle); and

“(C) agree to make employers who are State or local governments subject to sections 162 and 164 of the Affordable Health Choices Act; or

“(3) elect not to take the actions described in paragraph (1) or (2).

“(b) ESTABLISHING STATES.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—If the Secretary determines that a State has taken the actions described in subsection (a)(1), any resident of that State who is an eligible individual shall be eligible for credits under section 3111 beginning on the date that is 60 days after the date of such determination.
“(2) CONTINUED REVIEW.—The Secretary shall establish procedures to ensure continued review by the Secretary of the compliance of a State with the requirements of subsection (a). If the Secretary determines that a State has failed to maintain compliance with such requirements, the Secretary may revoke the determination under subparagraph (A).

“(3) DEEMING.—A State that is the subject of a positive determination by the Secretary under paragraph (1) (unless such determination is revoked under paragraph (2)) shall be deemed to be an ‘establishing State’ beginning on the date that is 60 days after the date of such determination.

“(c) REQUEST FOR THE SECRETARY TO ESTABLISH A GATEWAY.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—In the case of a State that makes the request described in subsection (a)(2), the Secretary shall determine whether the State has enacted and has in effect the insurance reforms provided for in subtitle A of title I of the Affordable Health Choices Act.

“(2) OPERATION OF GATEWAY.—

“(A) POSITIVE DETERMINATION.—If the Secretary determines that the State has enacted and has in effect the insurance reforms de-
scribed in paragraph (1), the Secretary shall establish a Gateway in such State as soon as practicable after making such determination.

“(B) NEGATIVE DETERMINATION.—If the Secretary determines that the State has not enacted or does not have in effect the insurance reforms described in paragraph (1), the Secretary shall establish a Gateway in such State as soon as practicable after the Secretary determines that such State has enacted such reforms.

“(3) PARTICIPATING STATE.—The State shall be deemed to be a ‘participating State’ on the date on which the Gateway established by the Secretary is in effect in such State.

“(4) ELIGIBILITY.—Any resident of a State described in paragraph (3) who is an eligible individual shall be eligible for credits under section 3111 beginning on the date that is 60 days after the date on which such Gateway is established in such State.

“(d) FEDERAL FALLBACK IN THE CASE OF STATES THAT REFUSE TO IMPROVE HEALTH CARE COVERAGE.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—Upon the expiration of the 4-year period following the date of enactment of this
section, in the case of a State that is not otherwise a participating State or an establishing State—

“(A) the Secretary shall establish and operate a Gateway in such State;

“(B) the insurance reform provisions provided for in subtitle A of title I of the Affordable Health Choices Act shall become effective in such State, notwithstanding any contrary provision of State law;

“(C) the State shall be deemed to be a ‘participating State’; and

“(D) the residents of that State who are eligible individuals shall be eligible for credits under section 3111 beginning on the date that is 60 days after the date on which such Gateway is established, if the State agrees to make employers who are State or local governments subject to sections 162 and 164 of the Affordable Health Choices Act.

“(2) Eligibility of individuals for credits.—With respect to a State that makes the election described in subsection (a)(3), the residents of such State shall not be eligible for credits under section 3111 until such State becomes a participating State under paragraph (1).
“SEC. 3105. NAVIGATORS.

“(a) In General.—The Secretary shall award grants to establishing States to enable the Gateway or Gateways in such States to enter into agreements with private and public entities under which such entities will serve as navigators in accordance with this section.

“(b) Eligibility.—

“(1) In General.—To be eligible to enter into an agreement under subsection (a), an entity shall demonstrate that the entity has existing relationships with, or could readily establish relationships with, employers and employees, and self-employed individuals, likely to be eligible to participate in the program under this title.

“(2) Types.—Entities described in paragraph (1) may include trade, industry and professional associations, commercial fishing industry organizations, ranching and farming organizations, chambers of commerce, unions, small business development centers, and other entities that the Secretary determines to be capable of carrying out the duties described in subsection (c).

“(c) Duties.—An entity that serves as a navigator under an agreement under subsection (a) shall—

“(1) conduct public education activities to raise awareness of the program under this title;
“(2) distribute fair and impartial information concerning enrollment in an the availability of credits for qualified health plans;

“(3) assist with enrollment in a qualified health plan; and

“(4) provide information in a manner determined by the Secretary to be culturally and linguistically appropriate to the needs of the population served by the Gateway.

“(d) STANDARDS.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall establish standards for navigators under this section, including provisions to avoid conflicts of interest. Under such standards, a navigator may not——

“(A) be a health insurance issuer; or

“(B) receive any consideration directly or indirectly from any health insurance issuer in connection with the participation of any employer in the program under this title or the enrollment of any eligible employee in health insurance coverage under this title.

“(2) FAIR AND IMPARTIAL INFORMATION AND SERVICES.—The Secretary, in collaboration with States, shall develop guidelines regarding the duties described in subsection (c).”.
(c) **Medicaid State Plan Amendment.**—

(1) **In General.**—Section 1902(a) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1396a(a)) is amended—

(A) in paragraph (72), by striking “and” after the semicolon;

(B) in paragraph (73), by striking the period at the end and inserting “; and”; and

(C) by inserting after paragraph (73), the following:

“(74) that, in the case of an individual who applies for medical assistance under the State plan or for child health assistance or other health benefits coverage under a State child health plan under title XXI, and who is determined to not be eligible for assistance under either such plan, the State shall establish procedures for—

“(A) advising the individual of their options for coverage under a qualified health plan (as defined in section 3116 of the Public Health Service Act);”

“(B) determining, in accordance with criteria established under section 3111(d) of the Public Health Service Act, whether the individual is an eligible individual (as such term is
defined in section 3116 of such Act) and if so, the amount of such credits; and

“(C) submitting to a qualified health plan selected by the individual the information necessary for the plan to enroll the individual.”.

(2) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this subsection take effect on the date that is 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act.

Subtitle C—Affordable Coverage for All Americans

SEC. 151. SUPPORT FOR AFFORDABLE HEALTH COVERAGE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Title XXXI of the Public Health Service Act, as added by section 142(a), is amended by inserting after subtitle A the following:

“Subtitle B—Making Coverage Affordable

SEC. 3111. SUPPORT FOR AFFORDABLE HEALTH COVERAGE.

“(a) COST SHARING FOR A BASIC PLAN.—

“(1) BASIC PLAN.—The Secretary shall establish at least the following tiers of cost sharing for eligible individuals:

“(A) A tier for a basic plan in which—

“(i) subject to the variation permitted under paragraph (2), a qualified health
plan shall provide coverage for not less than 76 percent of the total allowed costs of the benefit provided; and

“(ii) subject to the variation permitted under paragraph (2), the out of pocket limitation for the plan shall not be greater than the out of pocket limitation applicable under section 223(d)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.

“(B) A tier in which—

“(i) the cost sharing percentage is equal to the cost sharing percentage of the basic plan increased by 8 percentage points; and

“(ii) the dollar value of the out of pocket limitation is 50 percent of the dollar value of the out of pocket limitation of the basic plan.

“(C) A tier in which—

“(i) the cost sharing percentage is equal to the cost sharing percentage of the basic plan increased by 17 percentage points; and

“(ii) the dollar value of the out of pocket limitation that is 15 percent of the
dollar value of the out of pocket limitation
of the basic plan.

“(2) Allowing variability to account for
costs.—The Secretary may increase or decrease—

“(A) the cost sharing percentage specified
in subparagraphs (A)(i), (B)(i), or (C)(i) of
paragraph (1) by not more than 2 percentage
points; or

“(B) the dollar value of the out of pocket
limitation specified in subparagraphs (A)(ii),
(B)(ii), or (C)(ii) of paragraph (1) by not more
than 5 percent of the applicable dollar value.

“(3) Redeterminations.—The Secretary
may, not more frequently than once each year and
in accordance with paragraph (2), redetermine the
cost sharing percentage or the out of pocket limitation under paragraph (1).

“(4) Out of Pocket.—For purposes of this
section, the term ‘out of pocket’ shall include all ex-
penditures for covered benefits (as provided for with
respect to high deductible health plans under section
223(d)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986).

“(b) Payment of Credits.—

“(1) In general.—The Secretary shall, with
respect to an eligible individual (as defined in sub-
section (i)) and on behalf of such individual, pay a
premium credit to the Gateway through which the
individual is enrolled in the qualified health plan in-
volved. Such Gateway shall remit an amount equal
to such credit to the qualified health plan in which
such individual is enrolled.

“(2) AMOUNT.—

“(A) IN GENERAL.—Subject to the index-
ing provision described in paragraph (6), and
the limitation described in paragraph (4), the
amount of a credit with respect to an eligible
individual under subparagraph (A) shall be an
amount determined by the Secretary so that the
eligible individual involved is not required to
pay in the case of an individual with a modified
adjusted gross income that does not exceed 500
percent of the poverty line for a family of the
size involved, an amount that exceeds 10 per-
cent of such individual’s income.

“(B) REDUCTIONS BASED ON INCOME.—
The amount that an eligible individual is re-
quired to pay under subparagraph (A) shall be
ratably reduced to 1 percent of income in the
case of an eligible individual with a modified
adjusted gross income that does not exceed 150
percent of the poverty line for a family of the size involved.

“(3) Simplified Schedule.—The Secretary may establish a schedule of premium credits under this subsection in dollar amounts to simplify the administration of this section so long as any such schedule does not significantly change the value of the premium credits described in paragraph (2).

“(4) Limitation of Credits.—

“(A) In general.—A credit under paragraph (1) may not exceed the amount of the reference premium for the individual involved.

“(B) Reference Premium.—In this section, the term ‘reference premium’ means—

“(i) with respect to an individual enrolling in coverage whose income does not exceed 200 percent of the poverty line for a family of the size involved, the weighted average annual premium of the 3 lowest cost qualified health plans that—

“(I) meet the criteria for cost sharing and out of pocket limits described in subsection (a)(1)(C); and
“(II) are offered in the community rating area in which the individual resides;

“(ii) with respect to an individual enrolling in coverage whose income exceeds 200, but does not exceed 300, percent of the poverty line for a family of the size involved, the weighted average annual premium of the 3 lowest cost qualified health plans that—

“(I) meet the criteria for cost sharing and out of pocket limits described in subsection (a)(1)(A); and

“(II) are offered in the community rating area in which the individual resides; and

“(iii) with respect to an individual enrolling in coverage whose income exceeds 300, but does not exceed 500, percent of the poverty line for a family of the size involved, the weighted average annual premium of the 3 lowest cost qualified health plans that—
“(I) meet the criteria for cost sharing and out of pocket limits described in subsection (a)(1)(A); and
“(II) are offered in the community rating area in which the individual resides.

“(C) INDIVIDUALS ALLOWED TO ENROLL IN ANY PLAN.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit a qualified individual from enrolling in any qualified health plan.

“(5) METHOD OF CALCULATION.—

“(A) CALCULATION OF SUBSIDY BASED ON ESSENTIAL HEALTH CARE BENEFITS.—In the case of a qualified health plan that provides reimbursement for items or services that are not described in an applicable recommendation by the Medical Advisory Council under section 3103(h)(1), the reference premium shall be determined for purposes of paragraph (2) without regard to such reimbursement.

“(B) RISK ADJUSTMENT.—The reference premium shall be determined for a standard population.

“(C) RULE IN CASE OF FEWER PLANS.—In any case in which there are less than 3
qualified health plans offered in the community rating area in which the individual resides, the determinations made under paragraph (2) shall be based on the number of such qualified plans that are actually offered in the area.

“(6) INDEXING.—The percentages described in paragraph (1) that specify the portion of the reference premium that an individual or family is responsible for paying shall be annually adjusted based on the percentage increase or decrease in the medical care component of the Consumer Price Index for all urban consumers (U.S. city average) during the preceding fiscal year.

“(c) STATE FLEXIBILITY.—A State may make payments to or on behalf of an eligible individual that—

“(1) are greater than the amounts required under this section; or

“(2) are intended to defray the costs of items or services not described in an applicable recommendation by the Medical Advisory Council under section 3103(h); or

“(d) ELIGIBILITY DETERMINATIONS.—

“(1) Rule for eligibility determinations.—The Secretary shall, by regulation, establish rules and procedures for—
“(A) the submission of applications for payments under this section, including the electronic submission and documents necessary for application and auto enrollment through the process described at section 3111(d);

“(B) making determinations with respect to the eligibility of individuals submitting applications under subparagraph (A) for payments under this section and informing individuals of such determinations;

“(C) resolving appeals of such determinations;

“(D) redetermining eligibility on a periodic basis; and

“(E) making payments under this section.

“(2) CALCULATION OF ELIGIBILITY.—For purposes of paragraph (1), the Secretary shall establish rules that permit eligibility to be calculated based on—

“(A) the applicant’s income for the previous tax year; or

“(B) in the case of an individual who is seeking payment under this section based on claiming a significant decrease in income—
“(i) the applicant’s income for the most recent period otherwise practicable; or

“(ii) the applicant’s declaration of estimated annual income for the year involved.

“(3) Determining Eligibility.—

“(A) Authority of the Secretary.—

The Secretary shall have the authority to make determinations (including redeterminations) with respect to the eligibility of individuals submitting applications for credits under this section.

“(B) Delegation of Authority.—Except under the conditions described in subparagraph (D), the Secretary shall delegate to a Gateway (and, upon request from such State or States, to the State or States in which such Gateway operates) the authority to carry out the activities described in subparagraph (A).

“(C) Requirement for Consistency.—A Gateway (and, as applicable, the State or States in which such Gateway operates) shall carry out the activities described in subparagraph (B) in a manner that is consistent with
the regulations promulgated under paragraph (1).

“(D) REVOCATION OF AUTHORITY.—If the Secretary determines that a Gateway (or the State or States in which such Gateway operates) is carrying out the activities described in subparagraph (A) in a manner that is substantially inconsistent with the regulations promulgated under paragraph (1), the Secretary may, after notice and opportunity for a hearing, revoke the delegation of authority under subparagraph (A). If the Secretary revokes the delegation of authority, the references to a Gateway in subparagraph (E) and (F) shall be deemed to be references to the Secretary.

“(E) REQUIREMENT TO REPORT CHANGE IN STATUS.—

“(i) IN GENERAL.—An individual that has been determined to be eligible for subsidies shall notify the Gateway of any changes that may affect such eligibility in a manner specified by the Secretary.

“(ii) REDETERMINATION.—If the Gateway receives a notice from an individual under clause (i), the Gateway shall
promptly redetermine the individual’s eligibility for payments.

“(F) TERMINATION OF PAYMENTS.—The Gateway shall terminate payments for an individual (after providing notice to the individual) if—

“(i) the individual fails to provide information for purposes of subparagraph (E)(i) on a timely basis; or

“(ii) the Gateway determines that the individual is no longer eligible for such payments.

“(4) APPLICATION.—

“(A) METHODS.—The process established under paragraph (1)(A) shall permit applications in person, by mail, telephone, and the Internet.

“(B) FORM AND CONTENTS.—An application under paragraph (1)(A) shall be in such form and manner as specified by the Secretary, and may require documentation.

“(C) SUBMISSION.—An application under paragraph (1)(A) may be submitted to the Gateway, or to a State agency for a determination under this section.
“(D) ASSISTANCE.—A Gateway, or a State agency under this section, shall assist individuals in the filing of applications under paragraph (1)(A).

“(5) RECONCILIATION.—

“(A) FILING OF STATEMENT.—In the case of an individual who has received payments under this section for a year and who is claiming a significant decrease (as determined by the Secretary) in income from such year, such individual shall file with the Secretary an income reconciliation statement, at such time, in such manner, and containing such information as the Secretary may require.

“(B) RECONCILIATION.—

“(i) IN GENERAL.—Based on and using the income reported in the statement filed by an individual under subparagraph (A), the Secretary shall compute the amount of payments that should have been provided to the individual for the year involved.

“(ii) OVERPAYMENT OF PAYMENTS.—

If the amount of payments provided to an individual for a year under this section was
significantly greater (as determined by the Secretary) than the amount computed under clause (i), the individual shall be liable to the Secretary for such excess amount. The Secretary may establish methods under which such liability may be assessed through a reduction in the amount of any credit otherwise applicable under section 3111 with respect to such individual.

“(iii) UNDERPAYMENT OF PAYMENTS.—If the amount of payments provided to an individual for a year under this section was less than the amount computed under clause (i), the Secretary shall pay to the individual the amount of such deficit. The Secretary may establish methods under which such payments may be provided through an increase in the amount of any credit otherwise applicable under section 3111 with respect to such individual.

“(C) FAILURE TO FILE.—In the case of an individual who fails to file a statement for a year as required under subparagraph (A), the individual shall not be eligible for further pay-
ments until such statement is filed. The Secretary shall waive the application of this sub-
paragraph if the individual establishes, to the satisfaction of the Secretary, good cause for the failure to file the statement on a timely basis.

“(6) OUTREACH.—The Gateway shall conduct outreach activities to provide information to individuals that may potentially be eligible for payments under this section. Such activities shall include information on the application process with respect to such payments.

“(e) STATE DETERMINATIONS.—As a condition of its State plan under title XIX of the Social Security Act, and the receipt of any Federal financial assistance under section 1903(a) of such Act, a State shall assist in making eligibility determinations under this title in accordance with this section.

“(f) EXCLUSION FROM INCOME.—Amounts received by an individual under this section shall not be considered income for purposes of making eligibility determinations based on income or assets with respect to any other Federal program.

“(g) CONFLICT.—A Gateway may not establish rules that conflict with or prevent the application of regulations promulgated by the Secretary under this title.
“(h) NO FEDERAL FUNDING.—Nothing in this Act shall allow Federal payments for individuals who are not lawfully present in the United States.

“(i) APPROPRIATION.—Out of any funds in the Treasury of the United States not otherwise appropriated, there are appropriated such sums as may be necessary to carry out this section for each fiscal year.

“SEC. 3112. SMALL BUSINESS HEALTH OPTIONS PROGRAM CREDIT.

“(a) CALCULATION OF CREDIT.—For each calendar year beginning in calendar year 2010, in the case of an employer that is a qualified small employer, the Secretary shall make a payment in the amount described in subsection (b).

“(b) GENERAL CREDIT AMOUNT.—For purposes of this section:

“(1) IN GENERAL.—The credit amount described in this subsection shall be the product of—

“(A) the applicable amount specified in paragraph (2);

“(B) the employer size factor specified in paragraph (3); and

“(C) the percentage of year factor specified in paragraph (4).
“(2) Applicable amount.—For purposes of paragraph (1):

“(A) In general.—The applicable amount shall be equal to—

“(i) $1,000 for each employee of the employer who receives self-only health insurance coverage through the employer;

“(ii) $2,000 for each employee of the employer who receives family health insurance coverage through the employer; and

“(iii) $1,500 for each employee of the employer who receives health insurance coverage for two adults or one adult and one or more children through the employer.

“(B) Bonus for payment of greater percentage of premiums.—The applicable amount specified in subparagraph (A) shall be increased by $200 in the case of subparagraph (A)(i), $400 in the case of subparagraph (A)(ii), and $300 in the case of subparagraph (A)(iii), for each additional 10 percent of the qualified employee health insurance expenses exceeding 60 percent which are paid by the qualified small employer.
“(3) Employer size factor.—For purposes of paragraph (1), the employer size factor shall be the percentage determined in accordance with the following:

“(A) With respect to an employer with more than 10, but not more than 20, full-time employees, the percentage shall be 80 percent.

“(B) With respect to an employer with more than 20, but not more than 30, full-time employees, the percentage shall be 50 percent.

“(C) With respect to an employer with more than 30, but not more than 40, full-time employees, the percentage shall be 40 percent.

“(D) With respect to an employer with more than 40, but not more than 50, full-time employees, the percentage shall be 20 percent.

“(E) With respect to an employer with more than 50 full-time employees, the percentage shall be 0 percent.

“(4) Percentage of year factor.—For purposes of paragraph (1), the percentage of year factor shall be equal to the ratio of—

“(A) the number of months during the taxable year for which the employer paid or in-
curred qualified employee health insurance ex-

enses; and

“(B) 12.

“(c) Definitions and Special Rules.—For pur-

poses of this section:

“(1) Qualified Small Employer.—

“(A) In general.—The term ‘qualified

small employer’ means an employer (as defined

in section 3001(a)(4) of the Public Health

Service Act) that—

“(i) purchases health insurance cov-

erage for its employees in a small group

market in a State that meets the require-

ments of subparagraph (B) for the year in-

volved;

“(ii) pays or incurs at least 60 per-

cent of the qualified employee health insur-

ance expenses of such employer, or who is

self-employed; and

“(iii) was—

“(I) an employer that—

“(aa) employed an average

of 50 or fewer full-time employ-

ees during the preceding taxable

year; and
“(bb) had an average wage of less than $50,000 for full time employees in the preceding taxable year; or

“(II) a self-employed individual that had—

“(aa) not less than $5,000 in net earnings or not less than $15,000 in gross earnings from self-employment in the preceding taxable year; and

“(bb) not greater than $50,000 in net earnings or not greater than $150,000 in gross earnings from self-employment in the preceding taxable year.

“(B) LIMITATION.—An employer may not receive a credit under this section for more than three consecutive years.

“(2) QUALIFIED EMPLOYEE HEALTH INSURANCE EXPENSES.—

“(A) IN GENERAL.—The term ‘qualified employee health insurance expenses’ means any amount paid by an employer or an employee of such employer for health insurance coverage
under this Act to the extent such amount is for coverage—

“(i) provided to any employee (as defined in subsection 3001(a)(3) of such Act), or

“(ii) for the employer, in the case of a self-employed individual.

“(B) Exception for amounts paid under salary reduction arrangements.—No amount paid or incurred for health insurance coverage pursuant to a salary reduction arrangement shall be taken into account for purposes of subparagraph (A).

“(3) Full-time employee.—The term ‘full time employee’ means, with respect to any period, an employee (as defined in section 3001(a)(3)) of an employer if the average number of hours worked by such employee in the preceding taxable year for such employer was at least 35 hours per week.

“(d) Inflation adjustment.—

“(1) In general.—For each calendar year after 2009, the dollar amounts specified in subsections (b)(2)(A), (b)(2)(B), and (c)(1)(A)(iii) (after the application of this paragraph) shall be the
amounts in effect in the preceding calendar year or,
if greater, the product of—

“(A) the corresponding dollar amount
specified in such subsection; and

“(B) the ratio of the index of wage inflation (as determined by the Bureau of Labor
Statistics) for August of the preceding calendar
year to such index of wage inflation for August
of 2008.

“(2) ROUNDING.—If any amount determined
under paragraph (1) is not a multiple of $100, such
amount shall be rounded to the next lowest multiple
of $100.

“(e) APPLICATION OF CERTAIN RULES IN DETER-
MINATION OF EMPLOYER SIZE.—For purposes of this sec-
tion:

“(1) APPLICATION OF AGGREGATION RULE FOR
EMPLOYERS.—All persons treated as a single em-
ployer under subsection (b), (c), (m), or (o) of sec-
tion 414 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 shall
be treated as 1 employer.

“(2) EMPLOYERS NOT IN EXISTENCE IN PRE-
CEDING YEAR.—In the case of an employer which
was not in existence for the full preceding taxable
year, the determination of whether such employer
meets the requirements of this section shall be based on the average number of full-time employees that it is reasonably expected such employer will employ on business days in the employer’s first full taxable year.

“(3) Predecessors.—Any reference in this subsection to an employer shall include a reference to any predecessor of such employer.”.

(b) Disclosure of Information to Provide Premium Payments.—

(1) In general.—Subsection (l) of section 6103 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(21) Voluntary Authorization for Income Verification.—

“(A) Voluntary Authorization.—The Secretary shall provide a mechanism for each taxpayer to indicate whether such taxpayer authorizes the Secretary to disclose to the Secretary of Health and Human Services (or, pursuant to a delegation described in subsection (d)(4)(B), to a State or a Gateway (as defined in section 3101 of the Public Health Service Act) return information of a taxpayer who may
be eligible for credits under section 3111 of the Public Health Service Act.

“(B) PROVISION OF INFORMATION.—If a taxpayer authorizes the disclosure described in subparagraph (A), the Secretary shall disclose to the Secretary of Health and Human Services (or, pursuant to a delegation described in subsection (d)(4)(B), to a State or a Gateway) the minimum necessary amount of information necessary to establish whether such individual is eligible for credits under section 3111 of the Public Health Service Act.

“(C) RESTRICTION ON USE OF DISCLOSED INFORMATION.—Return information disclosed under subparagraph (A) may be used by the Secretary (or, pursuant to a delegation described in subsection (d)(4)(B), a State or a Gateway) only for the purposes of, and to the extent necessary in, establishing the appropriate amount of any payments under section 3111 of the Public Health Service Act.”.

(2) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—

(A) Paragraph (3) of section 6103(a) of such Code is amended by striking “or (20)” and inserting “(20), or (21)”.
(B) Paragraph (4) of section 6103(p) of such Code is amended by striking “(l)(10), (16), (18), (19), or (20)” each place it appears and inserting “(l)(10), (16), (18), (19), (20), or (21)”.

(C) Paragraph (2) of section 7213(a) of such Code is amended by striking “or (20)” and inserting “(20), or (21)”.

SEC. 152. NON-DISCRIMINATION IN HEALTH CARE.

[Policy under discussion]

Subtitle D—Shared Responsibility for Health Care

SEC. 161. INDIVIDUAL RESPONSIBILITY.

(a) Payments.—

(1) In general.—Subchapter A of chapter 1 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (relating to determination of tax liability) is amended by adding at the end the following new part:

“PART VIII—SHARED RESPONSIBILITY PAYMENTS

‘Sec. 59B. Shared responsibility payments.

SEC. 59B. SHARED RESPONSIBILITY PAYMENTS.

“(a) Payment.—

“(1) In general.—In the case of any individual who did not have in effect qualifying coverage
(as defined in section 3116 of the Public Health Service Act) for any month during the taxable year, there is hereby imposed for the taxable year, in addition to any other amount imposed by this subtitle, an amount equal to the amount established under paragraph (2).

“(2) AMOUNT ESTABLISHED.—

“(A) REQUIREMENT TO ESTABLISH.—Not later than June 30 of each calendar year, the Secretary, in consultation with the Secretary of Health and Human Services and with the States, shall establish an amount for purposes of paragraph (1).

“(B) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amount established under subparagraph (A) shall be effective with respect to the taxable year following the date on which the amount under subparagraph (A) is established.

“(C) REQUIRED CONSIDERATION.—In establishing the amount under subparagraph (A), the Secretary shall seek to establish the minimum practicable amount that can accomplish the goal of enhancing participation in qualifying coverage (as so defined).
“(b) EXEMPTIONS.—Subsection (a) shall not apply to any individual—

“(1) with respect to any month if such month occurs during any period in which such individual did not have qualifying coverage (as so defined) for a period of less than 90 days,

“(2) who is a resident of a State that is not a participating State or an establishing State (as such terms are defined in section 3104 of the Public Health Service Act),

“(3) who is an enrolled member of a federally recognized Indian tribe (as defined in section 4 of the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act),

“(4) for whom affordable health care coverage is not available (as such terms are defined in an applicable recommendation of the Medical Advisory Council under section 3103 of the Public Health Service Act), or

“(5) for whom a payment under subsection (a) would otherwise represent an exceptional financial hardship, as determined by the Secretary.

“(c) COORDINATION WITH OTHER PROVISIONS.—

“(1) NOT TREATED AS TAX FOR CERTAIN PURPOSES.—The amount imposed by this section shall
not be treated as a tax imposed by this chapter for purposes of determining—

“(A) the amount of any credit allowable under this chapter, or

“(B) the amount of the minimum tax imposed by section 55.

“(2) Treatment under subtitle F.—For purposes of subtitle F, the amount imposed by this section shall be treated as if it were a tax imposed by section 1.

“(3) Section 15 not to apply.—Section 15 shall not apply to the amount imposed by this section.

“(4) Section not to affect liability of possessions, etc.—This section shall not apply for purposes of determining liability to any possession of the United States. For purposes of section 932 and 7654, the amount imposed under this section shall not be treated as a tax imposed by this chapter.

“(d) Regulations.—The Secretary may prescribe such regulations as may be appropriate to carry out the purposes of this section.”.

(2) Clerical amendment.—The table of parts for subchapter A of chapter 1 of such Code is
amended by adding at the end the following new item:

“PART VIII—Shared Responsibility Payments”.

(3) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this section shall apply to taxable years beginning after December 31, 2010.

(b) Reporting of Health Insurance Coverage.—

(1) In General.—Part III of subchapter A of chapter 61 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by inserting after subpart B the following new subpart:

“Subpart D—Information Regarding Health Insurance Coverage

Sec. 6055. Reporting of health insurance coverage.

Sec. 6055. Reporting of health insurance coverage.

"(a) In General.—Every person who provides health insurance that is qualifying coverage shall make a return described in subsection (b).

“(b) Form and Manner of Return.—A return is described in this subsection if such return—

“(1) is in such form as the Secretary prescribes,

“(2) contains—
“(A) the name, address, and taxpayer identification number of each individual who is covered under health insurance that is qualifying coverage provided by such person, and

“(B) the number of months during the calendar year during which each such individual was covered under such health insurance, and

“(3) such other information as the Secretary may prescribe.

“(c) Statements to Be Furnished to Individuals With Respect to Whom Information Is Reported.—

“(1) In general.—Every person required to make a return under subsection (a) shall furnish to each individual whose name is required to be set forth in such return a written statement showing—

“(A) the name, address, and phone number of the information contact of the person required to make such return, and

“(B) the number of months during the calendar year during which such individual was covered under health insurance that is qualifying coverage provided by such person.

“(2) Time for Furnishing Statements.—

The written statement required under paragraph (1)
shall be furnished on or before January 31 of the year following the calendar year for which the return under subsection (a) was required to be made.

“(d) QUALIFYING COVERAGE.—For purposes of this section, the term ‘qualifying coverage’ has the meaning given such term under section 3116 of the Public Health Service Act.”.

(2) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—The table of subparts for part III of subchapter A of chapter 61 of such Code is amended by inserting after the item relating to subpart C the following new item:

“SUBPART D—HEALTH INSURANCE COVERAGE”.

(3) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall apply to taxable years beginning after December 31, 2010.

(e) NOTIFICATION OF NONENROLLMENT.—Not later than June 30 of each year, the Secretary of the Treasury, acting through the Internal Revenue Service and in consultation with the Secretary of Health and Human Services, shall send a notification each individual who files an individual income tax return and who is not enrolled in qualifying coverage (as defined in section 3116 of the Public Health Service Act). Such notification shall contain information on the services available through the Gateway operating in the State in which such individual resides.
SEC. 162. NOTIFICATION ON THE AVAILABILITY OF AFFORDABLE HEALTH CHOICES.

The Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 is amended by inserting after section 18 (29 U.S.C. 218) the following:

"SEC. 18A. NOTICE TO EMPLOYEES.

"In accordance with guidelines prescribed by the Secretary, an employer to which this Act applies, shall provide to each employee at the time of hiring (or with respect to current employee, within 90 days of the date of enactment of this section, written notice informing the employee of the existence of the American Health Benefits Gateway, including a description of the services provided by such Gateway and the manner in which the employee may contact the Gateway to request assistance.”.

SEC. 163. SHARED RESPONSIBILITY OF EMPLOYERS.

Subtitle B of title XXXI of the Public Health Service Act, as amended by section 153, is further amended by adding at the end the following:

"SEC. 3115. SHARED RESPONSIBILITY OF EMPLOYERS.

"[Policy under discussion]

"SEC. 3116. DEFINITIONS.

"(a) IN GENERAL.—In this title:

"(1) PUBLIC HEALTH INSURANCE OPTION.—

[Policy under discussion]"
“(2) ELIGIBLE INDIVIDUAL.—The term ‘eligible individual’ means an individual who is—

“(A) a citizen or national of the United States or an alien lawfully admitted to the United States for permanent residence or an alien lawfully present in the United States;

“(B) a qualified individual;

“(C) enrolled in a qualified health plan; and

“(D) not receiving full benefits coverage under a State child health plan under title XXI of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1397aa et seq.) (or a waiver of such plan).

“(3) QUALIFIED EMPLOYER.—

“(A) IN GENERAL.—The term ‘qualified employer’ means an employer that—

“(i) elects to make all full-time employees of such employer eligible for a qualified health plan; and

“(ii)(I) in the case of an employer that elects to enroll in a qualified health plan made available through a Gateway in an establishing State, meets criteria (including criteria regarding the size of a
qualified employer) established by such State; or

“(II) in the case of an employer that elects to enroll in a qualified health plan made available through a Gateway in a participating State—

“(aa) employs fewer than the number of employees specified in subparagraph (B); and

“(bb) meets criteria established by the Secretary.

“(B) NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES.—

“(i) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary may by regulation establish the number of employees described in subparagraph (A)(ii)(II)(aa).

“(ii) DEFAULT.—If the Secretary does not establish the number described in subparagraph (A)(ii)(II)(aa), such number shall be deemed to be 10.

“(4) QUALIFIED HEALTH PLAN.—The term ‘qualified health plan’ means health plan that—

“(A) has in effect a certification (which may include a seal or other indication of approval) that such plan meets the criteria for
certification described in section 3101(l) issued or recognized by each Gateway through which such plan is offered; and

“(B) is offered by a health insurance issuer that—

“(i) is licensed and in good standing to offer health insurance coverage in each State in which such issuer offers health insurance coverage under this title;

“(ii) agrees to offer at least one qualified health plan in the tier described in section 3111(a)(1)(A) and at least one plan in the tier described in section 3111(a)(1)(B);

“(iii) complies with the regulations developed by the Secretary under section 3101(l) and such other requirements as an applicable Gateway may establish; and

“(iv) agrees to pay any surcharge assessed under section 3101(d)(5).

“(5) QUALIFIED INDIVIDUAL.—

“(A) IN GENERAL.—The term ‘qualified individual’ means an individual who is—
“(i) residing in a participating State or an establishing State (as defined in section 3104);

“(ii) not incarcerated;

“(iii) not entitled to coverage under the Medicare program under part A of title XVIII of the Social Security Act;

“(iv) not enrolled in coverage under the Medicare program under part B of title XVIII of the Social Security Act or under part C of such title; and

“(v) not eligible for coverage under—

“(I) the Medicaid program under a State plan under title XIX of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1396 et seq.), or under a waiver under section 1115 of such Act;

“(II) the TRICARE program under chapter 55 of title 10, United States Code (as defined in section 1072(7) of such title);

“(III) the Federal employees health benefits program under chapter 89 of title 5, United States Code; or
“(IV) employer-sponsored coverage (except as provided under subparagraph (B)).

“(B) EMPLOYEE.—An individual who is eligible for employer-sponsored coverage shall be deemed to be a qualified individual under subparagraph (A) if such coverage—

“(i) does not meet the criteria established under section 3103 for minimum qualifying coverage; or

“(ii) is not affordable (as such term is defined under an applicable recommendation of the Council described in section 3103) for such employee.

“(C) ASSUMED MEDICAID ELIGIBILITY OF INDIVIDUALS AT LESS THAN 150 PERCENT OF POVERTY.—

“(i) ASSUMED ELIGIBILITY.—For purposes of this title, an individual with an adjusted gross income that does not exceed 150 percent of the poverty line for a family of the size involved shall be assumed to be eligible to participate in the medicaid program under title XIX of the Social Security Act.
“(ii) Effect.—An individual described in clause (i) shall not be considered a qualified individual for purposes of this title.

“(6) Qualifying Coverage.—The term ‘qualifying coverage’ means—

“(A) a group health plan or health insurance coverage—

“(i) that an individual is enrolled in on the date of enactment of this title; or

“(ii) that is described in clause (i) and that is renewed by an enrollee;

“(B) a group health plan or health insurance coverage that—

“(i) is not described in subparagraph (A); and

“(ii) meets or exceeds the criteria for minimum qualifying coverage (as defined in subsection (d));

“(C) Medicare coverage under parts A and B of title XVIII of the Social Security Act or under part C of such title;

“(D) Medicaid coverage under a State plan under title XIX of the Social Security Act (or under a waiver under section 1115 of such
Act), other than coverage consisting solely of benefits under section 1928 of such Act;

“(E) coverage under title XXI of the Social Security Act;

“(F) coverage under the TRICARE program under chapter 55 of title 10, United States Code;

“(G) coverage under the veteran’s health care program under chapter 17 of title 38, United States Code, but only if the coverage for the individual involved is determined by the Secretary to be not less than the coverage provided under a qualified health plan, based on the individual’s priority for services as provided under section 1705(a) of such title;

“(H) coverage under the Federal employees health benefits program under chapter 89 of title 5, United States Code;

“(I) a State health benefits high risk pool;

“(J) a health benefit plan under section 2504(e) of title 22, United States Code; or

“(K) coverage under a qualified health plan.

For purposes of this paragraph, individual shall be deemed to have qualifying coverage if such indi-
vidual is an individual described in section 1402(e) and (g) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.

“(b) Incorporation of Additional Definitions.—Unless specifically provided for otherwise, the definitions contained in section 2791 shall apply with respect to this title.”.

Subtitle E—Improving Access to Health Care Services

SEC. 171. SPENDING FOR FEDERALLY QUALIFIED HEALTH CENTERS (FQHCS).

Section 330(r) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 254b(r)) is amended by striking paragraph (1) and inserting the following:

“(1) General Amounts for Grants.—For the purpose of carrying out this section, in addition to the amounts authorized to be appropriated under subsection (d), there is authorized to be appropriated the following:

“(A) For fiscal year 2010, $2,988,821,592.

“(B) For fiscal year 2011, $3,862,107,440.

“(C) For fiscal year 2012, $4,990,553,440.

“(D) For fiscal year 2013, $6,448,713,307.
“(E) For fiscal year 2014, $7,332,924,155.

“(F) For fiscal year 2015, $8,332,924,155.

“(G) For fiscal year 2016, and each subsequent fiscal year, the amount appropriated for the preceding fiscal year adjusted by the product of—

“(i) one plus the average percentage increase in costs incurred per patient served; and

“(ii) one plus the average percentage increase in the total number of patients served.”.

SEC. 172. OTHER PROVISIONS.

(a) SETTINGS FOR SERVICE DELIVERY.—Section 330(a)(1) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 254b(a)(1)) is amended by adding at the end the following: “Required primary health services and additional health services may be provided either at facilities directly operated by the center or at any other inpatient or outpatient settings determined appropriate by the center to meet the needs of its patients.”.
(b) Location of Service Delivery Sites.—Section 330(a) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 254b(a)) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(3) Considerations.—

“(A) Location of Sites.—Subject to subparagraph (B), a center shall not be required to locate its service facility or facilities within a designated medically underserved area in order to serve either the residents of its catchment area or a special medically underserved population comprised of migratory and seasonal agricultural workers, the homeless, or residents of public housing, if that location is determined by the center to be reasonably accessible to and appropriate to meet the needs of the medically underserved residents of the center’s catchment area or the special medically underserved population, in accordance with subparagraphs (A) and (J) of subsection (k)(3).

“(B) Location within Another Center’s Area.—The Secretary may permit applicants for grants under this section to propose the location of a service delivery site within another center’s catchment area if the applicant demonstrates sufficient unmet need in such
area and can otherwise justify the need for additional Federal resources in the catchment area. In determining whether to approve such a proposal, the Secretary shall take into consideration whether collaboration between the two centers exists, or whether the applicant has made reasonable attempts to establish such collaboration, and shall consider any comments timely submitted by the affected center concerning the potential impact of the proposal on the availability or accessibility of services the affected center currently provides or the financial viability of the affected center.”.

(e) AFFILIATION AGREEMENTS.—Section 330(k)(3)(B) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 254b(k)(3)(B)) is amended by inserting before the semicolon the following: “, including contractual arrangements as appropriate, while maintaining full compliance with the requirements of this section, including the requirements of subparagraph (H) concerning the composition and authorities of the center’s governing board, and, except as otherwise provided in clause (ii) of such subparagraph, ensuring full autonomy of the center over policies, direction, and operations related to health care delivery, personnel, finances, and quality assurance”.

(d) **Governance Requirements.**—Section 330(k)(3) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 254b(k)(3)) is amended—

(1) in subparagraph (H)—

(A) in clause (ii), strike “; and” and inserting “, except that in the case of a public center (as defined in the second sentence of this paragraph), the public entity may retain authority to establish financial and personnel policies for the center; and’’;

(B) in clause (iii), by adding “and” at the end; and

(C) by inserting after clause (iii) the following:

“(iv) in the case of a co-applicant with a public entity, meets the requirements of clauses (i) and (ii);”; and

(2) in the second sentence, by inserting before the period the following: “that is governed by a board that satisfies the requirements of subparagraph (H) or that jointly applies (or has applied) for funding with a co-applicant board that meets such requirements”.

(e) **Adjustment in Center’s Operating Plan and Budget.**—Section 330(k)(3)(I)(i) of the Public
Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 254b(k)(3)(I)(i)) is amended by adding before the semicolon the following: “, which may be modified by the center at any time during the fiscal year involved if such modifications do not require additional grant funds, do not compromise the availability or accessibility of services currently provided by the center, and otherwise meet the conditions of subsection (a)(3)(B), except that any such modifications that do not comply with this clause, as determined by the health center, shall be submitted to the Secretary for approval”.

(f) JOINT PURCHASING ARRANGEMENTS FOR REDUCED COST.—Section 330(l) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 254b(l)) is amended—

(1) by striking “The Secretary” and inserting the following:

“(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary”; and

(2) by adding at the end the following:

“(2) ASSISTANCE WITH SUPPLIES AND SERVICES COSTS.—The Secretary, directly or through grants or contracts, may carry out projects to establish and administer arrangements under which the costs of providing the supplies and services needed for the operation of federally qualified health centers are reduced through collaborative efforts of the centers, through making purchases that apply to mul-
triple centers, or through such other methods as the Secretary determines to be appropriate.”.

(g) OPPORTUNITY TO CORRECT MATERIAL FAILURE REGARDING GRANT CONDITIONS.—Section 330(e) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 254b(e)) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(6) OPPORTUNITY TO CORRECT MATERIAL FAILURE REGARDING GRANT CONDITIONS.—If the Secretary finds that a center materially fails to meet any requirement (except for any requirements waived by the Secretary) necessary to qualify for its grant under this subsection, the Secretary shall provide the center with an opportunity to achieve compliance (over a period of up to 1 year from making such finding) before terminating the center’s grant. A center may appeal and obtain an impartial review of any Secretarial determination made with respect to a grant under this subsection, or may appeal and receive a fair hearing on any Secretarial determination involving termination of the center’s grant entitlement, modification of the center’s service area, termination of a medically underserved population designation within the center’s service area, disallowance of any grant expenditures, or a significant reduction in a center’s grant amount.”.
SEC. 173. FUNDING FOR NATIONAL HEALTH SERVICE CORPS.

Section 338H(a) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 254q(a)) is amended to read as follows:

“(a) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—For the purpose of carrying out this section, there is authorized to be appropriated, out of any funds in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, the following:

“(1) For fiscal year 2010, $320,461,632.
“(2) For fiscal year 2011, $414,095,394.
“(3) For fiscal year 2012, $535,087,442.
“(4) For fiscal year 2013, $691,431,432.
“(5) For fiscal year 2014, $893,456,433.
“(6) For fiscal year 2015, $1,154,510,336.
“(7) For fiscal year 2016, and each subsequent fiscal year, the amount appropriated for the preceding fiscal year adjusted by the product of—

“(A) one plus the average percentage increase in the costs of health professions education during the prior fiscal year; and
“(B) one plus the average percentage change in the number of individuals residing in health professions shortage areas designated under section 333 during the prior fiscal year, relative to the number of individuals residing in such areas during the previous fiscal year.”.
SEC. 174. NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING FOR DEVELOPMENT OF METHODOLOGY AND CRITERIA FOR DESIGNATING MEDICALLY UNDERSERVED POPULATIONS AND HEALTH PROFESSIONS SHORTAGE AREAS.

(a) Establishment.—

(1) In general.—The Secretary of Health and Human Services (in this section referred to as the “Secretary”) shall establish, through a negotiated rulemaking process under subchapter 3 of chapter 5 of title 5, United States Code, a comprehensive methodology and criteria for designation of—

(A) medically underserved populations in accordance with section 330(b)(3) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 254b(b)(3));

(B) health professions shortage areas under section 332 of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 254e).

(2) Factors to consider.—In establishing the methodology and criteria under paragraph (1), the Secretary—

(A) shall consult with relevant stakeholders who will be significantly affected by a rule (such as national, State and regional organizations representing affected entities), State health offices, community organizations, health
centers and other affected entities, and other interested parties; and

(B) shall take into account—

(i) the timely availability and appropriateness of data used to determine a designation to potential applicants for such designations;

(ii) the impact of the methodology and criteria on communities of various types and on health centers and other safety net providers;

(iii) the degree of ease or difficulty that will face potential applicants for such designations in securing the necessary data; and

(iv) the extent to which the methodology accurately measures various barriers that confront individuals and population groups in seeking health care services.

(b) PUBLICATION OF NOTICE.—In carrying out the rulemaking process under this subsection, the Secretary shall publish the notice provided for under section 564(a) of title 5, United States Code, by not later than 45 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.
(c) Target Date for Publication of Rule.—As part of the notice under subsection (b), and for purposes of this subsection, the “target date for publication”, as referred to in section 564(a)(5) of title 5, United States Code, shall be July 1, 2010.

(d) Appointment of Negotiated Rulemaking Committee and Facilitator.—The Secretary shall provide for—

(1) the appointment of a negotiated rulemaking committee under section 565(a) of title 5, United States Code, by not later than 30 days after the end of the comment period provided for under section 564(c) of such title; and

(2) the nomination of a facilitator under section 566(c) of such title 5 by not later than 10 days after the date of appointment of the committee.

(e) Preliminary Committee Report.—The negotiated rulemaking committee appointed under subsection (d) shall report to the Secretary, by not later than April 1, 2010, regarding the committee’s progress on achieving a consensus with regard to the rulemaking proceeding and whether such consensus is likely to occur before one month before the target date for publication of the rule. If the committee reports that the committee has failed to make significant progress toward such consensus or is unlikely
to reach such consensus by the target date, the Secretary may terminate such process and provide for the publication of a rule under this section through such other methods as the Secretary may provide.

(f) Final Committee Report.—If the committee is not terminated under subsection (e), the rulemaking committee shall submit a report containing a proposed rule by not later than one month before the target publication date.

(g) Interim Final Effect.—The Secretary shall publish a rule under this section in the Federal Register by not later than the target publication date. Such rule shall be effective and final immediately on an interim basis, but is subject to change and revision after public notice and opportunity for a period (of not less than 90 days) for public comment. In connection with such rule, the Secretary shall specify the process for the timely review and approval of applications for such designations pursuant to such rules and consistent with this section.

(h) Publication of Rule After Public Comment.—The Secretary shall provide for consideration of such comments and republication of such rule by not later than 1 year after the target publication date.
SEC. 175. EQUITY FOR CERTAIN ELIGIBLE SURVIVORS.

(a) Rebuttable Presumption.—Section 411(c)(4) of the Black Lung Benefits Act (30 U.S.C. 921(c)(4)) is amended by striking the last sentence.

(b) Continuation of Benefits.—Section 422(l) of the Black Lung Benefits Act (30 U.S.C. 932(l)) is amended by striking “, except with respect to a claim filed under this part on or after the effective date of the Black Lung Benefits Amendments of 1981”.

(e) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this section shall apply with respect to claims filed under part B or part C of the Black Lung Benefits Act (30 U.S.C. 921 et seq., 931 et seq.) after January 1, 2005, that are pending on or after the date of enactment of this Act.

SEC. 176. REAUTHORIZATION OF EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES FOR CHILDREN PROGRAM.

Section 1910 of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 300w–9) is amended—

(1) in subsection (a), by striking “3-year period (with an optional 4th year)” and inserting “4-year period (with an optional 5th year)”;

(2) in subsection (d)—

(A) by striking “and such sums” and inserting “such sums”; and
Subsidy for Retirees

SEC. 181. REINSURANCE FOR RETIREES.

(a) Administration.—

(1) In general.—Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this section, the Secretary shall establish a temporary reinsurance program to provide reimbursement to eligible employers located in any State that is not a participating State or an establishing State (as described in section 3104) for the cost of providing health insurance coverage to retirees between the ages of 55 and 64 during the period beginning on the date on which such program is established and ending on the date on which such State becomes a participating State or an establishing State.

(2) Reference.—For purposes of this section, the term “employer” shall be deemed to include a collective bargaining organization that is providing the type of health coverage described in paragraph...

(B) by inserting before the period the following: “, $25,000,000 for fiscal year 2010, $26,250,000 for fiscal year 2011, $27,562,500 for fiscal year 2012, $28,940,625 for fiscal year 2013, and $30,387,656 for fiscal year 2014”.

Subtitle F—Making Health Care More Affordable for Retirees
(1) to retirees in a State that is not a participating State or an establishing State (as described in section 3104).

(b) Participation.—

(1) Employer Eligibility.—To be eligible to participate in the program established under this section, an employer (referred to in this section as a “participating employer”) shall—

(A) be an employer that provides appropriate employer-sponsored health insurance coverage (as described in paragraph (2)), including coverage under a Taft-Hartley plan, a multiemployer plan, a self-funded plan, or a voluntary employee benefit association, for individuals who are between the ages of 55 and 64 who are not active employees of the employer (or dependents of active employees) and who not are not eligible for coverage under title XVIII of the Social Security Act; and

(B) submit to the Secretary an application for participation in the program, at such time, in such manner, and containing such information as the Secretary shall require.
(2) APPROPRIATE EMPLOYER-SPONSORED COVERAGE.—Appropriate employer-sponsored health insurance coverage described in this paragraph shall—

(A) meet the requirements established under section 3103(h)(2);

(B) implement programs and procedures to generate cost-savings with respect to enrollees with chronic and high-cost conditions;

(C) provide documentation of the actual cost of medical claims involved; and

(D) be certified as appropriate by the Secretary.

(c) PAYMENTS.—

(1) SUBMISSION OF CLAIMS.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—A participating employer shall submit a claim for reimbursement to the Secretary which shall contain documentation of the actual costs of the items and services for which the claim is being submitted.

(B) BASIS FOR CLAIMS.—Claims submitted under paragraph (1) shall be based on the actual amount expended by the participating employer involved within the plan year for claims by individuals described in subsection (b)(1)(A).

In determining the amount of a claim for pur-
poses of this subsection, the employer shall take
into account any negotiated price concessions
(such as discounts, direct or indirect subsidies,
rebates, and direct or indirect remunerations)
obtained by the employer with respect to the
coverage involved.

(2) PROGRAM PAYMENTS.—If the Secretary de-
determines that a participating employer has sub-
mitted a valid claim under paragraph (1), the Sec-
etary shall reimburse such employer for 80 percent
of that portion of the costs involved in the claim that
exceed $15,000, subject to the limits contained in
paragraph (3).

(3) LIMIT.—To be eligible for reimbursement
under the program, a claim submitted by a partici-
pating employer shall not be less than $15,000 nor
greater than $90,000. Such amounts shall be ad-
justed each fiscal year based on the percentage in-
crease in the Medical Care Component of the Con-
sumer Price Index for all urban consumers (rounded
to the nearest multiple of $1,000) for the year in-
volved.

(4) USE OF PAYMENTS.—Amounts paid to a
participating employer under this subsection shall be
used to lower premium costs for enrollees in health
insurance coverage provided by the employer. Such payments shall not be used for administrative costs or profit increases. The Secretary shall develop a mechanism to monitor the appropriate use of such payments by such employers.

(5) PAYMENTS NOT TREATED AS INCOME.— Payments received under this subsection shall not be included in determining employer gross income.

(6) APPEALS.—The Secretary shall establish—

(A) an appeals process to permit participating employers to appeal determination of the Secretary with respect to claims submitted under this section; and

(B) procedures to protect against fraud, waste, and abuse under the program.

(d) AUDITS.—The Secretary shall conduct annual audits of claims data submitted by participating employers under this section to ensure that such employers (and the health plans involved) are in compliance with the requirements of this section.

(e) RETIREE RESERVE TRUST FUND.—

(1) ESTABLISHMENT OF TRUST FUND.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—There is established in the Treasury of the United States a trust fund to be known as the “Retiree Reserve Trust
Fund” (referred to in this section as the “Trust Fund”), that shall consist of such amounts as may be appropriated or credited to the Trust Fund as provided for in this subsection to enable the Secretary to carry out the program under this section. Such amounts shall remain available until expended.

(B) FUNDING.—There are hereby appropriated to the Trust Fund, out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated an amount requested by the Secretary of Health and Human Services as necessary to carry out this section, except that the total of all such amounts requested shall not exceed $10,000,000,000.

(C) APPROPRIATIONS FROM THE TRUST FUND.—

(i) IN GENERAL.—Amounts in the Trust Fund may be appropriated to provide funding to carry out this program under this section.

(ii) BUDGETARY IMPLICATIONS.—Amounts appropriated under clause (i), and outlays flowing from such appropriations, shall not be taken into account for
purposes of any budget enforcement procedures including allocations under section 302(a) and (b) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act and budget resolutions for fiscal years during which appropriations are made from the Trust Fund.

(2) USE OF TRUST FUND.—The Secretary shall use amounts contained in the Trust Fund to carry out the program under this section.

(3) LIMITATIONS.—The Secretary has the authority to stop taking applications for participation in the program to comply with the funding limit provided for in paragraph (1)(B).

Subtitle G—Improving the Use of Health Information Technology for Enrollment; Miscellaneous Provisions

SEC. 185. HEALTH INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY ENROLLMENT STANDARDS AND PROTOCOLS.

Title XXX of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 300jj et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:
Subtitle C—Other Provisions Related to Health Information Technology

SEC. 3021. HEALTH INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY ENROLLMENT STANDARDS AND PROTOCOLS.

(a) In general.—

(1) Standards and protocols.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this title, the Secretary, in consultation with the HIT Policy Committee and the HIT Standards Committee, shall develop interoperable and secure standards and protocols that facilitate enrollment of individuals in Federal and State health and human services programs, as determined by the Secretary.

(2) Methods.—The Secretary shall facilitate enrollment in such programs through methods determined appropriate by the Secretary, which shall include providing individuals and third parties authorized by such individuals and their designees notification of eligibility and verification of eligibility required under such programs.

(b) Content.—The standards and protocols for electronic enrollment in the Federal and State programs described in subsection (a) shall allow for the following:
“(1) Electronic matching against existing Federal and State data, including vital records, employment history, enrollment systems, tax records, and other data determined appropriate by the Secretary to serve as evidence of eligibility and in lieu of paper-based documentation.

“(2) Simplification and submission of electronic documentation, digitization of documents, and systems verification of eligibility.

“(3) Reuse of stored eligibility information (including documentation) to assist with retention of eligible individuals.

“(4) Capability for individuals to apply, recertify and manage their eligibility information online, including at home, at points of service, and other community-based locations.

“(5) Ability to expand the enrollment system to integrate new programs, rules, and functionalities, to operate at increased volume, and to apply streamlined verification and eligibility processes to other Federal and State programs, as appropriate.

“(6) Notification of eligibility, recertification, and other needed communication regarding eligibility, which may include communication via email and cellular phones.
“(7) Other functionalities necessary to provide eligibles with streamlined enrollment process.

“(c) APPROVAL AND NOTIFICATION.—Upon approval by the HIT Policy Committee, the HIT Standards Committee, and the Secretary of the standards and protocols developed under subsection (a), the Secretary—

“(1) shall notify States of such standards and protocols; and

“(2) may require, as a condition of receiving Federal funds for the health information technology investments, that States or other entities incorporate such standards and protocols into such investments.

“(d) GRANTS FOR IMPLEMENTATION OF APPROPRIATE ENROLLMENT HIT.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall award grant to eligible entities to develop new, and adapt existing, technology systems to implement the HIT enrollment standards and protocols developed under subsection (a) (referred to in this subsection as ‘appropriate HIT technology’).

“(2) ELIGIBLE ENTITIES.—To be eligible for a grant under this subsection, an entity shall—

“(A) be a State, political subdivision of a State, or a local governmental entity; and
“(B) submit to the Secretary an application at such time, in such manner, and containing—

“(i) a plan to adopt and implement appropriate enrollment technology that includes—

“(I) proposed reduction in maintenance costs of technology systems;

“(II) elimination or updating of legacy systems; and

“(III) demonstrated collaboration with other entities that may receive a grant under this section that are located in the same State, political subdivision, or locality;

“(ii) an assurance that the entity will share such appropriate enrollment technology in accordance with paragraph (4); and

“(iii) such other information as the Secretary may require.

“(3) SHARING.—

“(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall ensure that appropriate enrollment HIT adopted under grants under this subsection is made
available to other qualified State, qualified po-
litical subdivisions of a State, or other appro-
priate qualified entities (as described in sub-
paragraph (B)) at no cost.

“(B) QUALIFIED ENTITIES.—The Sec-
retary shall determine what entities are quali-
fied to receive enrollment HIT under subpara-
graph (A), taking into consideration the rec-
ommendations of the HIT Policy Committee
and the HIT Standards Committee.”.

SEC. 186. RULE OF CONSTRUCTION REGARDING HAWAII’S
PREPAID HEALTH CARE ACT.

Nothing in this title (or an amendment made by this
title) shall be construed to modify or limit the application
of the exemption for Hawaii’s Prepaid Health Care Act
(Haw. Rev. Stat. §§ 393-1 et seq.) as provided for under
section 514(b)(5) of the Employee Retirement Income Se-
curity Act of 1974 (29 U.S.C. 1144(b)(5)).

SEC. 187. KEY NATIONAL INDICATORS.

(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

(1) ACADEMY.—The term “Academy” means
the National Academy of Sciences.

(2) COMMISSION.—The term “Commission”
means the Commission on Key National Indicators
established under subsection (b).
(3) INSTITUTE.—The term “Institute” means a Key National Indicators Institute as designated under subsection (c)(3).

(b) COMMISSION ON KEY NATIONAL INDICATORS.—

(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established a “Commission on Key National Indicators”.

(2) MEMBERSHIP.—

(A) NUMBER AND APPOINTMENT.—The Commission shall be composed of 8 members, to be appointed equally by the majority and minority leaders of the Senate and the Speaker and minority leader of the House of Representatives.

(B) PROHIBITED APPOINTMENTS.—Members of the Commission shall not include Members of Congress or other elected Federal, State, or local government officials.

(C) QUALIFICATIONS.—In making appointments under subparagraph (A), the majority and minority leaders of the Senate and the Speaker and minority leader of the House of Representatives shall appoint individuals who have shown a dedication to improving civic dialogue and decision-making through the wide use of scientific evidence and factual information.
(D) Period of Appointment.—Each member of the Commission shall be appointed for a 2-year term, except that 1 initial appointment shall be for 3 years. Any vacancies shall not affect the power and duties of the Commission but shall be filled in the same manner as the original appointment and shall last only for the remainder of that term.

(E) Date.—Members of the Commission shall be appointed by not later than 30 days after the date of enactment of this Act.

(F) Initial Organizing Period.—Not later than 60 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Commission shall develop and implement a schedule for completion of the review and reports required under subsection (d).

(G) Co-Chairpersons.—The Commission shall select 2 Co-Chairpersons from among its members.

(c) Duties of the Commission.—

(1) In general.—The Commission shall—

(A) conduct comprehensive oversight of a newly established key national indicators system consistent with the purpose described in this subsection;
(B) make recommendations on how to improve the key national indicators system;

(C) coordinate with Federal Government users and information providers to assure access to relevant and quality data; and

(D) enter into contracts with the Academy.

(2) REPORTS.—

(A) ANNUAL REPORT TO CONGRESS.—Not later than 1 year after the selection of the 2 Co-Chairpersons of the Commission, and each subsequent year thereafter, the Commission shall prepare and submit to the appropriate Committees of Congress and the President a report that contains a detailed statement of the recommendations, findings, and conclusions of the Commission on the activities of the Academy and a designated Institute related to the establishment of a Key National Indicator System.

(B) ANNUAL REPORT TO THE ACADEMY.—

(i) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 6 months after the selection of the 2 Co-Chairpersons of the Commission, and each subsequent year thereafter, the Commission shall prepare and submit to the Acad-
emy and a designated Institute a report making recommendations concerning potential issue areas and key indicators to be included in the Key National Indicators.

(ii) LIMITATION.—The Commission shall not have the authority to direct the Academy or, if established, the Institute, to adopt, modify, or delete any key indicators.

(3) CONTRACT WITH THE NATIONAL ACADEMY OF SCIENCES.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—As soon as practicable after the selection of the 2 Co-Chairpersons of the Commission, the Co-Chairpersons shall enter into an arrangement with the National Academy of Sciences under which the Academy shall—

(i) review available public and private sector research on the selection of a set of key national indicators;

(ii) determine how best to establish a key national indicator system for the United States, by either creating its own institutional capability or designating an independent private nonprofit organization
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as an Institute to implement a key national indicator system;

(iii) if the Academy designates an independent Institute under clause (ii), provide scientific and technical advice to the Institute and create an appropriate governance mechanism that balances Academy involvement and the independence of the Institute; and

(iv) provide an annual report to the Commission addressing scientific and technical issues related to the key national indicator system and, if established, the Institute, and governance of the Institute’s budget and operations.

(B) PARTICIPATION.—In executing the arrangement under subparagraph (A), the National Academy of Sciences shall convene a multi-sector, multi-disciplinary process to define major scientific and technical issues associated with developing, maintaining, and evolving a Key National Indicator System and, if an Institute is established, to provide it with scientific and technical advice.
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(C) ESTABLISHMENT OF A KEY NATIONAL

INDICATOR SYSTEM.—

(i) IN GENERAL.—In executing the ar-

rangement under subparagraph (A), the

National Academy of Sciences shall enable

the establishment of a key national indi-

cator system by—

(I) creating its own institutional

capability; or

(II) partnering with an inde-

pendent private nonprofit organization

as an Institute to implement a key na-

tional indicator system.

(ii) INSTITUTE.—If the Academy des-

ignates an Institute under clause (i)(II),
such Institute shall be a non-profit entity
(as defined for purposes of section
501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of
1986) with an educational mission, a gov-
ernance structure that emphasizes inde-
pendence, and characteristics that make
such entity appropriate for establishing a
key national indicator system.

(iii) RESPONSIBILITIES.—Either the

Academy or the Institute designated under
clause (i)(II) shall be responsible for the following:

(I) Identifying and selecting issue areas to be represented by the key national indicators.

(II) Identifying and selecting the measures used for key national indicators within the issue areas under subclause (I).

(III) Identifying and selecting data to populate the key national indicators described under subclause (II).

(IV) Designing, publishing, and maintaining a public website that contains a freely accessible database allowing public access to the key national indicators.

(V) Developing a quality assurance framework to ensure rigorous and independent processes and the selection of quality data.

(VI) Developing a budget for the construction and management of a sustainable, adaptable, and evolving key national indicator system that re-
fleets all Commission funding of
Academy and, if an Institute is estab-
lished, Institute activities.

(VII) Reporting annually to the
Commission regarding its selection of
issue areas, key indicators, data, and
progress toward establishing a web-ac-
cessible database.

(VIII) Responding directly to the
Commission in response to any Com-
mision recommendations and to the
Academy regarding any inquiries by
the Academy.

(iv) GOVERNANCE.—Upon the estab-
ishment of a key national indicator sys-
tem, the Academy shall create an approp-
riate governance mechanism that incor-
porates advisory and control functions. If
an Institute is designated under clause
(i)(II), the governance mechanism shall
balance appropriate Academy involvement
and the independence of the Institute.

(v) MODIFICATION AND CHANGES.—
The Academy shall retain the sole discre-
tion, at any time, to alter its approach to
the establishment of a key national indicator system or, if an Institute is designated under clause (i)(II), to alter any aspect of its relationship with the Institute or to designate a different non-profit entity to serve as the Institute.

(vi) CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit the ability of the Academy or the Institute designated under clause (i)(II) to receive private funding for activities related to the establishment of a key national indicator system.

(D) ANNUAL REPORT.—As part of the arrangement under subparagraph (A), the National Academy of Sciences shall, not later than 270 days after the date of enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter, submit to the Co-Chairpersons of the Commission a report that contains the findings and recommendations of the Academy.

(d) GOVERNMENT ACCOUNTABILITY OFFICE STUDY AND REPORT.—

(1) GAO STUDY.—The Comptroller General of the United States shall conduct a study of previous
work conducted by all public agencies, private organizations, or foreign countries with respect to best practices for a key national indicator system. The study shall be submitted to the appropriate authorizing committees of Congress.

(2) GAO FINANCIAL AUDIT.—If an Institute is established under this section, the Comptroller General shall conduct an annual audit of the financial statements of the Institute, in accordance with generally accepted government auditing standards and submit a report on such audit to the Commission and the appropriate authorizing committees of Congress.

(3) GAO PROGRAMMATIC REVIEW.—The Comptroller General of the United States shall conduct programmatic assessments of the Institute established under this section as determined necessary by the Comptroller General and report the findings to the Commission and to the appropriate authorizing committees of Congress.

(e) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out the purposes of this section, $10,000,000 for fiscal year 2010, and
$7,500,000,000 for each of fiscal year 2011 through 2018.

(2) Availability.—Amounts appropriated under paragraph (1) shall remain available until expended.

**Subtitle H—CLASS Act**

**SEC. 190. SHORT TITLE OF SUBTITLE.**

This subtitle may be cited as the “Community Living Assistance Services and Supports Act” or the “CLASS Act”.

**PART I—COMMUNITY LIVING ASSISTANCE SERVICES AND SUPPORTS**

**SEC. 191. ESTABLISHMENT OF NATIONAL VOLUNTARY INSURANCE PROGRAM FOR PURCHASING COMMUNITY LIVING ASSISTANCE SERVICES AND SUPPORT.**

(a) Establishment of CLASS Program.—

(1) In general.—The Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 201 et seq.), as amended by section 143, is amended by adding at the end the following:
“TITLE XXXII—COMMUNITY LIVING ASSISTANCE SERVICES AND SUPPORTS

“SEC. 3201. PURPOSE.

“The purpose of this title is to establish a national voluntary insurance program for purchasing community living assistance services and supports in order to—

“(1) provide individuals with functional limitations with tools that will allow them to maintain their personal and financial independence and live in the community through a new financing strategy for community living assistance services and supports;

“(2) establish an infrastructure that will help address the Nation’s community living assistance services and supports needs;

“(3) alleviate burdens on family caregivers; and

“(4) address institutional bias by providing a financing mechanism that supports personal choice and independence to live in the community.

“SEC. 3202. DEFINITIONS.

“In this title:

“(1) ACTIVE ENROLLEE.—The term ‘active enrollee’ means an individual who is enrolled in the CLASS program in accordance with section 3204
and who has paid any premiums due to maintain
such enrollment.

“(2) ACTIVELY EMPLOYED.—The term ‘actively
employed’ means an individual who—

“(A) is reporting for work at the individ-
ual’s usual place of employment or at another
location to which the individual is required to
travel because of the individual’s employment
(or in the case of an individual who is a mem-
ber of the uniformed services, is on active duty
and is physically able to perform the duties of
the individual’s position); and

“(B) is able to perform all the usual and
customary duties of the individual’s employment
on the individual’s regular work schedule.

“(3) ACTIVITIES OF DAILY LIVING.—The term
‘activities of daily living’ means each of the following
activities specified in section 7702B(e)(2)(B) of the
Internal Revenue Code of 1986:

“(A) Eating.

“(B) Toileting.

“(C) Transferring.

“(D) Bathing.

“(E) Dressing.

“(F) Continence.
“(4) CLASS program.—The term ‘CLASS program’ means the program established under this title.

“(5) Disability determination service.—The term ‘Disability Determination Service’ means, with respect to each State, the entity that has an agreement with the Commissioner of Social Security to make disability determinations for purposes of title II or XVI of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 401 et seq., 1381 et seq.).

“(6) Eligible beneficiary.—

“(A) In general.—The term ‘eligible beneficiary’ means any individual who is an active enrollee in the CLASS program and, as of the date described in subparagraph (B)—

“(i) has paid premiums for enrollment in such program for at least 60 months; and

“(ii) has paid premiums for enrollment in such program for at least 12 consecutive months, if a lapse in premium payments of more than 3 months has occurred during the period that begins on the date of the individual’s enrollment and ends on the date of such determination.
“(B) DATE DESCRIBED.—For purposes of
subparagraph (A), the date described in this
subparagraph is the date on which the indi-
vidual is determined to have a functional limita-
tion described in section 3203(a)(1)(C) that is
expected to last for a continuous period of more
than 90 days.

“(7) HOSPITAL; NURSING FACILITY; INTER-
MEDIATE CARE FACILITY FOR THE MENTALLY RE-
TARDED; INSTITUTION FOR MENTAL DISEASES.—
The terms ‘hospital’, ‘nursing facility’, ‘intermediate
care facility for the mentally retarded’, and ‘institu-
tion for mental diseases’ have the meanings given
such terms for purposes of Medicaid.

“(8) CLASS INDEPENDENCE ADVISORY COUN-
CIL.—The term ‘CLASS Independence Advisory
Council’ or ‘Council’ means the Advisory Council es-
tablished under section 3207 to advise the Secretary.

“(9) CLASS INDEPENDENCE BENEFIT PLAN.—
The term ‘CLASS Independence Benefit Plan’
means the benefit plan developed and designated by
the Secretary in accordance with section 3203.

“(10) CLASS INDEPENDENCE FUND.—The
term ‘CLASS Independence Fund’ or ‘Fund’ means
the fund established under section 3206.
“(11) MEDICAID.—The term ‘Medicaid’ means the program established under title XIX of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1396 et seq.).

“(12) POVERTY LINE.—The term ‘poverty line’ has the meaning given that term in section 2110(c)(5) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1397jj(c)(5)).


“SEC. 3203. CLASS INDEPENDENCE BENEFIT PLAN.

“(a) PROCESS FOR DEVELOPMENT.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, in consultation with appropriate actuaries and other experts, shall develop at least 2 actuarially sound benefit plans as alternatives for consideration for designation by the Secretary as the CLASS Independence Benefit Plan under which eligible beneficiaries shall receive benefits under this title. Each of the plan alternatives developed shall be designed to provide eligible beneficiaries with the benefits described in section 3205 consistent with the following requirements:
“(A) **PREMIUMS.**—

“(i) **MAXIMUM MONTHLY LIMIT.**—

“(I) **IN GENERAL.**—With respect to all premiums to be paid by enrollees for a year, the maximum monthly premium for enrollment in the CLASS program for all reasonably anticipated new and continuing enrollees during the year, shall not exceed the average estimated average dollar amount determined in subclause (II) for the year.

“(II) **ESTIMATED AVERAGE DOLLAR AMOUNT.**—Subject to subclause (III), the estimated average dollar amount described in this subclause for a year is the amount equal to $65, increased by the percentage increase in the consumer price index for all urban consumers (U.S. city average) for each year occurring after 2009 and before such year.

“(III) **ADJUSTMENT TO ENSURE MINIMUM CASH BENEFIT.**—The Secretary may adjust the estimated aver-
age dollar amount determined in sub-
clause (II) for a year as necessary to
ensure payment of the minimum cash
benefit required under subparagraph
(D)(i).

“(ii) NOMINAL PREMIUM FOR POOR-
EST INDIVIDUALS AND FULL-TIME STU-
DENTS.—

“(I) IN GENERAL.—The monthly
premium for enrollment in the
CLASS program shall not exceed the
applicable dollar amount per month
determined under subclause (II) for—

“(aa) any individual whose
income does not exceed the pov-
erty line; and

“(bb) any individual who
has not attained age 22, and is
actively employed during any pe-
riod in which the individual is a
full-time student (as determined
by the Secretary).

“(II) APPLICABLE DOLLAR
AMOUNT.—The applicable dollar
amount described in this subclause is
the amount equal to $5, increased by
the percentage increase in the con-
sumer price index for all urban con-
sumers (U.S. city average) for each
year occurring after 2009 and before
such year.

“(iii) Age-based premiums per-
mitted for all other individuals.—
The monthly premium for enrollment in
the CLASS program for individuals who
are not described in clause (ii) may be
lower for younger individuals than for
older individuals, but the same premium
shall be established for all such individuals
who are the same age.

“(iv) Other requirements.—The
premiums satisfy the additional require-
ments specified in subsection (b).

“(B) Vesting period.—A 5-year vesting
period for eligibility for benefits.

“(C) Benefit triggers.—A benefit trig-
ger for provision of benefits that requires a de-
termination that an individual has a functional
limitation described in any of the following
clauses that is expected to last for a continuous period of more than 90 days:

“(i) The individual is determined to be unable to perform at least the minimum number (which may be 2 or 3) of activities of daily living as are required under the plan for the provision of benefits without substantial assistance (as defined by the Secretary) from another individual.

“(ii) The individual requires substantial supervision to protect the individual from threats to health and safety due to substantial cognitive impairment.

“(iii) The individual has a level of functional limitation similar (as determined under regulations prescribed by the Secretary) to the level of functional limitation described in clause (i) or (ii).

“(D) CASH BENEFIT.—Payment of a cash benefit that satisfies the following requirements:

“(i) MINIMUM REQUIRED AMOUNT.—The benefit amount provides an eligible beneficiary with not less than an average of $50 per day (as determined based on the reasonably expected distribution of
beneficiaries receiving benefits at various benefit levels).

“(ii) Amount scaled to functional ability.—The benefit amount is varied based on a scale of functional ability, with not less than 2, and not more than 6, benefit level amounts.

“(iii) Daily or weekly.—The benefit is paid on a daily or weekly basis.

“(iv) No lifetime or aggregate limit.—The benefit is not subject to any lifetime or aggregate limit.

“(E) Coordination with supplemental coverage obtained through the exchange.—The benefits allow for coordination with any supplemental coverage purchased from a health insurance issuer (as defined in section 2791) through a Gateway established under section 3101.

“(2) Review and recommendation by the CLASS Independence Advisory Council.—The CLASS Independence Advisory Council shall—

“(A) evaluate the alternative benefit plans developed under paragraph (1); and
“(B) recommend for designation as the CLASS Independence Benefit Plan for offering to the public the plan that the Council determines best balances price and benefits to meet enrollees’ needs in an actuarially sound manner, while optimizing the probability of the long-term sustainability of the CLASS program.

“(3) Designation by the Secretary.—Not later than October 1, 2012, the Secretary, taking into consideration the recommendation of the CLASS Independence Advisory Council under paragraph (2)(B), shall designate a benefit plan as the CLASS Independence Benefit Plan. The Secretary shall publish such designation, along with details of the plan and the reasons for the selection by the Secretary, in an interim final rule that allows for a period of public comment and subsequent response by the Secretary before being final.

“(b) Additional Premium Requirements.—

“(1) Annual establishment of premium for new enrollees after first year of the program.—The Secretary shall annually establish the monthly premium for enrollment in the CLASS program during any year after the first year in which the program is in effect under this title. The
Secretary shall determine such annual monthly premium based on the following:

“(A) The most recent report of the CLASS Independence Fund Board of Trustees under section 3105(d).

“(B) The advice and recommendations of the CLASS Independence Advisory Council.

“(C) The projected distribution and amount of benefits under the CLASS program.

“(D) Such other factors as the Secretary determines appropriate.

“(2) ADJUSTMENT OF PREMIUMS.—

“(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subparagraphs (B), (C), (D), and (E), the amount of the monthly premium determined for an individual upon such individual’s enrollment in the CLASS program shall remain the same for as long as the individual is an active enrollee in the program.

“(B) RECALCULATED PREMIUM IF REQUIRED FOR PROGRAM SOLVENCY.—

“(i) IN GENERAL.—Subject to clause (ii), if the Secretary determines, based on the most recent report of the Board of Trustees of the CLASS Independence Fund Board of Trustees under section 3105(d), that:

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Fund, the advice of the CLASS Independence Advisory Council, or such other information as the Secretary determines appropriate, that the monthly premiums and income to the CLASS Independence Fund for a year are projected to be insufficient with respect to the 20-year period that begins with that year, the Secretary shall adjust the monthly premiums for individuals enrolled in the CLASS program as necessary (but maintaining a nominal premium for enrollees whose income is below the poverty line or who are full-time students actively employed).

“(ii) Exemption from increase.—Any increase in a monthly premium imposed as result of a determination described in clause (i) shall not apply with respect to the monthly premium of any active enrollee who—

“(I) has attained age 65;

“(II) has paid premiums for enrollment in the program for at least 20 years; and

“(III) is not actively employed.
“(C) Recalculated premium if re-enrollment after more than a 3-month lapse.—

“(i) In general.—The reenrollment of an individual after a 90-day period during which the individual failed to pay the monthly premium required to maintain the individual’s enrollment in the CLASS program shall be treated as an initial enrollment for purposes of age-adjusting the premium for enrollment in the program.

“(ii) Credit for prior months if reenrolled within 5 years.—An individual who reenrolls in the CLASS program after such a 90-day period and before the end of the 5-year period that begins with the first month for which the individual failed to pay the monthly premium required to maintain the individual’s enrollment in the program shall be—

“(I) credited with any months of paid premiums that accrued prior to the individual’s lapse in enrollment; and
“(II) notwithstanding the total amount of any such credited months, required to satisfy section 3201(7)(A)(ii) before being eligible to receive benefits.

“(D) NO LONGER STATUS AS A FULL-TIME STUDENT.—An individual subject to a nominal premium on the basis of being described in subsection (a)(1)(A)(ii)(I)(bb) who ceases to be described in that subsection, beginning with the first month following the month in which the individual ceases to be so described, shall be subject to the same monthly premium as the monthly premium that applies to an individual of the same age who first enrolls in the program under the most similar circumstances as the individual (such as the first year of eligibility for enrollment in the program or in a subsequent year).

“(E) PENALTY FOR REENROLLMENT AFTER 5-YEAR LAPSE.—In the case of an individual who reenrolls in the CLASS program after the end of the 5-year period described in subparagraph (C)(ii), the monthly premium required for the individual shall be the age-adjusted pre-
mium that would be applicable to an initially enrolling individual who is the same age as the reenrolling individual, increased by the greater of—

“(i) an amount that the Secretary determines is actuarially sound for each month that occurs during the period that begins with the first month for which the individual failed to pay the monthly premium required to maintain the individual’s enrollment in the CLASS program and ends with the month preceding the month in which the reenrollment is effective; or

“(ii) 1 percent of the applicable age-adjusted premium for each such month occurring in such period.

“(3) ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES.—In determining the monthly premiums for the CLASS program the Secretary may factor in costs for administering the program, not to exceed—

“(A) in the case of the first 5 years in which the program is in effect under this title, an amount equal to 3 percent of all premiums paid during each such year; and
“(B) in the case of subsequent years, an amount equal to 5 percent of the total amount of all expenditures (including benefits paid) under this title with respect to that year.

“(4) No underwriting requirements.—No underwriting (other than on the basis of age in accordance with paragraph (3)) shall be used to—

“(A) determine the monthly premium for enrollment in the CLASS program; or

“(B) prevent an individual from enrolling in the program.

“(c) Self-attestation and verification of income.—The Secretary shall establish procedures to—

“(1) permit an individual who is eligible for the nominal premium required under subsection (a)(1)(A)(ii), as part of their automatic enrollment in the CLASS program, to self-attest that their income does not exceed the poverty line or that their status as a full-time student who is actively employed;

“(2) verify, using procedures similar to the procedures used by the Commissioner of Social Security under section 1631(e)(1)(B)(ii) of the Social Security Act and consistent with the requirements applicable to the conveyance of data and information
under section 1942 of such Act, the validity of such self-attestation; and

“(3) require an individual to confirm, on at least an annual basis, that their income does not exceed the poverty line or that they continue to maintain such status.

“SEC. 3204. ENROLLMENT AND DISENROLLMENT REQUIREMENTS.

“(a) AUTOMATIC ENROLLMENT.—

“(1) In general.—Subject to paragraph (2), the Secretary shall establish procedures under which each individual described in subsection (c) shall be automatically enrolled in the CLASS program by an employer of such individual in the same manner as an employer may elect to automatically enroll employees in a plan under section 401(k), 403(b), or 457 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.

“(2) ALTERNATIVE ENROLLMENT PROCEDURES.—The procedures established under paragraph (1) shall provide for an alternative enrollment process for an individual described in subsection (c) in the case of such an individual—

“(A) who is self-employed;

“(B) who has more than 1 employer;
“(C) whose employer does not elect to participate in the automatic enrollment process established by the Secretary; or

“(D) who is a spouse described in subsection (c)(2) of who is not subject to automatic enrollment.

“(3) ADMINISTRATION.—

“(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall, by regulation, establish procedures to—

“(i) ensure that an individual is not automatically enrolled in the CLASS program by more than 1 employer; and

“(ii) allow for an individual’s employer to deduct a premium for a spouse described in subsection (c)(1)(B) who is not subject to automatic enrollment.

“(B) FORM.—Enrollment in the CLASS program shall be made in such manner as the Secretary may prescribe in order to ensure ease of administration.

“(b) ELECTION TO OPT-OUT.—An individual described in subsection (c) may elect to waive enrollment in the CLASS program at any time in such form and manner as the Secretary shall prescribe.
“(c) INDIVIDUAL DESCRIBED.—For purposes of en-
rolling in the CLASS program, an individual described in
this paragraph is—

“(1) an individual—

“(A) who has attained age 18;

“(B) who—

“(i) receives wages on which there is
imposed a tax under section 3201(a) of the
Internal Revenue Code of 1986; or

“(ii) derives self-employment income
on which there is imposed a tax under sec-
section 1401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code
of 1986;

“(C) who is actively employed; and

“(D) who is not—

“(i) a patient in a hospital or nursing
facility, an intermediate care facility for
the mentally retarded, or an institution for
mental diseases and receiving medical as-
assistance under Medicaid; or

“(ii) confined in a jail, prison, other
penal institution or correctional facility, or
by court order pursuant to conviction of a
criminal offense or in connection with a
verdict or finding described in section
202(x)(1)(A)(ii) of the Social Security Act
(42 U.S.C. 402(x)(1)(A)(ii)); or

“(2) the spouse of an individual described in paragraph (1) and who would be an individual so described but for subparagraph (B) or (C) of that paragraph.

“(d) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this title shall be construed as requiring an active enrollee to continue to satisfy subparagraph (B) or (C) of subsection (c)(1) in order to maintain enrollment in the CLASS program.

“(e) PAYMENT.—

“(1) PAYROLL DEDUCTION.—An amount equal to the monthly premium for the enrollment in the CLASS program of an individual shall be deducted from the wages or self-employment income of such individual in accordance with such procedures as the Secretary, in consultation with the Secretary of the Treasury, shall establish for employers who elect to deduct and withhold such premiums on behalf of enrolled employees.

“(2) ALTERNATIVE PAYMENT MECHANISM.—The Secretary shall establish alternative procedures for the payment of monthly premiums by an individual enrolled in the CLASS program—
“(A) who does not have an employer who
elects to deduct and withhold premiums in ac-
cordance with subparagraph (A); or
“(B) who does not earn wages or derive
self-employment income.
“(f) Transfer of Premiums Collected.—
“(1) In general.—During each calendar year
the Secretary of the Treasury shall deposit into the
CLASS Independence Fund a total amount equal, in
the aggregate, to 100 percent of the premiums col-
lected during that year.
“(2) Transfers based on estimates.—The
amount deposited pursuant to paragraph (1) shall be
transferred in at least monthly payments to the
CLASS Independence Fund on the basis of esti-
mates by the Secretary and certified to the Sec-
retary of the Treasury of the amounts collected in
accordance with subparagraphs (A) and (B) of para-
graph (5). Proper adjustments shall be made in
amounts subsequently transferred to the Fund to
the extent prior estimates were in excess of, or were
less than, actual amounts collected.
“(g) Other Enrollment and disenrollment
opportunities.—The Secretary shall establish proce-
dures under which—
“(1) an individual who, in the year of the individual’s initial eligibility to enroll in the CLASS program, has elected to waive enrollment in the program, is eligible to elect to enroll in the program, in such form and manner as the Secretary shall establish, only during an open enrollment period established by the Secretary that is specific to the individual and that may not occur more frequently than biennially after the date on which the individual first elected to waive enrollment in the program; and

“(2) an individual shall only be permitted to disenroll from the program during an annual disenrollment period established by the Secretary and in such form and manner as the Secretary shall establish.

“SEC. 3205. BENEFITS.

“(a) Determination of Eligibility.—

“(1) Application for Receipt of Benefits.—The Secretary shall establish procedures under which an active enrollee shall apply for receipt of benefits under the CLASS Independence Benefit Plan.

“(2) Eligibility Assessments.—
“(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than January 1, 2012, the Secretary shall enter into agreements with—

“(i) the Disability Determination Service for each State to provide for eligibility assessments of active enrollees who apply for receipt of benefits;

“(ii) the Protection and Advocacy System for each State to provide advocacy services in accordance with subsection (d);

and

“(iii) public and private entities to provide advice and assistance counseling in accordance with subsection (e).

“(B) 30-DAY PERIOD FOR APPROVAL OR DISAPPROVAL.—An agreement under subparagraph (A) shall require that a Disability Determination Service determine within 30 days of the receipt of an application for benefits under the CLASS Independence Benefit Plan whether an applicant is eligible for a cash benefit under the program and if so, the amount of the cash benefit in accordance the sliding scale established under the plan. An application that is
pending after 45 days shall be deemed approved.

“(C) Presumptive Eligibility for Certain Institutionalized Enrollees Planning to Discharge.—An active enrollee shall be deemed presumptively eligible if the enrollee—

“(i) has applied for, and attests is eligible for, the maximum cash benefit available under the sliding scale established under the CLASS Independence Benefit Plan;

“(ii) is a patient in a hospital (but only if the hospitalization is for long-term care), nursing facility, intermediate care facility for the mentally retarded, or an institution for mental diseases; and

“(iii) is in the process of, or about to being the process of, planning to discharge from the hospital, facility, or institution, or within 60 days from the date of discharge from the hospital, facility, or institution.

“(D) Appeals.—The Secretary shall establish procedures under which an applicant for benefits under the CLASS Independence Ben-
(b) BENEFITS.—An eligible beneficiary shall receive the following benefits under the CLASS Independence Benefit Plan:

"(1) CASH BENEFIT.—A cash benefit established by the Secretary in accordance with the requirements of section 3203(a)(1)(D) that—

"(A) the first year in which beneficiaries receive the benefits under the plan, is not less than the average dollar amount specified in clause (i) of such section; and

"(B) for any subsequent year, is not less than the average per day dollar limit applicable under this subparagraph for the preceding year, increased by the percentage increase in the consumer price index for all urban consumers (U.S. city average) over the previous year.

"(2) ADVOCACY SERVICES.—Advocacy services in accordance with subsection (d).

"(3) ADVICE AND ASSISTANCE COUNSELING.— Advice and assistance counseling in accordance with subsection (e).

"(c) PAYMENT OF BENEFITS.—

"(1) LIFE INDEPENDENCE ACCOUNT.—
“(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall establish procedures for administering the provision of benefits to eligible beneficiaries under the CLASS Independence Benefit Plan, including the payment of the cash benefit for the beneficiary into a Life Independence Account established by the Secretary on behalf of each eligible beneficiary.

“(B) USE OF CASH BENEFITS.—Cash benefits paid into a Life Independence Account of an eligible beneficiary shall be used to purchase nonmedical services and supports that the beneficiary needs to maintain his or her independence at home or in another residential setting of their choice in the community, including (but not limited to) home modifications, assistive technology, accessible transportation, homemaker services, respite care, personal assistance services, home care aides, and nursing support.

“(C) ELECTRONIC MANAGEMENT OF FUNDS.—The Secretary shall establish procedures for—

“(i) crediting an account established on behalf of a beneficiary with the beneficiary’s cash daily benefit;
“(ii) allowing the beneficiary to access such account through debit cards; and
“(iii) accounting for withdrawals by the beneficiary from such account.

“(D) PRIMARY PAYOR RULES FOR BENEFICIARIES WHO ARE ENROLLED IN MEDICAID.—
In the case of an eligible beneficiary who is enrolled in Medicaid, the following payment rules shall apply:

“(i) INSTITUTIONALIZED BENEFICIARY.—If the beneficiary is a patient in a hospital, nursing facility, intermediate care facility for the mentally retarded, or an institution for mental diseases, the beneficiary shall retain an amount equal to 5 percent of the beneficiary’s daily or weekly cash benefit (as applicable) (which shall be in addition to the amount of the beneficiary’s personal needs allowance provided under Medicaid), and the remainder of such benefit shall be applied toward the facility’s cost of providing the beneficiary’s care, and Medicaid shall provide secondary coverage for such care.
“(ii) Beneficiaries receiving home and community-based services.—

“(I) 50 percent of benefit retained by beneficiary.—Subject to subclause (II), if a beneficiary is receiving medical assistance under Medicaid for home and community based services, the beneficiary shall retain an amount equal to 50 percent of the beneficiary’s daily or weekly cash benefit (as applicable), and the remainder of the daily or weekly cash benefit shall be applied toward the cost to the State of providing such assistance (and shall not be used to claim Federal matching funds under Medicaid), and Medicaid shall provide secondary coverage for the remainder of any costs incurred in providing such assistance.

“(II) Requirement for state offset.—A State shall be paid the remainder of a beneficiary’s daily or weekly cash benefit under subclause
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(I) only if the State home and community-based waiver under section 1115 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1315) or subsection (e) or (d) of section 1915 of such Act (42 U.S.C. 1396n), or the State plan amendment under subsection (i) of such section does not include a waiver of the requirements of section 1902(a)(1) of the Social Security Act (relating to statewideness) or of section 1902(a)(10)(B) of such Act (relating to comparability) and the State offers at a minimum case management services, personal care services, habilitation services, and respite care under such a waiver or State plan amendment.

“(III) DEFINITION OF HOME AND COMMUNITY-BASED SERVICES.—In this clause, the term ‘home and community-based services’ means any services which may be offered under a home and community-based waiver authorized for a State under section
1115 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1315) or subsection (e) or (d) of section 1915 of such Act (42 U.S.C. 1396n) or under a State plan amendment under subsection (i) of such section.

“(iii) Beneficiaries enrolled in programs of all-inclusive care for the elderly (PACE).—

“(I) In general.—Subject to subclause (II), if a beneficiary is receiving medical assistance under Medicaid for PACE program services under section 1934 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1396u–4), the beneficiary shall retain an amount equal to 50 percent of the beneficiary’s daily or weekly cash benefit (as applicable), and the remainder of the daily or weekly cash benefit shall be applied toward the cost to the State of providing such assistance (and shall not be used to claim Federal matching funds under Medicaid), and Medicaid shall provide secondary
coverage for the remainder of any costs incurred in providing such assistance.

“(II) Institutionalized Recipients of PACE Program Services.—If a beneficiary receiving assistance under Medicaid for PACE program services is a patient in a hospital, nursing facility, intermediate care facility for the mentally retarded, or an institution for mental diseases, the beneficiary shall be treated as in institutionalized beneficiary under clause (i).

“(2) Authorized Representatives.—

“(A) In General.—The Secretary shall establish procedures to allow access to a beneficiary’s cash benefits by an authorized representative of the eligible beneficiary on whose behalf such benefits are paid.

“(B) Quality Assurance and Protection Against Fraud and Abuse.—The procedures established under subparagraph (A) shall ensure that authorized representatives of eligible beneficiaries comply with standards of con-
duct established by the Secretary, including standards requiring that such representatives provide quality services on behalf of such beneficiaries, do not have conflicts of interest, and do not misuse benefits paid on behalf of such beneficiaries or otherwise engage in fraud or abuse.

“(3) Commencement of benefits.—Benefits shall be paid to, or on behalf of, an eligible beneficiary beginning with the first month in which an application for such benefits is approved.

“(4) Rollover option for lump-sum payment.—An eligible beneficiary may elect to—

“(A) defer payment of their daily or weekly benefit and to rollover any such deferred benefits from month-to-month, but not from year-to-year; and

“(B) receive a lump-sum payment of such deferred benefits in an amount that may not exceed the lesser of—

“(i) the total amount of the accrued deferred benefits; or

“(ii) the applicable annual benefit.

“(5) Period for determination of annual benefits.—
“(A) IN GENERAL.—The applicable period for determining with respect to an eligible beneficiary the applicable annual benefit and the amount of any accrued deferred benefits is the 12-month period that commences with the first month in which the beneficiary began to receive such benefits, and each 12-month period thereafter.

“(B) INCLUSION OF INCREASED BENEFITS.—The Secretary shall establish procedures under which cash benefits paid to an eligible beneficiary that increase or decrease as a result of a change in the functional status of the beneficiary before the end of a 12-month benefit period shall be included in the determination of the applicable annual benefit paid to the eligible beneficiary.

“(C) RECOUPMENT OF UNPAID, ACCRUED BENEFITS.—

“(i) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall recoup any accrued benefits in the event of—

“(I) the death of a beneficiary; or

“(II) the failure of a beneficiary to elect under paragraph (4)(B) to re-
receive such benefits as a lump-sum payment before the end of the 12-month period in which such benefits accrued.

“(ii) Payment into Class Independence Fund.—Any benefits recouped in accordance with clause (i) shall be paid into the CLASS Independence Fund and used in accordance with section 3206.

“(6) Requirement to Recertify Eligibility for Receipt of Benefits.—An eligible beneficiary shall periodically, as determined by the Secretary—

“(A) recertify by submission of medical evidence the beneficiary’s continued eligibility for receipt of benefits; and

“(B) submit records of expenditures attributable to the aggregate cash benefit received by the beneficiary during the preceding year.

“(7) Supplementation, Not Supplant Other Health Care Benefits.—Subject to the Medicaid payment rules under paragraph (1)(D), benefits received by an eligible beneficiary shall supplement, but not supplant, other health care benefits for which the beneficiary is eligible under Medicaid or
any other Federally funded program that provides
health care benefits or assistance.

“(d) Advocacy Services.—An agreement entered
into under subsection (a)(2)(A)(ii) shall require the Pro-
tection and Advocacy System for the State to—

“(1) assign, as needed, an advocacy counselor
to each eligible beneficiary that is covered by such
agreement and who shall provide an eligible bene-
ficiary with—

“(A) information regarding how to access
the appeals process established for the program;
“(B) assistance with respect to the annual
recertification and notification required under
subsection (c)(6); and
“(C) such other assistance with obtaining
services as the Secretary, by regulation, shall
require; and
“(2) ensure that the System and such coun-
selors comply with the requirements of subsection
(i).

“(e) Advice and Assistance Counseling.—An
agreement entered into under subsection (a)(2)(A)(iii)
shall require the entity to assign, as requested by an eligi-
ble beneficiary that is covered by such agreement, an ad-
vice and assistance counselor who shall provide an eligible beneficiary with information regarding—

“(1) accessing and coordinating long-term services and supports in the most integrated setting;

“(2) possible eligibility for other benefits and services;

“(3) development of a service and support plan;

“(4) information about programs established under the Assistive Technology Act of 1998 and the services offered under such programs; and

“(5) such other services as the Secretary, by regulation, may require.

“(f) No Effect on Eligibility for Other Benefits.—Benefits paid to an eligible beneficiary under the CLASS program shall be disregarded for purposes of determining or continuing the beneficiary’s eligibility for receipt of benefits under any other Federal, State, or locally funded assistance program, including benefits paid under titles II, XVI, XVIII, XIX, or XXI of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 401 et seq., 1381 et seq., 1395 et seq., 1396 et seq., 1397aa et seq.), under the laws administered by the Secretary of Veterans Affairs, under low-income housing assistance programs, or under the supplemental nutrition assistance program established under the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 2011 et seq.).
“(g) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this title shall be construed as prohibiting benefits paid under the CLASS Independence Benefit Plan from being used to compensate a family caregiver for providing community living assistance services and supports to an eligible beneficiary.

“(h) PROTECTION AGAINST CONFLICT OF INTERESTS.—The Secretary shall establish procedures to ensure that the Disability Determination Service and Protection and Advocacy System for a State, advocacy counselors for eligible beneficiaries, and any other entities that provide services to active enrollees and eligible beneficiaries under the CLASS program comply with the following:

“(1) If the entity provides counseling or planning services, such services are provided in a manner that fosters the best interests of the active enrollee or beneficiary.

“(2) The entity has established operating procedures that are designed to avoid or minimize conflicts of interest between the entity and an active enrollee or beneficiary.

“(3) The entity provides information about all services and options available to the active enrollee or beneficiary, to the best of its knowledge, including services available through other entities or providers.
“(4) The entity assists the active enrollee or beneficiary to access desired services, regardless of the provider.

“(5) The entity reports the number of active enrollees and beneficiaries provided with assistance by age, disability, and whether such enrollees and beneficiaries received services from the entity or another entity.

“(6) If the entity provides counseling or planning services, the entity ensures that an active enrollee or beneficiary is informed of any financial interest that the entity has in a service provider.

“(7) The entity provides an active enrollee or beneficiary with a list of available service providers that can meet the needs of the active enrollee or beneficiary.

“SEC. 3206. CLASS INDEPENDENCE FUND.

“(a) Establishment of CLASS Independence Fund.—There is established in the Treasury of the United States a trust fund to be known as the ‘CLASS Independence Fund’. The Secretary of the Treasury shall serve as Managing Trustee of such Fund. The Fund shall consist of all amounts derived from payments into the Fund under sections 3204(f) and 3205(c)(5)(C)(ii), and remaining after investment of such amounts under sub-
section (b), including additional amounts derived as income from such investments. The amounts held in the Fund are appropriated and shall remain available without fiscal year limitation—

“(1) to be held for investment on behalf of individuals enrolled in the CLASS program;

“(2) to pay the administrative expenses related to the Fund and to investment under subsection (b); and

“(3) to pay cash benefits to eligible beneficiaries under the CLASS Independence Benefit Plan.

“(b) INVESTMENT OF FUND BALANCE.—The Secretary of the Treasury shall invest and manage the CLASS Independence Fund in the same manner, and to the same extent, as the Federal Supplementary Medical Insurance Trust Fund may be invested and managed under subsections (c), (d), and (e) of section 1841(d) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395t).

“(c) OFF-BUDGET STATUS; LOCK-BOX PROTECTION.—

“(1) EXCLUSION OF TRUST FUNDS FROM ALL BUDGETS.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the amounts derived from payments into the Fund and amounts paid from the Fund shall not be...
counted as new budget authority, outlays, receipts, or deficit or surplus for purposes of—

“(A) the budget of the United States Government, as submitted by the President;

“(B) the congressional budget; or

“(C) the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

“(2) LOCK-BOX PROTECTION.—

“(A) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, it shall not be in order in the Senate or the House of Representatives to consider any measure that would authorize the payment or use of amounts in the Fund for any purpose other than a purpose authorized under this title.

“(B) 60-VOTE WAIVER REQUIRED IN THE SENATE.—

“(i) IN GENERAL.—Subparagraph (A) may be waived or suspended in the Senate only by the affirmative vote of 3⁄5 of the Members, duly chosen and sworn.

“(ii) APPEALS.—

“(I) PROCEDURE.—Appeals in the Senate from the decisions of the Chair relating to clause (i) shall be
limited to 1 hour, to be equally di-
vided between, and controlled by, the
mover and the manager of the meas-
ure that would authorize the payment
or use of amounts in the Fund for a
purpose other than a purpose author-
ized under this title.

“(II) 60-VOTES REQUIRED.—An
affirmative vote of 3/5 of the Members,
duly chosen and sworn, shall be re-
quired in the Senate to sustain an ap-
peal of the ruling of the Chair on a
point of order raised in relation to
clause (i).

“(C) RULES OF THE SENATE AND HOUSE
OF REPRESENTATIVES.—This section is enacted
by Congress—

“(i) as an exercise of the rulemaking
power of the Senate and House of Rep-
resentatives, respectively, and is deemed to
be part of the rules of each House, respec-
tively, but applicable only with respect to
the procedure to be followed in that House
in the case of a measure described in sub-
paragraph (A), and it supersedes other
rules only to the extent that it is inconsistent with such rules; and

“(ii) with full recognition of the constitutional right of either House to change the rules (so far as they relate to the procedure of that House) at any time, in the same manner, and to the same extent as in the case of any other rule of that House.

“(d) BOARD OF TRUSTEES.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—With respect to the CLASS Independence Fund, there is hereby created a body to be known as the Board of Trustees of the CLASS Independence Fund (hereinafter in this section referred to as the ‘Board of Trustees’) composed of the Commissioner of Social Security, the Secretary of the Treasury, the Secretary of Labor, and the Secretary of Health and Human Services, all ex officio, and of two members of the public (both of whom may not be from the same political party), who shall be nominated by the President for a term of 4 years and subject to confirmation by the Senate. A member of the Board of Trustees serving as a member of the public and nominated and confirmed to fill a vacancy occurring during a term shall be nominated and confirmed only for the remainder of such term.
An individual nominated and confirmed as a member of the public may serve in such position after the expiration of such member’s term until the earlier of the time at which the member’s successor takes office or the time at which a report of the Board is first issued under paragraph (2) after the expiration of the member’s term. The Secretary of the Treasury shall be the Managing Trustee of the Board of Trustees. The Board of Trustees shall meet not less frequently than once each calendar year. A person serving on the Board of Trustees shall not be considered to be a fiduciary and shall not be personally liable for actions taken in such capacity with respect to the Trust Fund.

“(2) Duties.—

“(A) In general.—It shall be the duty of the Board of Trustees to do the following:

“(i) Hold the CLASS Independence Fund.

“(ii) Report to the Congress not later than the first day of April of each year on the operation and status of the CLASS Independence Fund during the preceding fiscal year and on its expected operation
and status during the current fiscal year
and the next 2 fiscal years.

“(iii) Report immediately to the Con-
gress whenever the Board is of the opinion
that the amount of the CLASS Independ-
ence Fund is unduly small.

“(iv) Review the general policies fol-
lowed in managing the CLASS Independence Fund, and recommend changes in
such policies, including necessary changes
in the provisions of law which govern the
way in which the CLASS Independence
Fund is to be managed.

“(B) REPORT.—The report provided for in
subparagraph (A)(ii) shall—

“(i) include—

“(I) a statement of the assets of,
and the disbursements made from, the
CLASS Independence Fund during
the preceding fiscal year;

“(II) an estimate of the expected
income to, and disbursements to be
made from, the CLASS Independence
Fund during the current fiscal year
and each of the next 2 fiscal years;
“(III) a statement of the actuarial status of the CLASS Independence Fund for the current fiscal year, each of the next 2 fiscal years, and as projected over the 75-year period beginning with the current fiscal year; and

“(IV) an actuarial opinion by the Chief Actuary of the Social Security Administration certifying that the techniques and methodologies used are generally accepted within the actuarial profession and that the assumptions and cost estimates used are reasonable; and

“(ii) be printed as a House document of the session of the Congress to which the report is made.

“(C) RECOMMENDATIONS.—If the Board of Trustees determines that enrollment trends and expected future benefit claims on the CLASS Independence Fund create expected financial problems that are unlikely to be resolved with reasonable premium increases or through other means, the Board of Trustees
shall include in the report provided for in subparagraph (A)(ii) recommendations for such legislative action as the Board of Trustees determine to be appropriate, including whether to adjust monthly premiums or impose a temporary moratorium on new enrollments.

"SEC. 3207. CLASS INDEPENDENCE ADVISORY COUNCIL."

"(a) Establishment.—There is hereby created an Advisory Committee to be known as the ‘CLASS Independence Advisory Council’.

"(b) Membership.—

"(1) In general.—The CLASS Independence Advisory Council shall be composed of not more than 15 individuals, not otherwise in the employ of the United States—

"(A) who shall be appointed by the President without regard to the civil service laws and regulations; and

"(B) a majority of whom shall be representatives of individuals who participate or are likely to participate in the CLASS program, and shall include representatives of older and younger workers, individuals with disabilities, family caregivers of individuals who require services and supports to maintain their inde-
dependence at home or in another residential setting of their choice in the community, individuals with expertise in long-term care or disability insurance, actuarial science, economics, and other relevant disciplines, as determined by the Secretary.

“(2) TERMS.—

“(A) IN GENERAL.—The members of the CLASS Independence Advisory Council shall serve overlapping terms of 3 years (unless appointed to fill a vacancy occurring prior to the expiration of a term, in which case the individual shall serve for the remainder of the term).

“(B) LIMITATION.—A member shall not be eligible to serve for more than 2 consecutive terms.

“(3) CHAIR.—The President shall, from time to time, appoint one of the members of the CLASS Independence Advisory Council to serve as the Chair.

“(c) DUTIES.—The CLASS Independence Advisory Council shall advise the Secretary on matters of general policy in the administration of the CLASS program estab-
lished under this title and in the formulation of regulations under this title including with respect to—

“(1) the development of the CLASS Independence Benefit Plan under section 3203; and

“(2) the determination of monthly premiums under such plan.

“(d) APPLICATION OF FACA.—The Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.), other than section 14 of that Act, shall apply to the CLASS Independence Advisory Council.

“(e) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—There are authorized to be appropriated to the CLASS Independence Advisory Council to carry out its duties under this section, such sums as may be necessary for fiscal year 2011 and for each fiscal year thereafter.

“(2) AVAILABILITY.—Any sums appropriated under the authorization contained in this section shall remain available, without fiscal year limitation, until expended.

“SEC. 3208. REGULATIONS; ANNUAL REPORT.

“(a) REGULATIONS.—The Secretary shall promulgate such regulations as are necessary to carry out the CLASS program in accordance with this title. Such regulations
shall include provisions to prevent fraud and abuse under the program.

“(b) ANNUAL REPORT.—Beginning January 1, 2014, the Secretary shall submit an annual report to Congress on the CLASS program. Each report shall include the following:

“(1) The total number of enrollees in the program.

“(2) The total number of eligible beneficiaries during the fiscal year.

“(3) The total amount of cash benefits provided during the fiscal year.

“(4) A description of instances of fraud or abuse identified during the fiscal year.

“(5) Recommendations for such administrative or legislative action as the Secretary determines is necessary to improve the program or to prevent the occurrence of fraud or abuse.

“SEC. 3209. TAX TREATMENT OF PROGRAM.

“The CLASS program shall be treated for purposes of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 in the same manner as a qualified long-term care insurance contract for qualified long-term care services.”.

(2) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS TO MEDICAID.—Section 1902(a) of the Social Security Act
(42 U.S.C. 1396a(a)), as amended by section 5006(e)(2)(A) of division B of Public Law 111–5, is amended—

(A) in paragraph (72), by striking “and” at the end;

(B) in paragraph (73)(B), by striking the period and inserting “; and”;

(C) by inserting after paragraph (73) the following:

“(74) provide that the State will comply with such regulations regarding the application of primary and secondary payor rules with respect to individuals who are eligible for medical assistance under this title and are eligible beneficiaries under the CLASS program established under title XXXII of the Public Health Service Act as the Secretary shall establish.”.

(b) ASSURANCE OF ADEQUATE INFRASTRUCTURE FOR THE PROVISION OF PERSONAL CARE ATTENDANT WORKERS.—Section 1902(a) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1396a(a)), as amended by subsection (a)(2), is amended—

(1) in paragraph (73)(B), by striking “and” at the end;
(2) in paragraph (74), by striking the period at
the end and inserting ‘‘; and’’; and

(3) by inserting after paragraph (74), the fol-
lowing:

‘‘(75) provide that, not later than 2 years after
the date of enactment of the Community Living As-
sistance Services and Supports Act, each State
shall—

‘‘(A) assess the extent to which entities
such as providers of home care, home health
services, home and community service providers,
public authorities created to provide personal
care services to individuals eligible for medical
assistance under the State plan, and nonprofit
organizations, are serving or have the capacity
to serve as fiscal agents for, employers of, and
providers of employment-related benefits for,
personal care attendant workers who provide
personal care services to individuals receiving
benefits under the CLASS program established
under title XXXII of the Public Health Service
Act, including in rural and underserved areas;

‘‘(B) designate or create such entities to
serve as fiscal agents for, employers of, and
providers of employment-related benefits for,
such workers to ensure an adequate supply of
the workers for individuals receiving benefits
under the CLASS program, including in rural
and underserved areas; and

“(C) ensure that the designation or cre-
ation of such entities will not negatively alter or
impede existing programs, models, methods, or
administration of service delivery that provide
for consumer controlled or self-directed home
and community services and further ensure that
such entities will not impede the ability of indi-
viduals to direct and control their home and
community services, including the ability to se-
lect, manage, dismiss, co-employ, or employ
such workers or inhibit such individuals from
relying on family members for the provision of
personal care services.”.

(c) PERSONAL CARE ATTENDANTS WORKFORCE AD-
VISORY PANEL.—

(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—Not later than 90 days
after the date of enactment of this Act, the Sec-
retary of Health and Human Services shall establish
a Personal Care Attendants Workforce Advisory
Panel for the purpose of examining and advising the
Secretary and Congress on workforce issues related
to personal care attendant workers, including with respect to the adequacy of the number of such workers, the salaries, wages, and benefits of such workers, and access to the services provided by such workers.

(2) MEMBERSHIP.—In appointing members to the Personal Care Attendants Workforce Advisory Panel, the Secretary shall ensure that such members include the following:

(A) Individuals with disabilities of all ages.

(B) Senior individuals.

(C) Representatives of individuals with disabilities.

(D) Representatives of senior individuals.

(E) Representatives of workforce and labor organizations.

(F) Representatives of home and community-based service providers.

(G) Representatives of assisted living providers.

(d) INCLUSION OF INFORMATION ON SUPPLEMENTAL COVERAGE IN THE NATIONAL CLEARINGHOUSE FOR LONG-TERM CARE INFORMATION; EXTENSION OF FUNDING.—Section 6021(d) of the Deficit Reduction Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 1396p note) is amended—
(1) in paragraph (2)(A)—

(A) in clause (ii), by striking “and” at the end;

(B) in clause (iii), by striking the period at the end and inserting “; and”; and

(C) by adding at the end the following:

“(iv) include information regarding the CLASS program established under title XXXII of the Public Health Service Act and coverage offered by health insurance issuers (as defined in section 2791 of the Public Health Service Act) through a Gateway established under section 3101 of such Act that is supplemental coverage to the benefits provided under a CLASS Independence Benefit Plan under that program.”; and

(2) in paragraph (3), by striking “2010” and inserting “2015”.

(e) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by subsections (a), (b), and (d) take effect on January 1, 2011.
PART II—AMENDMENTS TO THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1986

SEC. 195. CREDIT FOR COSTS OF EMPLOYERS WHO ELECT TO AUTOMATICALLY ENROLL EMPLOYEES AND WITHHOLD CLASS PREMIUMS FROM WAGES.

(a) In General.—Subpart D of part IV of subchapter A of chapter 1 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (relating to business credits) is amended by inserting after section 45Q the following:

"SEC. 45R. CREDIT FOR COSTS OF AUTOMATICALLY ENROLLING EMPLOYEES AND WITHHOLDING CLASS PREMIUMS FROM WAGES.

"(a) General Rule.—For purposes of section 38, the CLASS automatic enrollment and premium withholding credit determined under this section for the taxable year is an amount equal to 25 percent of the total amount paid or incurred by the taxpayer during the taxable year to—

"(1) automatically enroll employees in the CLASS program established under title XXIX of the Public Health Service Act, and

"(2) withhold monthly CLASS premiums on behalf of an employee who is enrolled in that program."
“(b) Denial of Double Benefit.—No deduction shall be allowed under this chapter for any amount taken into account in determining the credit under this section.

“(c) Election Not to Claim Credit.—This section shall not apply to a taxpayer for any taxable year if such taxpayer elects to have this section not apply for such taxable year.”.

(b) Credit Made Part of General Business Credit.—Subsection (b) of section 38 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (relating to general business credit) is amended by striking “plus” at the end of paragraph (34), by striking the period at the end of paragraph (35) and inserting “, plus”, and by inserting after paragraph (35) the following new paragraph:

“(36) the CLASS automatic enrollment and premium withholding credit determined under section 45R(a).”.

(c) Clerical Amendment.—The table of sections for subpart D of part IV of subchapter A of chapter 1 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 45Q the following new item:

“Sec. 45R. Credit for costs of automatically enrolling employees and withholding CLASS premiums from wages.”.

(d) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this section shall apply to expenses paid or incurred after
December 31, 2010, in taxable years ending after such date.

SEC. 196. LONG-TERM CARE INSURANCE INCLUDIBLE IN CAFETERIA PLANS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 125(f) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by striking the last sentence.

(b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made by this section shall apply to taxable years beginning after December 31, 2010.

TITLE II—IMPROVING THE QUALITY AND EFFICIENCY OF HEALTH CARE

Subtitle A—National Strategy to Improve Health Care Quality

SEC. 201. NATIONAL STRATEGY.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Title III of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 241 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:
PART S—HEALTH CARE QUALITY PROGRAMS

Subpart I—National Strategy for Quality Improvement in Health Care

SEC. 399HH. NATIONAL STRATEGY FOR QUALITY IMPROVEMENT IN HEALTH CARE.

(a) Establishment of National Strategy and Priorities.—

(1) National strategy.—The Secretary, through a transparent collaborative process, shall establish a national strategy to improve the delivery of health care services, patient health outcomes, and population health.

(2) Identification of priorities.—

(A) In general.—The Secretary shall identify national priorities for improvement in developing the strategy under paragraph (1).

(B) Requirements.—The Secretary shall ensure that priorities identified under subparagraph (A) will—

(i) address the health care provided to patients with high-cost chronic diseases;

(ii) improve the design, development, demonstration, dissemination, and adoption of infrastructure and innovative methodologies and strategies for quality improvement in the delivery of health care
services that represent best practices to improve patient safety and reduce medical errors, preventable admissions and readmissions, and health care-associated infections;

“(iii) have the greatest potential for improving the health outcomes, efficiency, and patient-centeredness of health care;

“(iv) reduce health disparities across health disparity populations (as defined by section 485E) and geographic areas;

“(v) address gaps in quality and health outcomes measures, comparative effectiveness information, and data aggregation techniques, including the use of data registries;

“(vi) identify areas in the delivery of health care services that have the potential for rapid improvement in the quality of patient care;

“(vii) improve Federal payment policy to emphasize quality;

“(viii) enhance the use of health care data to improve quality, transparency, and outcomes; and
“(ix) address other areas as determined appropriate by the Secretary.

“(C) CONSIDERATIONS.—In identifying priorities under subparagraph (A), the Secretary shall take into consideration—

“(i) the recommendations submitted by qualified consensus-based entities as required under section 399JJ; and

“(ii) the recommendations of the Interagency Coordinating Working Group on Health Care Quality established under section 202 of the Affordable Health Choices Act.

“(b) STRATEGIC PLAN.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—The national strategy shall include a comprehensive strategic plan to achieve the priorities described in subsection (a).

“(2) REQUIREMENTS.—The strategic plan shall include provisions for addressing, at a minimum, the following:

“(A) Coordination among agencies within the Department, which shall include steps to minimize duplication of efforts and utilization of common quality measures, where available.
Such common quality measures shall be measures endorsed under section 399JJ.

“(B) Agency-specific strategic plans to achieve national priorities.

“(C) Establishment of annual benchmarks for each relevant agency to achieve national priorities.

“(D) A process for regular reporting by the agencies to the Secretary on the implementation of the strategic plan.

“(E) Use of common incentives among public and private payers with regard to quality and patient safety efforts.

“(F) Incorporating quality improvement and measurement in the strategic plan for health information technology required by the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (Public Law 111–5).

“(c) Periodic Update of National Strategy.—The Secretary shall update the national strategy not less than triennially. Any such update shall include a review of short- and long-term goals.

“(d) Submission and Availability of National Strategy.—The Secretary shall transmit to the relevant
Committees of Congress the national strategy and updates to such strategy.

“(e) PUBLIC REPORTING.—

“(1) ANNUAL NATIONAL HEALTH CARE QUALITY REPORT CARD.—Not later than January 31, 2011, and annually thereafter, the Secretary shall publish a national health care quality report card, which shall include—

“(A) the considerations for national priorities described in subsection (a)(2);

“(B) an analysis of the progress of the strategic plans under subsection (b)(2)(B) in achieving the national priorities under subsection (a)(2), and any gaps in such strategic plans;

“(C) the extent to which private sector strategies have informed Federal quality improvement efforts; and

“(D) a summary of consumer and provider feedback regarding quality improvement practices.

“(2) WEBSITE.—Not later than July 1, 2010, the Director shall create an Internet website to make public information regarding—
“(A) the national priorities for health care quality improvement established under subsection (a)(2);

“(B) the agency-specific strategic plans for health care quality described in subsection (b)(2)(B);

“(C) the annual national health care quality report card described in paragraph (1); and

“(D) other information, as the Secretary determines to be appropriate.”.

(b) AGENCY QUALITY REVIEW.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Each relevant agency within the Department of Health and Human Services shall review the statutory authority, regulations, policies, and procedures of such agency, as in effect on the date of enactment of this title, for purposes of determining whether there are any deficiencies or inconsistencies that prohibit full compliance with the intent, purposes, and provisions of this title (and the amendments made by this title).

(2) PROPOSALS.—Each agency described in paragraph (1) shall, not later than July 1, 2010, submit to the Secretary of Health and Human Services a proposal of the measures as may be necessary to bring the authority, regulations, policies, and pro-
cedures of such agency into conformity with the intent, purposes, and provisions of the this title (and the amendments made by this title).

SEC. 202. INTERAGENCY WORKING GROUP ON HEALTH CARE QUALITY.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The President shall convene a working group to be known as the Interagency Working Group on Health Care Quality (referred to in this section as the “Working Group”).

(b) GOALS.—The goals of the Working Group shall be to achieve the following:

(1) Collaboration, cooperation, and consultation between Federal departments and agencies with respect to developing and disseminating strategies, goals, models, and timetables that are consistent with the national priorities identified under section 399HH(a)(2) of the Public Health Service Act (as added by section 201).

(2) Avoidance of inefficient duplication of quality improvement efforts and resources, where practicable, and a streamlined process for quality reporting and compliance requirements.

(e) COMPOSITION.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Working Group shall be composed of senior level representatives of—
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(A) the Department of Health and Human Services;

(B) the Department of Labor;

(C) the United States Office of Personnel Management;

(D) the Department of Defense;

(E) the Department of Education;

(F) the Department of Veterans Affairs;

and

(G) any other Federal agencies and departments with activities relating to improving health care quality and safety, as determined by the President.

(2) CHAIR AND VICE-CHAIR.—

(A) CHAIR.—The Working Group shall be chaired by the Secretary of Health and Human Services.

(B) VICE-CHAIR.—Members of the Working Group, other than the Secretary of Health and Human Services, shall serve as Vice Chair of the Group on a rotating basis, as determined by the Group.

(d) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—Not later than December 31, 2010, and annually thereafter, the Working Group shall submit to the relevant Committees of Congress, and
make public on an Internet website, a report describing
the progress and recommendations of the Working Group
in meeting the goals described in subsection (b).

SEC. 203. QUALITY MEASURE DEVELOPMENT.

Title IX of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 299 et seq.) is amended—

(1) by redesignating part D as part E;

(2) by redesignating sections 931 through 938
as sections 941 through 948, respectively;

(3) in section 948(1), as so redesignated, by
striking “931” and inserting “941”; and

(4) by inserting after section 926 the following:

“PART D—HEALTH CARE QUALITY
IMPROVEMENT

“Subpart I—Quality Measure Development

“SEC. 931. QUALITY MEASURE DEVELOPMENT.

“(a) QUALITY MEASURE.—In this subpart, the term
‘quality measure’ means a standard for measuring the per-
formance and improvement of population health or of
health plans, providers of services, and other clinicians in
the delivery of health care services.

“(b) IDENTIFICATION OF QUALITY MEASURES.—

“(1) IDENTIFICATION.—The Director shall
identify, not less often than biennially, gaps where
no quality measures exist, or where existing quality
measures need improvement, updating, or expansion, consistent with the national strategy under section 399HH, for use in programs authorized under this Act. In identifying such gaps, the Director shall take into consideration the gaps identified by a qualified consensus-based entity under section 399JJ.

“(2) Publication.—The Director shall make available to the public on an Internet website a report on any gaps identified under paragraph (1) and the process used to make such identification.

“(c) Grants or Contracts for Quality Measure Development.—

“(1) In general.—The Director shall award grants, contracts, or intergovernmental agreements to eligible entities for purposes of developing, improving, updating, or expanding quality measures identified under subsection (b).

“(2) Prioritization in the development of quality measures.—In awarding grants, contracts, or agreements under this subsection, the Director shall give priority to the development of quality measures that allow the assessment of—

“(A) health outcomes and functional status of patients;
“(B) the continuity, management, and coordination of health care and care transitions, including episodes of care, for patients across the continuum of providers, health care settings, and health plans;

“(C) patient, caregiver, and authorized representative experience, quality and relevance of information provided to patients, caregivers, and authorized representatives, and use of information by patients, caregivers, and authorized representatives to inform decision making about treatment options and, where appropriate, palliative care;

“(D) the safety, effectiveness, and timeliness of care;

“(E) health disparities across health disparity populations (as defined in section 485E) and geographic areas;

“(F) the appropriate use of health care resources and services; or

“(G) use of innovative strategies and methodologies identified under section 933.

“(3) ELIGIBLE ENTITIES.—To be eligible for a grant or contract under this subsection, an entity shall—
“(A) have demonstrated expertise and capacity in the development and evaluation of quality measures;

“(B) have adopted procedures to include in the quality measure development process—

“(i) the views of those providers or payers whose performance will be assessed by the measure; and

“(ii) the views of other parties who also will use the quality measures (such as patients, consumers, and health care purchasers);

“(C) collaborate with a qualified consensus-based entity (as defined in section 399JJ), as practicable, and the Secretary so that quality measures developed by the eligible entity will meet the requirements to be considered for endorsement by such qualified consensus-based entity;

“(D) have transparent policies regarding conflicts of interest; and

“(E) submit an application to the Director at such time and in such manner, as the Director may require.
“(4) Use of Funds.—An entity that receives a grant, contract, or agreement under this subsection shall use such award to develop quality measures that meet the following requirements:

“(A) Such measures build upon measures developed under section 1139A of Social Security Act, where applicable.

“(B) To the extent practicable, data on such quality measures is able to be collected using health information technologies.

“(C) Each quality measure is free of charge to users of such measure.

“(D) Each quality measure is publicly available on an Internet website.

“(d) Other Activities by the Director.—The Director may use amounts available under this section to update and test, where applicable, quality measures endorsed by a qualified consensus-based entity (as defined in section 399JJ) or adopted by the Secretary.

“(e) Funding.—There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section, $75,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2010 through 2014.”.
SEC. 204. QUALITY MEASURE ENDORSEMENT; PUBLIC REPORTING; DATA COLLECTION.

Title III of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 241 et seq.), as amended by section 201, is further amended by adding at the end the following:

“Subpart II—Health Care Quality Programs

“SEC. 399JJ. QUALITY MEASURE ENDORSEMENT.

“(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this subpart:

“(1) QUALIFIED CONSENSUS-BASED ENTITY.—
The term ‘qualified consensus-based entity’ means an entity with a contract with the Secretary under section 1890 of the Social Security Act.

“(2) QUALITY MEASURE.—The term ‘quality measure’ means a standard for measuring the performance and improvement of population health or of health plans, providers of services, and other clinicians in the delivery of health care services.

“(3) MULTI-STAKEHOLDER GROUP.—The term ‘multi-stakeholder group’ means, with respect to a quality measure, a voluntary collaborative of organizations representing a broad group of stakeholders interested in or affected by the use of such quality measure.

“(b) GRANTS AND CONTRACTS.—A qualified consensus-based entity may receive a grant or contract under this subsection to—
“(1) make recommendations to the Secretary for national priorities for performance improvement in population health and in the delivery of health care services;

“(2) identify gaps in endorsed quality measures, which shall include measures that—

“(A) are within priority areas identified by the Secretary under the national strategy established under section 399HH;

“(B) assess common care episodes, patient health outcomes, processes, efficiency, cost, and appropriate use of health care and address health disparities across health disparity populations (as defined in section 485E) and geographic areas; or

“(C) assess use of innovative methodologies and strategies for quality improvement practices in the delivery of health care services that represent best practices for such quality improvement identified in section 933;

“(3) identify and endorse quality measures, including measures that address gaps identified in paragraph (2);

“(4) update endorsed quality measures at least every 3 years;
“(5) make endorsed quality measures publicly available and have a plan for broad-based dissemination of endorsed measures; and

“(6) transmit endorsed quality measures to the Secretary.

“(e) ANNUAL REPORTS.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—A qualified consensus-based entity that receives a grant or contract under this section shall provide a report to the Secretary not less than annually—

“(A) of where gaps (as described in subsection (b)(2)) exist and where quality measures are unavailable or inadequate to identify or address such gaps; and

“(B) regarding areas in which evidence is insufficient to support endorsement of quality measures in priority areas identified by the Secretary under the national strategy established under section 399HH and where targeted research may address such gaps.

“(2) IMPACT OF QUALITY MEASURES.—A qualified consensus-based entity that receives a grant or contract under this section shall provide a report to the Secretary not less than annually regarding the
economic and quality impact of the use of endorsed measures.

“(d) PRIORITIES FOR PERFORMANCE IMPROVEMENT.—

“(1) RECOMMENDATION FOR NATIONAL PRIORITIES.—A qualified consensus-based entity that receives a grant or contract under this section shall evaluate evidence and convene multi-stakeholder groups to make recommendations to the Secretary for national priorities for performance improvement in population health and in the delivery of health care services for consideration under the national strategy established under section 399HH. The qualified consensus-based entity shall make such recommendations not less frequently than triennially.

“(2) REQUIREMENTS FOR TRANSPARENCY IN PROCESS.—

“(A) IN GENERAL.—In convening multi-stakeholder groups under paragraph (1) with respect to recommendations for national priorities, the qualified consensus-based entity shall provide for an open and transparent process for the activities conducted pursuant to such convening.
“(B) Selection of Organizations Participating in Multi-Stakeholder Groups.—The process under subparagraph (A) shall ensure that the selection of representatives comprising such groups provides for public nominations for, and the opportunity for public comment on, such selection.

“(3) Considerations in Recommending Priorities.—In making recommendations under paragraph (1), the qualified consensus-based entity shall ensure that priority is given to areas in the delivery of health care services for all populations including children, and other vulnerable populations that—

“(A) address the health care provided to patients with prevalent, high-cost chronic diseases;

“(B) improve the design, development, demonstration, and adoption of infrastructure and innovative methodologies and strategies for quality improvement practices in the delivery of health care services, including those that improve patient safety and reduce medical errors, readmissions, and health care-associated infections;
“(C) have the greatest potential for improving the health outcomes, efficiency, and patient-centeredness of health care;

“(D) reduce health disparities across populations (as defined in section 485E) and geographic areas;

“(E) address gaps in quality and health outcomes measures, comparative effectiveness information, and data aggregation techniques, including the use of data registries;

“(F) identify areas in the delivery of health care services that have the potential for rapid improvement in the quality of patient care; and

“(G) address the appropriate use of health care technology, resources and services.

“(e) Process for Consultation of Stakeholder Groups.—

“(1) Consultation of Selection of Endorsed Quality Measures.—A qualified consensus-based entity that receives a grant or contract under this section shall convene multi-stakeholder groups to provide guidance on the selection of individual or composite quality measures, for use in re-
porting performance information to the public or for
use in Federal health programs, from among—

“(A) such measures that have been en-
dorsed by the qualified consensus-based entity
(under section 1890(b) of the Social Security
Act or otherwise); and

“(B) such measures that have not been
considered for endorsement by the qualified
consensus-based entity but are used or proposed
to be used by the Secretary under subsection
(f)(2) under laws under the jurisdiction of the
Secretary that require the collection or report-
ing of quality measures.

“(2) TRANSMISSION OF MULTI-STAKEHOLDER
GUIDANCE.—The qualified consensus-based entity
shall transmit to the Secretary the guidance of
multi-stakeholder groups provided under paragraph
(1).

“(3) REQUIREMENT FOR TRANSPARENCY IN
PROCESS.—

“(A) IN GENERAL.—In convening multi-

stakeholder groups under paragraph (1) with
respect to the selection of quality measures, the
qualified consensus-based entity shall provide
for an open and transparent process for the activities conducted pursuant to such convening.

“(B) SELECTION OF ORGANIZATIONS PARTICIPATING IN MULTI-STAKEHOLDER GROUPS.—The process under subparagraph (A) shall ensure that the selection of representatives comprising such groups provides for public nominations for, and the opportunity for public comment on, such selection.

“(f) COORDINATION OF USE OF QUALITY MEASURES.—

“(1) ENDORSED QUALITY MEASURES.—The Secretary may make a determination under regulation or otherwise to use a quality measure described in subsection (e)(1)(A) only after taking into account the guidance of multi-stakeholder groups under subsection (e)(2).

“(2) USE OF INTERIM MEASURES.—

“(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may make a determination, by regulation or otherwise, to use a quality measure that has not been endorsed as described in subsection (e)(1)(A), provided that the Secretary—

“(i) in a timely manner, transmits the measure to the qualified consensus-based
entity for consideration for endorsement and for the multi-stakeholder consultation process under subsection (e)(1);

“(ii) publishes in the Federal Register the rationale for the use of the measure; and

“(iii) phases out use of the measure upon a decision of the qualified consensus-based entity not to endorse the measure, contingent on availability of an adequate alternative endorsed measure (as determined by the Secretary), taking into account guidance from multi-stakeholder consultation process under subsection (e)(1).

“(B) NO ADEQUATE ALTERNATIVE.—If an adequate alternative endorsed measure is not available, the Secretary shall support the development of such an alternative endorsed measure, as described in section 931.

“(3) REQUIREMENT OF COORDINATION WITH ENTITY.—

“(A) REQUIREMENT FOR NOTIFICATION OF ENTITY OF DEADLINE FOR RECOMMENDATIONS FOR QUALITY MEASURES IN PROPOSED REGULATIONS.—For each notice of proposed rule-
making to implement the collection or reporting
of data on quality measures as described in sec-
tion 399LL, the Secretary shall establish a
process for the regular provision of advance no-
tice to the qualified consensus-based entity of
the date certain by which recommendations of
the entity with respect to quality measures
must be submitted to the Secretary for consid-
eration in the development of such specified
regulation.

“(B) Timely notice.—Under the process
established under subparagraph (A), notice
shall be given to the qualified consensus-based
entity not less than 120 days before the date
certain referred to in subparagraph (A).

“(C) Publication of description of
entity recommendations and responses.—
In publishing a specified regulation, the Sec-
retary shall include a description of each rec-
ommendation of the qualified consensus-based
entity with respect to quality measures and
shall include responses of the Secretary to each
such recommendation.

“(D) Definition.—In this paragraph, the
term ‘specified regulation’ means a notice of
proposed rulemaking to implement the collection or reporting of data on quality measures as described in section 399LL.

“(4) EFFECTIVE DATE.—This subsection shall apply with respect to determinations or requirements by the Secretary for the use of quality measures made on or after the date of enactment of the Affordable Health Choices Act.

“(g) REVIEW OF QUALITY MEASURES USED BY THE SECRETARY.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—Not less than once every 3 years, the Secretary shall review quality measures used by the Secretary and, with respect to each such measure, shall determine whether to—

“(A) maintain the use of such measure; or

“(B) phase out such measure.

“(2) CONSIDERATIONS.—In conducting the review under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall—

“(A) seek to avoid duplication of measures used; and

“(B) take into consideration current innovative methodologies and strategies for quality improvement practices in the delivery of health care services that represent best practices for such quality improvement and measures en-
dorsed by a qualified consensus-based entity since the previous review by the Secretary.

“(h) Process for Dissemination of Measures Used by the Secretary.—The Secretary shall establish a process for disseminating quality measures used by the Secretary. Such process shall include the incorporation of such measures, where applicable, in workforce programs, training curricula, payment programs, and any other means of dissemination determined by the Secretary. The Secretary shall establish a process to disseminate such quality measures to the Interagency Working Group established in section 202 of the Affordable Health Choices Act.

“(i) Funding.—To carry out this section there are authorized to be appropriated $50,000,000 for each of fiscal years for 2010 through 2014.

“SEC. 399KK. Public Reporting of Performance Information.

“(a) Reporting of Quality Measures.—

“(1) In general.—

“(A) Reporting system.—Not later than 5 years after the date of enactment of the Affordable Health Choices Act, and after notice and opportunity for public comment, the Secretary shall implement a system for the report-
ing on quality measures that protect patient privacy and, where appropriate—

“(i) assess health outcomes and functional status of patients;

“(ii) assess the continuity and coordination of care and care transitions, including episodes of care, for patients across the continuum of providers and health care settings;

“(iii) assess patient experience and patient, caregiver, and family engagement;

“(iv) assess the safety, effectiveness, and timeliness of care; and

“(v) assess health disparities (as defined by section 485E) across populations and geographic areas.

“(2) FORM AND MANNER.—The data submitted under the system implemented under paragraph (1) shall be in a form and manner specified by the Secretary.

“(3) MEASURES DESCRIBED.—The quality measures described in paragraph (1) shall—

“(A) be risk adjusted, taking into account differences in patient health status, patient
characteristics, and geographic location, as appropriate;

“(B) be valid, reliable, evidence-based, feasible to collect, and actionable by providers, payers and consumers, as appropriate;

“(C) minimize the burden of collection and reporting such measures; and

“(D) be consistent with the national strategy established by the Secretary under section 399HH.

“(b) Development of Performance Websites.—The Secretary shall make available to the public performance information summarizing data on quality measures collected in subsection (a) through a series of standardized Internet websites tailored to respond to the differing needs of hospitals and other institutional providers and services, physicians and other clinicians, patients, consumers, researchers, policymakers, States, and such other stakeholders as the Secretary may specify.

“(c) Design.—Each standardized Internet website made available under subsection (b) shall be designed to make the use and navigation of that website readily available to individuals accessing it. The Secretary shall develop a flexible format to meet the differing needs of the
various stakeholders and shall modify the website to permit a user to easily customize queries.

“(d) INFORMATION ON CONDITIONS.—Performance information made publicly available on a standardized Internet website under subsection (b) shall be presented by, but not limited to, clinical condition to the extent such information is available, and the information presented shall, where appropriate, be provider-specific and sufficiently disaggregated and specific to meet the needs of patients with different clinical conditions.

“(e) CONSULTATION.—The Secretary shall carry out this section in collaboration with a qualified consensus-based entity under section 399JJ to determine the type of information that is useful to stakeholders and the format that best facilitates use of the reports and of performance reporting Internet websites. The qualified consensus-based entity shall convene multi-stakeholder groups as provided in section 399JJ to review the design and format of each Internet website made available under subsection (b) and shall transmit to the Secretary the views of such multi-stakeholder groups with respect to each such design and format.
"SEC. 399LL. EVALUATION OF DATA COLLECTION PROCESS FOR QUALITY MEASUREMENT.

(a) GAO EVALUATIONS.—The Comptroller General of the United States shall conduct periodic evaluations of the implementation of the data collection processes for quality measures used by the Secretary.

(b) CONSIDERATIONS.—In carrying out the evaluation under subsection (a), the Comptroller General shall determine—

“(1) whether the system for the collection of data for quality measures provides for validation of data as relevant, fair, and scientifically credible;

“(2) whether data collection efforts under the system use the most efficient and cost-effective means in a manner that minimizes administrative burden on persons required to collect data and that adequately protects the privacy of patients’ personal health information and provides data security;

“(3) whether standards under the system provide for an opportunity for physicians and other clinicians and institutional providers of services to review and correct findings; and

“(4) the extent to which quality measures—

“(A) assess health outcomes and functional status of patients;
“(B) assess the continuity and coordination of care and care transitions, including episodes of care, for patients across the continuum of providers, age, and health care settings;

“(C) assess patient experience and patient, caregiver, and family engagement;

“(D) assess the safety, effectiveness, and timeliness of care;

“(E) assess health disparities across health disparity populations (as defined by section 485E) and geographic areas;

“(F) address the appropriate use of health care resources and services;

“(G) are designed to be collected as part of health information technologies supporting better delivery of health care services;

“(H) result in direct or indirect costs to users of such measures; and

“(I) provide utility to both the care of individuals and the management of population health.

“(c) REPORT.—The Comptroller General shall submit reports to Congress and to the Secretary containing a description of the findings and conclusions of the results of each such evaluation.”.
SEC. 205. COLLECTION AND ANALYSIS OF QUALITY MEASURE DATA.

(a) In General.—Part S of title III of the Public Health Service Act, as amended by section 204, is further amended by adding at the end the following:

“SEC. 399MM. COLLECTION AND ANALYSIS OF QUALITY MEASURE DATA.

“(a) Establishment of Process.—The Secretary shall establish a process to collect, and validate, aggregate data on quality measures described in section 399JJ to facilitate public reporting. Such process shall—

“(1) be focused, scientifically sound, and practicable to implement;

“(2) where practicable, be incorporated into health information technology to allow collection of measures at the point of care; and

“(3) integrate data from public sources (such as data from Federal health programs) and private sources (such as health insurance issuers).

“(b) Data Collection and Aggregation.—

“(1) In General.—

“(A) Collection and Aggregation by Secretary.—The Secretary shall collect, validate, and aggregate data on quality measures described in subsection (a) from providers receiving funds under this Act.
“(B) GRANTS AND CONTRACTS.—The Secretary may award grants or contracts to eligible entities to collect, validate, and aggregate data on quality measures under subparagraph (A).

“(2) ELIGIBLE ENTITIES.—To be eligible for a grant or contract under this subsection, an entity shall—

“(A) be—

“(i) a public or private entity, such as an entity of State or region; or

“(ii) an entity that administers a disease or population registry, including through the collection and aggregation of data;

“(B) provide timely information to health care providers regarding the performance of health care providers on quality measures relative to the performance of other health providers on such quality measures;

“(C) make de-identified data on quality measures available to the public in accordance with the process established by the Secretary under subsection (e);

“(D) collaborate with State health information technology entities and exchanges;
'“(E) meet the standards for data aggregators established by the Secretary under paragraph (3); and

“(F) submit to the Secretary an application at such time, in such manner, and containing—

“(i) an assurance that the entity will meet each such standard; and

“(ii) such other information as the Secretary may require.

“(3) Standards for data aggregators.—

The Secretary shall establish standards for data aggregators that shall be met by each entity that receives a grant or contract under this subsection. Such standards shall include standards on the protection of the security and privacy of patient data.

“(c) Term of Award.—A grant or contract under this subsection shall be awarded for a term of 5 years.

“(d) Authorization of Appropriations.—There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section $75,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2010 through 2014.”.

(b) HIT Policy Committee.—Section 3002(b)(2)(B) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 300jj–12(b)(2)(B)) is amended by adding at the end the following:
“(ix) The use of certified electronic health records to collect and report quality measures accepted by the Secretary.”.

Subtitle B—Health Care Quality Improvements

SEC. 211. HEALTH CARE DELIVERY SYSTEM RESEARCH; QUALITY IMPROVEMENT TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.

Part D of title IX of the Public Health Service Act, as amended by section 201, is further amended by adding at the end the following:

“Subpart II—Health Care Quality Improvement Programs

“SEC. 933. HEALTH CARE DELIVERY SYSTEM RESEARCH.

“(a) PURPOSE.—The purposes of this section are to—

“(1) enable the Director to identify, develop, evaluate, disseminate, and provide training in innovative methodologies and strategies for quality improvement practices in the delivery of health care services that represent best practices (referred to as ‘best practices’) in health care quality, safety, and value; and

“(2) ensure that the Director is accountable for implementing a model to pursue such research in a
collaborative manner with other related Federal agencies.

“(b) ESTABLISHMENT OF CENTER.—There is established within the Agency the Patient Safety Research Center (referred to in this section as the ‘Center’).

“(c) GENERAL FUNCTIONS OF CENTER.—The Center shall—

“(1) carry out its functions using research from a variety of disciplines, which may include epidemiology, health services, sociology, psychology, human factors engineering, biostatistics, health economics, clinical research, and health informatics;

“(2) conduct or support activities for activities identified in subsection (a), and for—

“(A) best practices for quality improvement practices in the delivery of health care services; and

“(B) that include changes in processes of care and the redesign of systems used by providers that will reliably result in intended health outcomes, improve patient safety, and reduce medical errors (such as skill development for health care practitioners in team-based health care delivery and rapid cycle process improve-
ment) and facilitate adoption of improved workflow;

“(3) identify providers, including health care systems, single institutions, and individual providers, that—

“(A) deliver consistently high-quality, efficient health care services (as determined by the Secretary); and

“(B) employ best practices that are adaptable and scalable to diverse health care settings or effective in improving care across diverse settings;

“(4) assess research, evidence, and knowledge about what strategies and methodologies are most effective in improving health care delivery;

“(5) find ways to translate such information rapidly and effectively into practice, and document the sustainability of those improvements;

“(6) create strategies for quality improvement through the development of tools, methodologies, and interventions that can successfully reduce vari-

“(7) identify, measure, and improve organizational, human, or other causative factors, including those related to the culture and system design of a
health care organization, that contribute to the suc-
cess and sustainability of specific quality improve-
ment and patient safety strategies;

“(8) provide for the development of best prac-
tices in the delivery of health care services that—

“(A) have a high likelihood of success, 

based on structured review of empirical evi-
dence;

“(B) are specified with sufficient detail of the individual processes, steps, training, skills, 

and knowledge required for implementation and 

incorporation into workflow of health care prac-
titioners in a variety of settings;

“(C) are designed to be readily adapted by 

health care practitioners in a variety of set-
tings; and

“(D) where applicable, assist health care 

practitioners in working with other health care 

practitioners across the continuum of care and 

in engaging patients and their families in im-
proving the care and patient health outcomes;

“(9) provide for the funding of the activities of 

organizations with recognized expertise and excel-

lence in improving the delivery of health care serv-
ices, including children’s health care, by involving
multiple disciplines, managers of health care entities, broad development and training, patients, caregivers and families, and frontline health care workers, including activities for the examination of strategies to share best quality improvement practices and to promote excellence in the delivery of health care services; and

“(10) build capacity at the State and community level to lead quality and safety efforts through education, training, and mentoring programs to carry out the activities under paragraphs (1) through (9).

“(d) RESEARCH FUNCTIONS OF CENTER.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—The Center shall support, such as through a contract or other mechanism, research on health care delivery system improvement and the development of tools to facilitate adoption of best practices that improve the quality, safety, and efficiency of health care delivery services. Such support may include establishing a Quality Improvement Network Research Program for the purpose of testing, scaling, and disseminating of interventions to improve quality and efficiency in health care. Recipients of funding under the Program may include
national, State, multi-State, or multi-site quality improvement networks.

“(2) RESEARCH REQUIREMENTS.—The research conducted pursuant to paragraph (1) shall—

“(A) address the priorities identified by the Secretary in the national strategic plan established under section 399HH;

“(B) identify areas in which evidence is insufficient to identify strategies and methodologies, taking into consideration areas of insufficient evidence identified by a qualified consensus-based entity in the report required under section 399JJ;

“(C) address concerns identified by health care institutions and providers and communicated through the Center pursuant to subsection (e);

“(D) reduce preventable morbidity, mortality, and associated costs of morbidity and mortality by building capacity for patient safety research;

“(E) support the discovery of processes for the reliable, safe, efficient, and responsive delivery of health care, taking into account discov-
eries from clinical research and comparative effectiveness research;

“(F) be designed to help improve health care quality and is tested in practice-based settings;

“(G) allow communication of research findings and translate evidence into practice recommendations that are adaptable to a variety of settings, and which, as soon as practicable after the establishment of the Center, shall include—

“(i) the implementation of a national application of Intensive Care Unit improvement projects relating to the adult (including geriatric), pediatric, and neonatal patient populations;

“(ii) practical methods for addressing health care associated infections, including Methicillin–Resistant Staphylococcus Aureus and Vancomycin–Resistant Entercoccus infections and other emerging infections; and

“(iii) practical methods for reducing preventable hospital admissions and re-admissions;
“(H) expand demonstration projects for improving the quality of children’s health care and the use of health information technology, such as through Pediatric Quality Improvement Collaboratives and Learning Networks, consistent with provisions of section 1139A of the Social Security Act for assessing and improving quality, where applicable;

“(I) identify and mitigate hazards by—

“(i) analyzing events reported to patient safety reporting systems and patient safety organizations; and

“(ii) using the results of such analyses to develop scientific methods of response to such events;

“(J) include the conduct of systematic reviews of existing practices that improve the quality, safety, and efficiency of health care delivery, as well as new research on improving such practices; and

“(K) include the examination of how to measure and evaluate the progress of quality and patient safety activities.

“(e) DISSEMINATION OF RESEARCH FINDINGS.—
“(1) Public Availability.—The Director shall make the research findings of the Center available to the public through multiple media and appropriate formats to reflect the varying needs of consumers and diverse levels of health literacy.

“(2) Linkage to Health Information Technology.—The Secretary shall ensure that research findings and results generated by the Center are shared with the Office of the National Coordinator of Health Information Technology and used to inform the activities of the health information technology extension program under section 3012, as well as any relevant standards, certification criteria, or implementation specifications.

“(f) Prioritization.—The Director shall identify and regularly update a list of processes or systems on which to focus research and dissemination activities of the Center, taking into account—

“(1) cost to Federal health programs;

“(2) consumer assessment of health care experience;

“(3) provider assessment of such processes or systems and opportunities to minimize distress and injury to the health care workforce;
“(4) potential impact of such processes or systems on health status and function of patients, including vulnerable populations including children;

“(5) areas of insufficient evidence identified under subsection (d)(2)(B); and

“(6) the evolution of meaningful use of health information technology, as defined in section 3000.

“(g) FUNDING.—There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section $20,000,000 for fiscal years 2010 through 2014.

“SEC. 934. QUALITY IMPROVEMENT TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE AND IMPLEMENTATION.

“(a) IN GENERAL.—The Director, through the Patient Safety Research Center established in section 933 (referred to in this section as the ‘Center’), shall award—

“(1) technical assistance grants or contracts to eligible entities to provide technical support to institutions that deliver health care and health care providers so that such institutions and providers understand, adapt, and implement the models and practices identified in the research conducted by the Center, including the Quality Improvement Networks Research Program; and
“(2) implementation grants or contracts to eligible entities to implement the models and practices described under paragraph (1).

“(b) ELIGIBLE ENTITIES.—

“(1) TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE AWARD.—To be eligible to receive a technical assistance grant or contract under subsection (a)(1), an entity—

“(A) may be a provider, provider association, professional society, health care worker organization, quality improvement organization, patient safety organization, local quality improvement collaborative, the Joint Commission, academic health center, university, physician-based research network, primary care extension program established under section 399T, or any other entity identified by the Secretary; and

“(B) shall have demonstrated expertise in providing information and technical support and assistance to health care providers regarding quality improvement.

“(2) IMPLEMENTATION AWARD.—To be eligible to receive an implementation grant or contract under subsection (a)(2), an entity—
“(A) may be a hospital or other provider or consortium or providers, as determined by the Secretary; and

“(B) shall have demonstrated expertise in providing information and technical support and assistance to health care providers regarding quality improvement.

“(c) Application.—

“(1) Technical Assistance Award.—To receive a technical assistance grant or contract under subsection (a)(1), an eligible entity shall submit an application to the Secretary at such time, in such manner, and containing—

“(A) a plan for a sustainable business model that may include a system of—

“(i) charging fees to institutions and providers that receive technical support from the entity; and

“(ii) reducing or eliminating such fees for such institutions and providers that serve low-income populations; and

“(B) such other information as the Director may require.

“(2) Implementation Award.—To receive a grant or contract under subsection (a)(2), an eligible
entity shall submit an application to the Secretary at
such time, in such manner, and containing—

“(A) a plan for implementation of a model
or practice identified in the research conducted
by the Center including—

“(i) financial cost, staffing require-
ments, and timeline for implementation;
and

“(ii) pre- and projected post imple-
mentation quality measure performance
data in targeted improvement areas identi-
fied by the Secretary; and

“(B) such other information as the Direc-
tor may require.

“(d) MATCHING FUNDS.—The Director may not
award a grant or contract under this section to an entity
unless the entity agrees that it will make available (di-
rectly or through contributions from other public or pri-
ivate entities) non-Federal contributions toward the activi-
ties to be carried out under the grant or contract in an
amount equal to $1 for each $5 of Federal funds provided
under the grant or contract. Such non-Federal matching
funds may be provided directly or through donations from
public or private entities and may be in cash or in–kind,
fairly evaluated, including plant, equipment, or services.
“(e) EVALUATION.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—The Director shall evaluate the performance of each entity that receives a grant or contract under this section. The evaluation of an entity shall include a study of—

“(A) the success of such entity in achieving the implementation, by the health care institutions and providers assisted by such entity, of the models and practices identified in the research conducted by the Center under section 933;

“(B) the perception of the health care institutions and providers assisted by such entity regarding the value of the entity; and

“(C) where practicable, better patient health outcomes and lower cost resulting from the assistance provided by such entity.

“(2) EFFECT OF EVALUATION.—Based on the outcome of the evaluation of the entity under paragraph (1), the Director shall determine whether to renew a grant or contract with such entity under this section.

“(f) COORDINATION.—The entities that receive a grant or contract under this section shall coordinate with health information technology regional extension centers
under section 3012(c) and the primary care extension pro-
gram established under section 399T regarding the dis-
semination of quality improvement, system delivery re-
form, and best practices information.”.

SEC. 212. GRANTS TO ESTABLISH COMMUNITY HEALTH
TEAMS TO SUPPORT A MEDICAL HOME
MODEL.

(a) In General.—The Secretary of Health and
Human Services (referred to in this section as the “Sec-
retary”) shall establish a program to provide grants to eli-
gible entities to establish community-based multidisci-
plinary, interprofessional teams (referred to in this section
as “health teams”) to support primary care practices with-
in the hospital service areas served by the eligible entities.
Grants shall be used to—

(1) establish health teams to provide support
services to primary care providers; and

(2) provide capitated payments to primary care
providers as determined by the Secretary.

(b) Eligible Entities.—To be eligible to receive a
grant under subsection (a), an entity shall—

(1) be a State or State-designated entity;

(2) submit a plan for achieving long-term finan-
cial sustainability within 3 years;
(3) submit a plan for incorporating prevention initiatives and patient education and care management resources into the delivery of health care and integrating with community-based prevention and treatment resources, where available;

(4) ensure that the health team established by the entity includes a multidisciplinary, interprofessional team of providers, as determined by the Secretary; such team may include specialists, nurses, nutritionists, dieticians, social workers, behavioral and mental health providers, licensed complementary and alternative medicine practitioners; and

(5) submit to the Secretary an application at such time, in such manner, and containing such information as the Secretary may require.

(c) REQUIREMENTS FOR HEALTH TEAMS.—A health team established pursuant to a grant under subsection (a) shall—

(1) establish contractual agreements with primary care providers to provide support services;

(2) support medical homes, defined as mode of care that includes—

(A) personal physicians;

(B) whole person orientation;

(C) coordinated and integrated care;
(D) safe and high quality care through evidence-based medicine, appropriate use of health information technology, and continuous quality improvements;

(E) expanded access to care; and

(F) payment that recognizes added value to patient in a patient-centered care;

(3) collaborate with local primary care providers and existing State and community based resources to coordinate disease prevention, chronic disease management, transitioning between health care providers and settings and case management for patients, including children, with priority given to those with chronic diseases or conditions identified by the Secretary;

(4) in collaboration with local providers, develop and implement multidisciplinary, interprofessional care plans that integrate clinical and community preventive services for patients, including children, with priority given to those with chronic diseases or conditions identified by the Secretary;

(5) incorporate providers, patients, caregivers, and authorized representatives in program design and oversight;
(6) provide support necessary for local primary care providers to—

(A) coordinate and provide access to high-quality health care services;

(B) provide access to appropriate specialty care and inpatient services;

(C) provide quality-driven, cost-effective, culturally appropriate, and patient- and family-centered health care;

(D) provide access to pharmacist-delivered medication therapy management services, including medication reconciliation;

(E) promote effective strategies for treatment planning, monitoring health outcomes and resource use, sharing information, treatment decision support, and organizing care to avoid duplication of service and other medical management approaches intended to improve quality and value of health care services;

(F) provide local access to the continuum of health care services in the most appropriate setting, including access to individuals that implement the care plans of patients and coordinate care, such as integrative health care practitioners;
(G) collect and report data that permits evaluation of the success of the collaborative effort, including collection of survey data on patient experience of care, and identification of areas for improvement; and

(H) establish a coordinated system of early identification and referral for children at risk for developmental or behavioral problems such as through the use of infolines, health information technology, or other means as determined by the Secretary;

(7) provide 24-hour care management and support during transitions in care settings including—

(A) a transitional care program that provides in site visits from the care coordinator, assists with the development of discharge plans and medication reconciliation upon admission to and discharge from the hospitals, nursing home, or other institution setting;

(B) discharge planning and counseling support to providers, patients, caregivers, and authorized representatives;

(C) assuring that post-discharge care plans include medication therapy management, as appropriate;
(D) referrals for mental and behavioral health services, which may include the use of infolines; and

(E) transitional health care needs form adolescence to adulthood;

(8) serve as a liaison to community prevention and treatment programs;

(9) demonstrate a capacity to implement and maintain health information technology that meets the requirements of certified EHR technology (as defined in section 3000 of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 300jj)) to facilitate coordination among members of the applicable care team and affiliated primary care practices; and

(10) where applicable, report to the Secretary information on quality measures used under section 399JJ of the Public Health Service Act.

(d) REQUIREMENT FOR PRIMARY CARE PROVIDERS.—A provider who contracts with a care team shall—

(1) provide a care plan to the care team for each patient participant;

(2) provide access to participant health records/primary care practices; and
(3) meet regularly with the care team to ensure integration of care.

(e) REPORTING TO SECRETARY.—An entity that receives a grant under subsection (a) shall submit to the Secretary a report that describes and evaluates, as requested by the Secretary, the activities carried out by the entity under subsection (c).

SEC. 213. GRANTS TO IMPLEMENT MEDICATION MANAGEMENT SERVICES IN TREATMENT OF CHRONIC DISEASE.

Title IX of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 299 et seq.), as amended by section 211, is further amended by inserting after section 936 the following:

“SEC. 935. GRANTS TO IMPLEMENT MEDICATION MANAGEMENT SERVICES IN TREATMENT OF CHRONIC DISEASES.

“(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through the Patient Safety Research Center established in section 933 (referred to in this section as the ‘Center’) shall establish a program to provide grants to eligible entities to implement medication management (referred to in this section as ‘MTM’) services provided by licensed pharmacists, as a collaborative, multidisciplinary, inter-professional approach to the treatment of chronic diseases for targeted individuals, to improve the quality of care and reduce over-
all cost in the treatment of such diseases. The Secretary shall commence the grant program not later than May 1, 2010.

“(b) ELIGIBLE ENTITIES.—To be eligible to receive a grant under subsection (a), an entity shall—

“(1) provide a setting appropriate for MTM services, as recommended by the experts described in subsection (e);

“(2) submit to the Secretary a plan for achieving long-term financial sustainability;

“(3) where applicable, submit a plan for coordinating MTM services through local community health teams established in section 212 of the Affordable Health Choices Act or in collaboration with primary care extension programs established in section 399T;

“(4) submit a plan for meeting the requirements under subsection (c); and

“(5) submit to the Secretary such other information as the Secretary may require.

“(c) MTM SERVICES TO TARGETED INDIVIDUALS.—The MTM services provided with the assistance of a grant awarded under subsection (a) shall, as allowed by State law including applicable collaborative pharmacy practice agreements, include—
“(1) performing or obtaining necessary assessments of the health and functional status of each patient receiving such MTM services;

“(2) formulating an MTM plan according to therapeutic goals agreed upon by the prescriber and the patient or caregiver or authorized representative of the patient;

“(3) selecting, initiating, modifying, recommending changes to, or administering MTM services;

“(4) monitoring, which may include access to, ordering, or performing laboratory assessments, and evaluating the response of the patient to therapy, including safety and effectiveness;

“(5) performing an initial comprehensive medication review to identify, resolve, and prevent medication-related problems, including adverse drug events, quarterly targeted medication reviews for ongoing monitoring, and additional followup interventions on a schedule developed collaboratively with the prescriber;

“(6) documenting the care delivered and communicating essential information about such care, including a summary of the medication review, and the recommendations of the pharmacist to other ap-
propriate health care providers of the patient in a timely fashion;

“(7) providing education and training designed to enhance the understanding and appropriate use of the medications by the patient, caregiver, and other authorized representative;

“(8) providing information, support services, and resources and strategies designed to enhance patient adherence with therapeutic regimens;

“(9) coordinating and integrating MTM services within the broader health care management services provided to the patient; and

“(10) such other patient care services in allowed under with pharmacists scope of practice, in accordance with Federal law.

“(d) TARGETED INDIVIDUALS.—MTM services provided by licensed pharmacists under a grant awarded under subsection (a) shall be offered to targeted individuals who—

“(1) take 4 or more prescribed medications (including over-the-counter and dietary supplements);

“(2) take any ‘high risk’ medications;

“(3) have 2 or more chronic diseases, as identified by the Secretary; or
“(4) have undergone a transition of care, or other factors, as determined by the Secretary, that are likely to create a high risk of medication-related problems.

“(e) CONSULTATION WITH EXPERTS.—In designing and implementing MTM services provided under grants awarded under subsection (a), the Secretary shall consult with Federal, State, private, public-private, and academic entities, pharmacy and pharmacist organizations, health care organizations, consumer advocates, chronic disease groups, and other stakeholders involved with the research, dissemination, and implementation of pharmacist-delivered MTM services, as the Secretary determines appropriate. The Secretary, in collaboration with this group, shall determine whether it is possible to incorporate rapid cycle process improvement concepts in use in other Federal programs that have implemented MTM services.

“(f) REPORTING TO THE SECRETARY.—An entity that receives a grant under subsection (a) shall submit to the Secretary a report that describes and evaluates, as requested by the Secretary, the activities carried out under subsection (c), including quality measures endorsed under 399JJ, as determined by the Secretary.
“(g) **EVALUATION AND REPORT.**—The Secretary shall submit to the relevant committees of Congress a report which shall—

“(1) assess the clinical effectiveness of pharmacist-provided services under the MTM services program, as compared to usual care, including an evaluation of whether enrollees maintained better health with fewer hospitalizations and emergency room visits than similar patients not enrolled in the program;

“(2) assess changes in overall health care resource of targeted individuals;

“(3) assess patient and prescriber satisfaction with MTM services;

“(4) assess the impact of patient-cost sharing requirements on medication adherence and recommendations for modifications;

“(5) identify and evaluate other factors that may impact clinical and economic outcomes, including demographic characteristics, clinical characteristics, and health services use of the patient, as well as characteristics of the regimen, pharmacy benefit, and MTM services provided; and

“(6) evaluate of the extent to which participating pharmacists who maintain a dispensing role
have a conflict of interest in the provision of MTM services, and if such conflict is found, provide recommendations on how such a conflict might be appropriately addressed.

“(h) GRANT TO FUND DEVELOPMENT OF PERFORMANCE MEASURES.—Secretary may, through the quality measure development program under section 931 of the Public Health Service Act (as amended by this Act), award grants or contracts to eligible entities for the purpose of funding the development of performance measures that assess the use and effectiveness of medication therapy management services.”.

SEC. 214. DESIGN AND IMPLEMENTATION OF REGIONALIZED SYSTEMS FOR EMERGENCY CARE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Title XII of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 300d et seq.) is amended—

(1) in section 1203—

(A) in the section heading, by inserting “FOR TRAUMA SYSTEMS” after “GRANTS”; and

(B) in subsection (a), by striking “Administrator of the Health Resources and Services Administration” and inserting “Assistant Secretary for Preparedness and Response”;
(2) by inserting after section 1203 the following:

"SEC. 1204. COMPETITIVE GRANTS FOR REGIONALIZED SYSTEMS FOR EMERGENCY CARE RESPONSE.

"(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through the Assistant Secretary for Preparedness and Response, shall award not fewer than 4 multiyear contracts or competitive grants to eligible entities to support pilot projects that design, implement, and evaluate innovative models of regionalized, comprehensive, and accountable emergency care and trauma systems.

"(b) ELIGIBLE ENTITY; REGION.—In this section:

"(1) ELIGIBLE ENTITY.—The term ‘eligible entity’ means a State or a partnership of 1 or more States and 1 or more local governments.

"(2) REGION.—The term ‘region’ means an area within a State, an area that lies within multiple States, or a similar area (such as a multicounty area), as determined by the Secretary.

"(3) EMERGENCY SERVICES.—The term ‘emergency services’ includes acute, prehospital, and trauma care.

"(e) PILOT PROJECTS.—The Secretary shall award a contract or grant under subsection (a) to an eligible enti-
ty that proposes a pilot project to design, implement, and
evaluate an emergency medical and trauma system that—

“(1) coordinates with public health and safety
services, emergency medical services, medical facili-
ties, trauma centers, and other entities in a region
to develop an approach to emergency medical and
trauma system access throughout the region, including 9–1–1 Public Safety Answering Points and
emergency medical dispatch;

“(2) includes a mechanism, such as a regional
medical direction or transport communications sys-
tem, that operates throughout the region to ensure
that the patient is taken to the medically appro-
priate facility (whether an initial facility or a higher-
level facility) in a timely fashion;

“(3) allows for the tracking of prehospital and
hospital resources, including inpatient bed capacity,
emergency department capacity, trauma center ca-
pacity, on-call specialist coverage, ambulance diver-
sion status, and the coordination of such tracking
with regional communications and hospital destina-
tion decisions; and

“(4) includes a consistent region-wide
prehospital, hospital, and interfacility data manage-
ment system that—
“(A) submits data to the National EMS Information System, the National Trauma Data Bank, and others;

“(B) reports data to appropriate Federal and State databanks and registries; and

“(C) contains information sufficient to evaluate key elements of prehospital care, hospital destination decisions, including initial hospital and interfacility decisions, and relevant health outcomes of hospital care.

“(d) APPLICATION.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—An eligible entity that seeks a contract or grant described in subsection (a) shall submit to the Secretary an application at such time and in such manner as the Secretary may require.

“(2) APPLICATION INFORMATION.—Each application shall include—

“(A) an assurance from the eligible entity that the proposed system—

“(i) has been coordinated with the applicable State Office of Emergency Medical Services (or equivalent State office);

“(ii) includes consistent indirect and direct medical oversight of prehospital,
hospital, and interfacility transport throughout the region;

“(iii) coordinates prehospital treatment and triage, hospital destination, and interfacility transport throughout the region;

“(iv) includes a categorization or designation system for special medical facilities throughout the region that is integrated with transport and destination protocols;

“(v) includes a regional medical direction, patient tracking, and resource allocation system that supports day-to-day emergency care and surge capacity and is integrated with other components of the national and State emergency preparedness system; and

“(vi) addresses pediatric concerns related to integration, planning, preparedness, and coordination of emergency medical services for infants, children and adolescents; and

“(B) such other information as the Secretary may require.
“(e) Requirement of Matching Funds.—

“(1) In General.—The Secretary may not make a grant under this section unless the State (or consortia of States) involved agrees, with respect to the costs to be incurred by the State (or consortia) in carrying out the purpose for which such grant was made, to make available non-Federal contributions (in cash or in kind under paragraph (2)) toward such costs in an amount equal to not less than $1 for each $3 of Federal funds provided in the grant. Such contributions may be made directly or through donations from public or private entities.

“(2) Non-Federal Contributions.—Non-Federal contributions required in paragraph (1) may be in cash or in kind, fairly evaluated, including equipment or services (and excluding indirect or overhead costs). Amounts provided by the Federal Government, or services assisted or subsidized to any significant extent by the Federal Government, may not be included in determining the amount of such non-Federal contributions.

“(f) Priority.—The Secretary shall give priority for the award of the contracts or grants described in subsection (a) to any eligible entity that serves a population
in a medically underserved area (as defined in section 330(b)(3)).

“(g) REPORT.—Not later than 90 days after the completion of a pilot project under subsection (a), the recipient of such contract or grant described in shall submit to the Secretary a report containing the results of an evaluation of the program, including an identification of—

“(1) the impact of the regional, accountable emergency care and trauma system on patient health outcomes for various critical care categories, such as trauma, stroke, cardiac emergencies, neurological emergencies, and pediatric emergencies;

“(2) the system characteristics that contribute to the effectiveness and efficiency of the program (or lack thereof);

“(3) methods of assuring the long-term financial sustainability of the emergency care and trauma system;

“(4) the State and local legislation necessary to implement and to maintain the system;

“(5) the barriers to developing regionalized, accountable emergency care and trauma systems, as well as the methods to overcome such barriers; and

“(6) recommendations on the utilization of available funding for future regionalization efforts.
“(h) DISSEMINATION OF FINDINGS.—The Secretary shall, as appropriate, disseminate to the public and to the appropriate Committees of the Congress, the information contained in a report made under subsection (g).”;

(3) in section 1232—

(A) in subsection (a), by striking “appropriated” and all that follows through the period at the end and inserting “appropriated $24,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2010 through 2014.”; and

(B) by inserting after subsection (c) the following:

“(d) AUTHORITY.—For the purpose of carrying out parts A through C, beginning on the date of enactment of the Affordable Health Choices Act, the Secretary shall transfer authority in administering grants and related authorities under such parts from the Administrator of the Health Resources and Services Administration to the Assistant Secretary for Preparedness and Response.”.

(b) SUPPORT FOR EMERGENCY MEDICINE RESEARCH.—Part H of title IV of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 289 et seq.) is amended by inserting after the section 498C the following:
“SEC. 498D. SUPPORT FOR EMERGENCY MEDICINE RESEARCH.

“(a) EMERGENCY MEDICAL RESEARCH.—The Secretary shall support Federal programs administered by the National Institutes of Health, the Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality, the Health Resources and Services Administration, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and other agencies involved in improving the emergency care system to expand and accelerate research in emergency medical care systems and emergency medicine, including—

“(1) the basic science of emergency medicine;

“(2) the model of service delivery and the components of such models that contribute to enhanced patient health outcomes;

“(3) the translation of basic scientific research into improved practice; and

“(4) the development of timely and efficient delivery of health services.

“(b) PEDIATRIC EMERGENCY MEDICAL RESEARCH.—The Secretary shall support Federal programs administered by the National Institutes of Health, the Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality, the Health Resources and Services Administration, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and other agencies to coordinate and expand research in pediatric emergency med-
ional care systems and pediatric emergency medicine, in-
cluding—

“(1) an examination of the gaps and opportuni-
ties in pediatric emergency care research and a
strategy for the optimal organization and funding of
such research;

“(2) the role of pediatric emergency services as
an integrated component of the overall health sys-
tem;

“(3) system-wide pediatric emergency care plan-
ning, preparedness, coordination, and funding;

“(4) pediatric training in professional edu-
cation; and

“(5) research in pediatric emergency care, spe-
cifically on the efficacy, safety, and health outcomes
of medications used for infants, children, and adoles-
cents in emergency care settings in order to improve
patient safety.

“(c) IMPACT RESEARCH.—The Secretary shall sup-
port research to determine the estimated economic impact
of, and savings that result from, the implementation of
coordinated emergency care systems.

“(d) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
such sums as may be necessary for each of fiscal years 2010 through 2014.”.

SEC. 215. TRAUMA CARE CENTERS AND SERVICE AVAILABILITY.

(a) Trauma Care Centers.—

(1) Grants for trauma care centers.—

Section 1241 of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 300d–41) is amended by striking subsections (a) and (b) and inserting the following:

“(a) In General.—The Secretary shall establish 3 programs to award grants to qualified public, nonprofit, Indian Health Service, Indian tribal, and urban Indian trauma centers—

“(1) to assist in defraying substantial uncompensated care costs;

“(2) to further the core missions of such trauma centers, including by addressing costs associated with patient stabilization and transfer, trauma education and outreach, coordination with local and regional trauma systems, and essential personnel and other fixed costs; and

“(3) to provide emergency relief to ensure the continued and future availability of trauma services.

“(b) Minimum Qualifications of Trauma Centers.—
“(1) Participation in trauma care system operating under certain professional guidelines.—Except as provided in paragraph (2), the Secretary may not award a grant to a trauma center under subsection (a) unless the trauma center is a participant in a trauma system that substantially complies with section 1213.

“(2) Exemption.—Paragraph (1) shall not apply to trauma centers that are located in States with no existing trauma care system.

“(3) Qualification for substantial uncompensated care costs.—The Secretary shall award substantial uncompensated care grants under subsection (a)(1) only to trauma centers meeting at least 1 of the criteria in 1 of the following 3 categories:

“(A) Category A.—The criteria for category A are as follows:

“(i) At least 50 percent of the visits in the emergency department of the hospital in which the trauma center is located were charity or self-pay patients.

“(ii) At least 70 percent of the visits in such emergency department were Medicaid (under title XIX of the Social Secu-
rity Act (42 U.S.C. 1396 et seq.) and charity and self-pay patients combined.

“(B) CATEGORY B.—The criteria for category B are as follows:

“(i) At least 35 percent of the visits in the emergency department were charity or self-pay patients.

“(ii) At least 50 percent of the visits in the emergency department were Medicaid and charity and self-pay patients combined.

“(C) CATEGORY C.—The criteria for category C are as follows:

“(i) At least 20 percent of the visits in the emergency department were charity or self-pay patients.

“(ii) At least 30 percent of the visits in the emergency department were Medicaid and charity and self-pay patients combined.

“(4) TRAUMA CENTERS IN 1115 WAIVER STATES.—Notwithstanding paragraph (3), the Secretary may award a substantial uncompensated care grant to a trauma center under subsection (a)(1) if the trauma center qualifies for funds under a Low
Income Pool or Safety Net Care Pool established through a waiver approved under section 1115 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1315).

“(5) DESIGNATION.—The Secretary may not award a grant to a trauma center unless such trauma center is verified by the American College of Surgeons or designated by an equivalent State or local agency.

“(c) ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.—The Secretary may not award a grant to a trauma center under subsection (a)(1) unless such trauma center—

“(1) submits to the Secretary a plan satisfactory to the Secretary that demonstrates a continued commitment to serving trauma patients regardless of their ability to pay; and

“(2) has policies in place to assist patients who cannot pay for part or all of the care they receive, including a sliding fee scale, and to ensure fair billing and collection practices.”.

(2) CONSIDERATIONS IN MAKING GRANTS.—

Section 1242 of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 300d–42) is amended by striking subsections (a) and (b) and inserting the following:

“(a) SUBSTANTIAL UNCOMPENSATED CARE AWARDS.—
“(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall establish an award basis for each eligible trauma center for grants under section 1241(a)(1) according to the percentage described in paragraph (2), subject to the requirements of section 1241(b)(3).

“(2) PERCENTAGES.—The applicable percentages are as follows:

“(A) With respect to a category A trauma center, 100 percent of the uncompensated care costs.

“(B) With respect to a category B trauma center, not more than 75 percent of the uncompensated care costs.

“(C) With respect to a category C trauma center, not more than 50 percent of the uncompensated care costs.

“(b) CORE MISSION AWARDS.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—In awarding grants under section 1241(a)(2), the Secretary shall—

“(A) reserve 25 percent of the amount allocated for core mission awards for Level III and Level IV trauma centers; and

“(B) reserve 25 percent of the amount allocated for core mission awards for large urban Level I and II trauma centers—
“(i) that have at least 1 graduate medical education fellowship in trauma or trauma related specialties for which demand is exceeding supply; and

“(ii) for which—

“(I) annual uncompensated care costs exceed $10,000,000; or

“(II) at least 20 percent of emergency department visits are charity or self-pay or Medicaid patients; and

“(III) that are not eligible for substantial uncompensated care awards under section 1241(a)(1).

“(c) EMERGENCY AWARDS.—In awarding grants under section 1241(a)(3), the Secretary shall—

“(1) give preference to any application submitted by a trauma center that provides trauma care in a geographic area in which the availability of trauma care has significantly decreased or will significantly decrease if the center is forced to close or downgrade service or growth in demand for trauma services exceeds capacity; and

“(2) reallocate any emergency awards funds not obligated due to insufficient, or a lack of qualified,
applications to the significant uncompensated care award program.”.

(3) CERTAIN AGREEMENTS.—Section 1243 of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 300d–43) is amended by striking subsections (a), (b), and (c) and inserting the following:

“(a) MAINTENANCE OF FINANCIAL SUPPORT.—The Secretary may require a trauma center receiving a grant under section 1241(a) to maintain access to trauma services at comparable levels to the prior year during the grant period.

“(b) TRAUMA CARE REGISTRY.—The Secretary may require the trauma center receiving a grant under section 1241(a) to provide data to a national and centralized registry of trauma cases, in accordance with guidelines developed by the American College of Surgeons, and as the Secretary may otherwise require.”.

(4) GENERAL PROVISIONS.—Section 1244 of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 300d–44) is amended by striking subsections (a), (b), and (c) and inserting the following:

“(a) APPLICATION.—The Secretary may not award a grant to a trauma center under section 1241(a) unless such center submits an application for the grant to the Secretary and the application is in such form, is made in
such manner, and contains such agreements, assurances, and information as the Secretary determines to be necessary to carry out this part.

“(b) LIMITATION ON DURATION OF SUPPORT.—The period during which a trauma center receives payments under a grant under section 1241(a)(3) shall be for 3 fiscal years, except that the Secretary may waive such requirement for a center and authorize such center to receive such payments for 1 additional fiscal year.

“(c) LIMITATION ON AMOUNT OF GRANT.—Notwithstanding section 1242(a), a grant under section 1241 may not be made in an amount exceeding $2,000,000 for each fiscal year.

“(d) ELIGIBILITY.—Except as provided in section 1242(b)(1)(B)(iii), acquisition of, or eligibility for, a grant under section 1241(a) shall not preclude a trauma center from being eligible for other grants described in such section.

“(e) FUNDING DISTRIBUTION.—Of the total amount appropriated for a fiscal year under section 1245, 70 percent shall be used for substantial uncompensated care awards under section 1241(a)(1), 20 percent shall be used for core mission awards under section 1241(a)(2), and 10 percent shall be used for emergency awards under section 1241(a)(3).
“(f) MINIMUM ALLOWANCE.—Notwithstanding sub-
section (e), if the amount appropriated for a fiscal year
under section 1245 is less than $25,000,000, all available
funding for such fiscal year shall be used for substantial
uncompensated care awards under section 1241(a)(1).

“(g) SUBSTANTIAL UNCOMPENSATED CARE AWARD
DISTRIBUTION AND PROPORTIONAL SHARE.—Notwith-
standing section 1242(a), of the amount appropriated for
substantial uncompensated care grants for a fiscal year,
the Secretary shall—

“(1) make available—

“(A) 50 percent of such funds for category
A trauma center grantees;

“(B) 35 percent of such funds for category
B trauma center grantees; and

“(C) 15 percent of such funds for category
C trauma center grantees; and

“(2) provide available funds within each cat-
egory in a manner proportional to the award basis
specified in section 1242(a)(2) to each eligible trau-
ma center.

“(h) REPORT.—Beginning 2 years after the date of
enactment of the Affordable Health Choices Act, and
every 2 years thereafter, the Secretary shall biennially re-
port to Congress regarding the status of the grants made
under section 1241 and on the overall financial stability of trauma centers.”.

(5) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—

Section 1245 of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 300d–45) is amended to read as follows:

“SEC. 1245. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

“For the purpose of carrying out this part, there are authorized to be appropriated $100,000,000 for fiscal year 2009, and such sums as may be necessary for each of fiscal years 2010 through 2015. Such authorization of appropriations is in addition to any other authorization of appropriations or amounts that are available for such purpose.”.

(6) DEFINITION.—Part D of title XII of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 300d–41 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“SEC. 1246. DEFINITION.

“In this part, the term ‘uncompensated care costs’ means unreimbursed costs from serving self-pay, charity, or Medicaid patients, without regard to payment under section 1923 of the Social Security Act, all of which are attributable to emergency care and trauma care, including costs related to subsequent inpatient admissions to the hospital.”.
(b) Trauma Service Availability.—Title XII of
the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 300d et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“PART H—TRAUMA SERVICE AVAILABILITY

“SEC. 1281. GRANTS TO STATES.

“(a) Establishment.—To promote universal access to trauma care services provided by trauma centers and trauma-related physician specialties, the Secretary shall provide funding to States to enable such States to award grants to eligible entities for the purposes described in this section.

“(b) Awarding of Grants by States.—Each State may award grants to eligible entities within the State for the purposes described in subparagraph (d).

“(c) Eligibility.—

“(1) In general.—To be eligible to receive a grant under subsection (b) an entity shall—

“(A) be—

“(i) a public or nonprofit trauma center or consortium thereof that meets that requirements of paragraphs (1), (2), and (5) of section 1241(b);

“(ii) a safety net public or nonprofit trauma center that meets the requirements
of paragraphs (1) through (5) of section 1241(b); or

“(iii) a hospital in an underserved area (as defined by the State) that seeks to establish new trauma services; and

“(B) submit to the State an application at such time, in such manner, and containing such information as the State may require.

“(2) LIMITATION.—A State shall use at least 40 percent of the amount available to the State under this part for a fiscal year to award grants to safety net trauma centers described in paragraph (1)(A)(ii).

“(d) USE OF FUNDS.—The recipient of a grant under subsection (b) shall carry out 1 or more of the following activities consistent with subsection (b):

“(1) Providing trauma centers with funding to support physician compensation in trauma-related physician specialties where shortages exist in the region involved, with priority provided to safety net trauma centers described in subsection (c)(1)(A)(ii).

“(2) Providing for individual safety net trauma center fiscal stability and costs related to having service that is available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, with priority provided to safety net trauma
centers described in subsection (c)(1)(A)(ii) located in urban, border, and rural areas.

“(3) Reducing trauma center overcrowding at specific trauma centers related to throughput of trauma patients.

“(4) Establishing new trauma services in underserved areas as defined by the State.

“(5) Enhancing collaboration between trauma centers and other hospitals and emergency medical services personnel related to trauma service availability.

“(6) Making capital improvements to enhance access and expedite trauma care, including providing helipads and associated safety infrastructure.

“(7) Enhancing trauma surge capacity at specific trauma centers.

“(8) Ensuring expedient receipt of trauma patients transported by ground or air to the appropriate trauma center.

“(9) Enhancing interstate trauma center collaboration.

“(e) LIMITATION.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—A State may use not more than 20 percent of the amount available to the State under this part for a fiscal year for administrative
costs associated with awarding grants and related costs.

“(2) MAINTENANCE OF EFFORT.—The Secretary may not provide funding to a State under this part unless the State agrees that such funds will be used to supplement and not supplant State funding otherwise available for the activities and costs described in this part.

“(f) DISTRIBUTION OF FUNDS.—The following shall apply with respect to grants provided in this part:

“(1) LESS THAN $10,000,000.—If the amount of appropriations for this part in a fiscal year is less than $10,000,000, the Secretary shall divide such funding evenly among only those States that have 1 or more trauma centers eligible for funding under section 1241(b)(3)(A).

“(2) LESS THAN $20,000,000.—If the amount of appropriations in a fiscal year is less than $20,000,000, the Secretary shall divide such funding evenly among only those States that have 1 or more trauma centers eligible for funding under subparagraphs (A) and (B) of section 1241(b)(3).

“(3) LESS THAN $30,000,000.—If the amount of appropriations for this part in a fiscal year is less than $30,000,000, the Secretary shall divide such
funding evenly among only those States that have 1 or more trauma centers eligible for funding under section 1241(b)(3).

“(4) $30,000,000 or more.—If the amount of appropriations for this part in a fiscal year is $30,000,000 or more, the Secretary shall divide such funding evenly among all States.

“SEC. 1282. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

“For the purpose of carrying out this part, there is authorized to be appropriated $100,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2010 through 2015.”.

SEC. 216. REDUCING AND REPORTING HOSPITAL READMISSIONS.

(a) In General.—Part S of title III of the Public Health Service Act, as amended by section 205, is further amended by adding at the end the following:

“SEC. 399NN. READMISSIONS.

“(a) Purpose.—The purpose of this section is to improve the quality and value of inpatient hospital services in order to—

“(1) improve the coordination of care; and

“(2) appropriately reduce inefficiency and waste, such as unnecessary hospital readmissions, in the care furnished.
“(b) INFORMATION GATHERING AND ANALYSIS.—
Beginning 2010, the Secretary shall analyze and calculate hospital-specific and national applicable readmissions rates based on subsection (e).

“(c) DISCLOSURE.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—Beginning in 2011, the Secretary shall establish procedures to provide for the confidential disclosure to hospitals receiving funds under this Act of information on hospital-specific and national applicable readmission rates described in subsection (b).

“(2) PUBLIC DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION.—Not later than 2 years after the date of enactment of this section, the Secretary shall make the information on the rates of applicable readmission rates and other statistical information of hospital receiving funds under this Act disclosed under paragraph (1) publicly available in a form and manner determined appropriate by the Secretary.

“(3) REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this section, the Secretary shall submit to Congress a report that contains—

“(A) a summary of the implementation of the procedures under paragraph (1);
“(B) a plan for the public disclosure of information under paragraph (2); and

“(C) recommendations for such legislation or administrative action as the Secretary determines appropriate.

“(d) APPLICABLE READMISSION DEFINED.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—In this section, the term ‘applicable readmission’ means a readmission—

“(A) selected by the Secretary under subsection (e));

“(B) that occurs within a time interval (as specified under subsection (f)) following a discharge from a hospital; and

“(C) which is for a condition or procedure selected under subsection (g).

“(2) DETERMINATION OF APPLICABILITY TO READMISSIONS TO CERTAIN HOSPITALS.—The Secretary shall determine whether the term ‘applicable readmission’ includes readmissions to the same hospital as the prior discharge or readmissions to any hospital.

“(e) SELECTION OF READMISSIONS.—Not later 6 months after the date of enactment of this section, the Secretary, in consultation with appropriate representatives of the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services and the
Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality, shall, for each of the conditions or procedures selected under subsection (g), select readmissions that meet each of the following requirements:

“(1) The readmission could reasonably have been prevented by the provision of care consistent with evidence-based guidelines during the prior admission or the post discharge follow-up period.

“(2) The readmission is for a condition or procedure related to the care provided during the prior admission or post discharge follow-up period, which includes a readmission for the following:

“(A) The same condition or procedure as the prior discharge.

“(B) An infection or other complication of care.

“(C) A condition or procedure indicative of a failed surgical intervention.

“(D) Other conditions or procedures as determined appropriate by the Secretary.

“(f) Specification of Time Interval.—The Secretary shall specify a time interval, of not less than 7 days and not more than 30 days, between the prior discharge and applicable readmission for purposes of this section.
“(g) SELECTION OF CONDITIONS OR PROCEDURES.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 6 months after the date of enactment of this section, the Secretary shall select at least 2 conditions or procedures which meet each of the following requirements:

“(A) Such conditions or procedures have a high volume.

“(B) For the time interval specified under subsection (f), such conditions or procedures have a relatively high rate of occurrence of subsequent readmissions described in subsection (f), as compared to all other conditions or procedures.

“(2) EXPANSION OF CONDITIONS OR PROCEDURES SELECTED.—The Secretary shall expand the list of readmission conditions analyzed under this section to include at least 8 conditions with the highest volume and highest rate of readmissions.

“(h) QUALITY IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM FOR HOSPITALS WITH A HIGH SEVERITY ADJUSTED READMISSION RATE.—

“(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—

“(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 2 years after the date of enactment of this section, the
Secretary shall establish a program for eligible hospitals to improve their readmission rates through the use of patient safety organizations (as defined in section 921(4)).

“(B) ELIGIBLE HOSPITAL DEFINED.—In this subsection, the term ‘eligible hospital’ means a hospital which the Secretary determines (based on the most recent available historical data) has a severity adjusted readmission rate for the conditions described in subsection (g) among the highest 25 percent of all hospitals nationally.

“(C) RISK ADJUSTMENT.—The Secretary shall utilize appropriate risk adjustment measures to determine eligible hospitals.

“(2) REPORT TO THE SECRETARY.—Eligible hospitals and patient safety organizations working with those hospitals shall report to the Secretary on the processes employed by the hospital to improve readmission rates and the impact of such processes on readmission rates.”.

(b) GAO STUDY AND REPORT.—

(1) STUDY.—The Comptroller General of the United States shall conduct a study on the impact
of section 399NN of the Public Health Service Act, as added by subsection (a), on—

(A) care furnished to consumers;

(B) expenditures under Federal health programs; and

(C) the cost and quality of care furnished by hospitals.

(2) REPORT.—Not later than January 1, 2013, the Comptroller General of the United States shall submit to Congress a report on the study conducted under paragraph (1), together with recommendations for such legislation and administrative action as the Comptroller General determines appropriate.

SEC. 217. PROGRAM TO FACILITATE SHARED DECISION-MAKING.

Part D of title IX of the Public Health Service Act, as amended by section 213, is further amended by adding at the end the following:

“SEC. 936. PROGRAM TO FACILITATE SHARED DECISION-MAKING.

“(a) PURPOSE.—The purpose of this section is to facilitate collaborative processes between patients, caregivers or authorized representatives, and clinicians that engages the patient, caregiver or authorized representative in decision making, provides patients, caregivers or authorized
representatives with information about trade-offs among treatment options, and facilitates the incorporation of patient preferences and values into the medical plan.

“(b) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

“(1) PATIENT DECISION AID.—The term ‘patient decision aid’ means an educational tool that helps patients, caregivers or authorized representatives understand and communicate their beliefs and preferences related to their treatment options, and to decide with their health care provider what treatments are best for them based on their treatment options, scientific evidence, circumstances, beliefs, and preferences.

“(2) PREFERENCE SENSITIVE CARE.—The term ‘preference sensitive care’ means medical care for which the clinical evidence does not clearly support one treatment option such that the appropriate course of treatment depends on the values of the patient or the preferences of the patient, caregivers or authorized representatives regarding the benefits, harms and scientific evidence for each treatment option, the use of such care should depend on the informed patient choice among clinically appropriate treatment options.
“(c) Establishment of Independent Standards for Patient Decision Aids for Preference Sensitive Care.—

“(1) Contract with entity to establish standards and certify patient decision aids.—

“(A) In general.—For purposes of supporting consensus-based standards for patient decision aids for preference sensitive care and a certification process for patient decision aids for use in the Federal health programs and by other interested parties, the Secretary shall have in effect a contract with the qualified consensus-based entity identified in section 399JJ. Such contract shall provide that the entity perform the duties described in paragraph (2).

“(B) Timing for first contract.—As soon as practicable after the date of the enactment of this section, the Secretary shall enter into the first contract under subparagraph (A).

“(C) Period of contract.—A contract under subparagraph (A) shall be for a period of 18 months (except such contract may be renewed after a subsequent bidding process).
“(2) Duties.—The following duties are described in this paragraph:

“(A) Develop and identify standards for patient decision aids.—The entity shall synthesize evidence and convene a broad range of experts and key stakeholders to develop and identify consensus-based standards to evaluate patient decision aids for preference sensitive care.

“(B) Endorse patient decision aids.—The entity shall review patient decision aids and develop a certification process whether patient decision aids meet the standards developed and identified under subparagraph (A). The entity shall give priority to the review and certification of patient decision aids for preference sensitive care.

“(d) Program to develop, update and patient decision aids to assist health care providers and patients.—

“(1) In general.—The Secretary, acting through the Director, and in coordination with heads of other relevant agencies, such as the Director of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention and the Director of the National Institutes of Health,
shall establish a program to award grants or contracts—

“(A) to develop, update, and produce patient decision aids for preference sensitive care to assist health care providers in educating patients, caregivers, and authorized representatives concerning the relative safety, relative effectiveness (including possible health outcomes and impact on functional status), and relative cost of treatment or, where appropriate, palliative care options;

“(B) to test such materials to ensure such materials are balanced and evidence based in aiding health care providers and patients, caregivers, and authorized representatives to make informed decisions about patient care and can be easily incorporated into a broad array of practice settings; and

“(C) to educate providers on the use of such materials, including through academic curricula.

“(2) REQUIREMENTS FOR PATIENT DECISION AIDS.—Patient decision aids developed and produced pursuant to a grant or contract under paragraph (1)—
“(A) shall be designed to engage patients, caregivers, and authorized representatives in informed decision-making with health care providers;

“(B) shall present up-to-date clinical evidence about the risks and benefits of treatment options in a form and manner that is age-appropriate and can be adapted for patients, caregivers, and authorized representatives from a variety of cultural and educational backgrounds to reflect the varying needs of consumers and diverse levels of health literacy;

“(C) shall, where appropriate, explain why there is a lack of evidence to support one treatment option over another; and

“(D) shall address health care decisions across the age span, including those affecting vulnerable populations including children.

“(3) DISSEMINATION OF MATERIALS; PUBLIC AVAILABILITY.—The Director shall—

“(A) provide for the dissemination to health care providers of the materials developed and produced pursuant to a grant or contract under paragraph (1); and
“(B) make such materials available to the public, including through the Internet.

“(4) NONDUPLICATION OF EFFORTS.—The Director shall ensure that the activities under this section of the Agency and other agencies, including the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention and the National Institutes of Health, are free of unnecessary duplication of effort.

“(e) GRANTS TO SUPPORT SHARED DECISION MAKING IMPLEMENTATION.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall establish a program to provide for the phased-in development, implementation, and evaluation of shared decision making using patient decision aids to meet the objective of improving the understanding of patients of their medical treatment options.

“(2) SHARED DECISION MAKING RESOURCE CENTERS.—

“(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall provide grants for the establishment and support of Shared Decision Making Resource Centers (referred to in this subsection as ‘Centers’) to provide technical assistance to providers and to develop and disseminate best practices and other information to support and accelerate
adoption, implementation, and effective use of patient decision aids and shared decision making by providers.

“(B) OBJECTIVES.—The objective of a Center is to enhance and promote the adoption of patient decision aids and shared decision making through—

“(i) providing assistance to eligible providers with the implementation and effective use of, and training on, patient decision aids; and

“(ii) the dissemination of best practices and research on the implementation and effective use of patient decision aids.

“(3) SHARED DECISION MAKING PARTICIPATION GRANTS.—

“(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall provide grants to health care providers for the development and implementation of shared decision making techniques.

“(B) PREFERENCE.—In order to facilitate the use of best practices, the Secretary shall provide a preference in making grants under this subsection to health care providers who
participate in training by Shared Decision Making Resource Centers or comparable training.

“(C) LIMITATION.—Funds under this paragraph shall not be used to purchase or implement use of patient decision aids other than those certified under the process identified in subsection (c).

“(4) GUIDANCE.—The Secretary may, issue guidance to eligible grantees under this subsection on the use of patient decision aids.

“(5) QUALITY MEASURES.—

“(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall measure the quality of shared decision making. For purposes of making such measurements, the Secretary shall select quality measures as described in section 399JJ.

“(B) REPORTING DATA ON MEASURES.—A provider receiving a grant under this subsection shall report to the Secretary data on quality measures selected under subparagraph (A) in accordance with procedures established by the Secretary.

“(C) FEEDBACK ON MEASURES.—The Secretary shall provide confidential reports to eligible providers receiving a grant under this sec-
tion on the performance of the eligible provider
on quality measures selected by the Secretary
under subparagraph (A), the aggregate per-
formance of all eligible providers participating
in the pilot program, and any improvements in
such performance. Such reports shall be made
publicly available not less than 3 years after the
date of enactment of this section.

“(D) GRANT TO FUND DEVELOPMENT OF
PERFORMANCE MEASURES.—The Director may,
through the quality measure development pro-
gram under section 931, award grants or con-
tracts to eligible entities to fund development of
performance measures which assess the use by
health care providers of shared decision-making
processes or patient decision aids.

“(E) CONTENTS OF REPORT.—Each report
submitted under this paragraph shall—

“(i) include an assessment of—

“(I) quality measures selected
under subparagraph (A);

“(II) patient and health care pro-
vider satisfaction with regard to ac-
tivities carried out under this para-
graph;
“(III) utilization of medical services for patients of providers receiving a grant under this paragraph and other patients as determined appropriate by the Secretary;

“(IV) appropriate utilization of shared decision making by providers receiving a grant under this paragraph; and

“(V) the costs to providers participating of selecting, purchasing, and incorporating approved patient decision aids and meeting reporting requirements under this paragraph; and

“(ii) identify the characteristics of individual eligible providers that are most effective in implementing shared decision making under the applicable phase of the pilot program.

“(f) FUNDING.—For purposes of carrying out this section there are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary for fiscal year 2010 and each subsequent fiscal year.”.
SEC. 218. PRESENTATION OF DRUG INFORMATION.

(a) In General.—The Secretary of Health and Human Services (referred to in this section as the “Secretary”), in collaboration with relevant agencies and acting through the Commissioner of Food and Drugs, shall determine whether the addition of standardized, quantitative summaries of the benefits and risks of drugs in a tabular or drug facts box format, or any alternative format, to the labeling and print advertising of such drugs would improve health care decision making by clinicians and patients and consumers.

(b) Review and Consultation.—In making the determination under subsection (a), the Secretary shall review all available scientific evidence and consult with drug manufacturers, clinicians, patients and consumers, experts in health literacy, experts in geriatric and long-term care, and representatives of racial and ethnic minorities.

(c) Report.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit to the Congress a report that provides—

(1) the determination by the Secretary under subsection (a); and

(2) the reasoning and analysis underlying that determination.

(d) Authority.—
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(1) IN GENERAL.—If the Secretary determines under subsection (a) that the addition of standard-
ized, quantitative summaries of the benefits and risks of drugs in a tabular or drug facts box format,
or any alternative format, to the labeling and print advertising of such drugs would improve health care decision making by clinicians and patients and con-
sumers, then the Secretary, not later than 1 year after the date of submission of the report under sub-
section (c), shall promulgate regulations as nec-
essary to implement such format.

(2) OBJECTIVE AND UP-TO-DATE INFORMATION.—In carrying out paragraph (1), the Secretary shall ensure that the information presented in a summary described under such paragraph is objec-
tive and up-to-date, and is the result of a review process that considers the totality of published and unpublished data.

(3) POSTING OF INFORMATION.—In carrying out paragraph (1), the Secretary shall post the in-
formation presented in a summary described under such paragraph on the Internet Web site of the Food and Drug Administration.
SEC. 219. CENTER FOR HEALTH OUTCOMES RESEARCH AND EVALUATION.

Part D of title IX of the Public Health Service Act, as amended by section 217, is further amended by adding at the end the following:

“SEC. 937. CENTER FOR HEALTH OUTCOMES RESEARCH AND EVALUATION.

“(a) Establishment.—The Secretary shall establish within the Agency the Center for Health Outcomes Research and Evaluation (referred to in this section as the ‘Center’) to collect, conduct, support, and synthesize research with respect to comparing health outcomes, effectiveness, and appropriateness of health care services and procedures in order to identify the manner in which diseases, disorders, and other health conditions can most effectively and appropriately be prevented, diagnosed, treated, and managed clinically.

“(b) Duties.—The Center shall—

“(1) coordinate, conduct, support, and synthesize research relevant to the comparative health outcomes and effectiveness of the full spectrum of health care treatments, including pharmaceuticals, medical devices, medical and surgical procedures, screening and diagnostics, behavioral health care, and other health interventions;
“(2) coordinate, conduct, and support systematic reviews of clinical research, including original research conducted subsequent to the date of the enactment of this section;

“(3) coordinate, conduct, support, and synthesize research that identifies scientific advances in personalized medicine and reduces treatment disparities, among ethnic and racial minorities, children, and vulnerable populations;

“(4) use a broad range of methodologies, including randomized controlled clinical trials, observational studies and other approaches;

“(5) create informational tools that organize, synthesize, and disseminate research findings to providers, patients, and public and private payers;

“(6) develop a publicly available resource database that collects and contains high-quality, independent evidence to inform healthcare decision-making, which shall include reliable evidence from government and non-government sources;

“(7) submit to the Secretary, and Congress appropriate relevant reports described in subsection (f);

“(8) encourage, as appropriate, the development and use of clinical registries and the development of
health outcomes research data networks from electronic health records, post marketing drug and medical device surveillance efforts, and other forms of electronic health data; and

“(9) not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this section, develop minimum methodological standards to be used when conducting studies of comparative health outcomes and value (and procedures for use of such standards) in order to help ensure accurate and effective comparisons and assessments of treatment options, and update such standards at least biennially.

“(c) POWERS.—

“(1) OBTAINING OFFICIAL DATA.—The Center may secure directly from any department or agency of the United States information necessary to enable the Center to carry out this section. Upon request of the Center, the head of that department or agency shall furnish that information to the Center on an agreed upon schedule.

“(2) DATA COLLECTION.—In order to carry out its functions, the Center shall—

“(A) utilize existing information, both published and unpublished, where possible, collected and assessed either by the staff of the Center
317 or under other arrangements made in accordance with this section;

“(B) carry out, or award grants or contracts for, original research and experimentation, where existing information is inadequate;

“(C) adopt procedures allowing any interested party to submit information for use by the Center or the Advisory Council under subsection (d) in making reports and recommendations; and

“(D) comply with any existing data privacy standards applicable to the Center.

“(3) PERIODIC AUDIT.—The Center shall be subject to periodic audit by the Comptroller General.

“(d) ADVISORY COUNCIL.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—To ensure transparency, the Secretary shall establish through the Agency’s National Advisory Council, an advisory council (referred to in this section as the ‘Council’) that includes representatives from the scientific research, patient, provider, and health industry communities.

“(2) COMPOSITION OF COUNCIL.—

“(A) IN GENERAL.—The members of the Council shall consist of—
“(i) 2 ex officio members who shall be—

“(I) the Director; and

“(II) the Chief Medical Officer of the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services; and

“(ii) 19 additional members who shall represent broad constituencies of stakeholders.

“(B) QUALIFICATIONS.—

“(i) DIVERSE REPRESENTATION OF PERSPECTIVES.—The members of the Council shall represent a broad range of perspectives and shall collectively have experience in the following areas:

“(I) Epidemiology.

“(II) Health services research.

“(III) Bioethics.

“(IV) Communication and decision sciences.

“(V) Health economics.

“(VI) Safe use of medical products.

“(ii) DIVERSE REPRESENTATION OF HEALTH CARE COMMUNITY.—At least one
member shall represent each of the following health care communities:

“(I) Consumers.
“(II) Practicing physicians, including surgeons.
“(III) Nurses, State licensed practitioners, and other health care professionals
“(IV) Employers.
“(V) Public payers.
“(VI) Insurance plans.
“(VII) Clinical researchers who conduct research on behalf of pharmaceutical or device manufacturers.
“(VIII) Clinical researchers who conduct research related to personalized medicine.
“(IX) Clinical researchers who conduct research related to reducing health disparities.

“(3) APPOINTMENT.—The Secretary or the Secretary’s designee shall appoint the members of the Council.

“(4) TERMS.—
“(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subparagraph (B), each member of the Council shall be appointed for a term of 4 years.

“(B) TERMS OF INITIAL APPOINTEES.—

Of the members first appointed—

“(i) 10 shall be appointed for a term of 4 years; and

“(ii) 9 shall be appointed for a term of 2 years.

“(5) CONFLICTS OF INTEREST.—In appointing the members of the Council, the Secretary shall take into consideration any financial conflicts of interest.

“(e) RESEARCH REQUIREMENTS.—Any research conducted, supported, or synthesized under this section shall meet the following requirements:

“(1) ENSURING TRANSPARENCY, CREDIBILITY, AND ACCESS.—The establishment of the agenda and conduct of the research shall be insulated from undo political or stakeholder influence, in accordance with the following:

“(A) Methods of conducting such research shall be scientifically based and take into account scientific advances in personalized medi-
cine and reduces treatment disparities that include ethnic and racial minorities and children.

“(B) All aspects of the prioritization of research, conduct of the research, and development of conclusions based on the research shall be transparent to all stakeholders.

“(C) The process and methods for conducting such research shall be publicly documented and available to all stakeholders.

“(D) The Center shall establish a process for stakeholders involved to review and provide comment on the methods and findings of such research.

“(2) STAKEHOLDER INPUT.—The priorities of the research, the research, and the dissemination of the research shall involve the consultation of patients, health care providers, experts in wellness and health promotion, and health care consumer representatives through transparent mechanisms recommended by the Council.

“(f) PUBLIC ACCESS TO HEALTH OUTCOMES INFORMATION.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—To the extent practicable, not later than 180 days after receipt by the Center of a relevant report described in paragraph (2), ap-
propriate information contained in such report shall be posted on the official public Internet site of the Center, as applicable.

“(2) RELEVANT REPORTS DESCRIBED.—For purposes of this section, a relevant report is each of the following submitted by a grantee or contractor of the Center:

“(A) An interim progress report.

“(B) A draft final report that is available to stakeholders for review.

“(C) Stakeholder comments and response to same.

“(D) A final progress report on new research submitted for publication by a peer review journal.

“(E) A final report.

“(g) ACCESS BY CONGRESS AND THE COUNSEL TO CENTER INFORMATION.—The Secretary shall establish a process for the Center to share with Congress reports and non-proprietary data of the Center.

“(h) DISSEMINATION, INCORPORATION, AND FEEDBACK OF INFORMATION.—

“(1) DISSEMINATION.—The Center shall provide for the dissemination of findings produced by research supported, conducted, or synthesized under
this section to health care providers, patients, vendors of health information technology focused on clinical decision support, appropriate professional associations, and Federal and private health plans. Center reports and recommendations shall not be construed as mandates for payment, coverage, or treatment.

“(2) INCORPORATION.—The Center shall assist users of health information technology focused on clinical decision support to promote the timely incorporation of the findings described in paragraph (1) into clinical practices and to promote the ease of use of such incorporation.

“(3) FEEDBACK.—The Center shall establish a process to receive feedback from providers, patients, vendors of health information technology focused on clinical decision support, appropriate professional associations, and Federal and private health plans about the value of the information disseminated under this section.

“(i) REPORTS TO CONGRESS.—

“(1) ANNUAL REPORTS.—Beginning not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this section, the Director shall submit to Congress an annual report on the activities of the Center and the
Council, and the research conducted, under this section.

“(2) ANALYSIS AND REVIEW.—Not later than December 31, 2011, the Secretary, shall submit to Congress a report on all activities conducted or supported under this section as of such date. Such report shall—

“(A) include an evaluation of the impact from such activities, the overall costs of such activities, and an analysis of the backlog of any research proposals approved but not funded; and

“(B) address whether Congress should expand the responsibilities of the Center to include studies of the effectiveness of various aspects of the health care delivery system, including health plans and delivery models, such as health plan features, benefit designs and performance, and the ways in which health services are organized, managed, and delivered.”.
SEC. 220. DEMONSTRATION PROGRAM TO INTEGRATE QUALITY IMPROVEMENT AND PATIENT SAFETY TRAINING INTO CLINICAL EDUCATION OF HEALTH PROFESSIONALS.

(a) In General.—The Secretary may award grants to eligible entities or consortia under this section to carry out demonstration projects to develop and implement academic curricula that integrates quality improvement and patient safety in the clinical education of health professionals. Such awards shall be made on a competitive basis and pursuant to peer review.

(b) Eligibility.—To be eligible to receive a grant under subsection (a), an entity or consortium shall—

(1) submit to the Secretary an application at such time, in such manner, and containing such information as the Secretary may require;

(2) be or include—

(A) a health professions school;

(B) a school of public health;

(C) a school of social work;

(D) a school of nursing;

(E) a school of pharmacy;

(F) an institution with a graduate medical education program; or

(G) a school of health care administration;
(3) collaborate in the development of curricula described in subsection (a) with an organization that accredits such school or institution;

(4) provide for the collection of data regarding the effectiveness of the demonstration project; and

(5) provide matching funds in accordance with subsection (c).

(e) MATCHING FUNDS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may award a grant to an entity or consortium under this section only if the entity or consortium agrees to make available non-Federal contributions toward the costs of the program to be funded under the grant in an amount that is not less than $1 for each $5 of Federal funds provided under the grant.

(2) DETERMINATION OF AMOUNT CONTRIBUTED.—Non-Federal contributions under paragraph (1) may be in cash or in kind, fairly evaluated, including equipment or services. Amounts provided by the Federal Government, or services assisted or subsidized to any significant extent by the Federal Government, may not be included in determining the amount of such contributions.

(d) EVALUATION.—The Secretary shall take such action as may be necessary to evaluate the projects funded
under this section and publish, make publicly available, and disseminate the results of such evaluations on as wide a basis as is practicable.

(e) REPORTS.—Not later than 2 years after the date of enactment of this section, and annually thereafter, the Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions and the Committee on Finance of the Senate and the Committee on Energy and Commerce and the Committee on Ways and Means of the House of Representatives a report that—

(1) describes the specific projects supported under this section; and

(2) contains recommendations for Congress based on the evaluation conducted under subsection (d).

SEC. 221. OFFICE OF WOMEN’S HEALTH.

(a) HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES OFFICE ON WOMEN’S HEALTH.—

(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—Part A of title II of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 202 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“SEC. 229. HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES OFFICE ON WOMEN’S HEALTH.

“(a) ESTABLISHMENT OF OFFICE.—There is established within the Office of the Secretary, an Office on
Women’s Health (referred to in this section as the ‘Office’). The Office shall be headed by a Deputy Assistant Secretary for Women’s Health who may report to the Secretary.

“(b) DUTIES.—The Secretary, acting through the Office, with respect to the health concerns of women, shall—

“(1) establish short-range and long-range goals and objectives within the Department of Health and Human Services and, as relevant and appropriate, coordinate with other appropriate offices on activities within the Department that relate to disease prevention, health promotion, service delivery, research, and public and health care professional education, for issues of particular concern to women throughout their lifespan;

“(2) provide expert advice and consultation to the Secretary concerning scientific, legal, ethical, and policy issues relating to women’s health;

“(3) monitor the Department of Health and Human Services’ offices, agencies, and regional activities regarding women’s health and identify needs regarding the coordination of activities, including intramural and extramural multidisciplinary activities;

“(4) establish a Department of Health and Human Services Coordinating Committee on Wom-
en’s Health, which shall be chaired by the Deputy
Assistant Secretary for Women’s Health and com-
posed of senior level representatives from each of the
agencies and offices of the Department of Health
and Human Services;

“(5) establish a National Women’s Health In-
formation Center to—

“(A) facilitate the exchange of information
regarding matters relating to health informa-
tion, health promotion, preventive health serv-
ices, research advances, and education in the
appropriate use of health care;

“(B) facilitate access to such information;

“(C) assist in the analysis of issues and
problems relating to the matters described in
this paragraph; and

“(D) provide technical assistance with re-
spect to the exchange of information (including
facilitating the development of materials for
such technical assistance);

“(6) coordinate efforts to promote women’s
health programs and policies with the private sector;
and

“(7) through publications and any other means
appropriate, provide for the exchange of information
between the Office and recipients of grants, contracts, and agreements under subsection (c), and between the Office and health professionals and the general public.

“(c) GRANTS AND CONTRACTS REGARDING DUTIES.—

“(1) AUTHORITY.—In carrying out subsection (b), the Secretary may make grants to, and enter into cooperative agreements, contracts, and inter-agency agreements with, public and private entities, agencies, and organizations.

“(2) EVALUATION AND DISSEMINATION.—The Secretary shall directly or through contracts with public and private entities, agencies, and organizations, provide for evaluations of projects carried out with financial assistance provided under paragraph (1) and for the dissemination of information developed as a result of such projects.

“(d) REPORTS.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this section, and every second year thereafter, the Secretary shall prepare and submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a report describing the activities carried out under this section during the period for which the report is being prepared.
“(e) Authorization of Appropriations.—For the purpose of carrying out this section, there are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary for each of the fiscal years 2010 through 2014.”.

(2) Transfer of Functions.—There are transferred to the Office on Women’s Health (established under section 229 of the Public Health Service Act, as added by this section), all functions exercised by the Office on Women’s Health of the Public Health Service prior to the date of enactment of this section, including all personnel and compensation authority, all delegation and assignment authority, and all remaining appropriations. All orders, determinations, rules, regulations, permits, agreements, grants, contracts, certificates, licenses, registrations, privileges, and other administrative actions that—

(A) have been issued, made, granted, or allowed to become effective by the President, any Federal agency or official thereof, or by a court of competent jurisdiction, in the performance of functions transferred under this paragraph; and

(B) are in effect at the time this section takes effect, or were final before the date of enactment of this section and are to become effective on or after such date;
shall continue in effect according to their terms until modified, terminated, superseded, set aside, or revoked in accordance with law by the President, the Secretary, or other authorized official, a court of competent jurisdiction, or by operation of law.

(b) CENTERS FOR DISEASE CONTROL AND PREVENTION OFFICE OF WOMEN’S HEALTH.—Part A of title III of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 241 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:

"SEC. 310A. CENTERS FOR DISEASE CONTROL AND PREVENTION OFFICE OF WOMEN’S HEALTH.

“(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established within the Office of the Director of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, an office to be known as the Office of Women’s Health (referred to in this section as the ‘Office’). The Office shall be headed by a director who shall be appointed by the Director of such Centers.

“(b) PURPOSE.—The Director of the Office shall—

“(1) report to the Director of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention on the current level of the Centers’ activity regarding women’s health conditions across, where appropriate, age, biological, and sociocultural contexts, in all aspects of the Centers’ work, including prevention programs, public and professional education, services, and treatment;
“(2) establish short-range and long-range goals and objectives within the Centers for women’s health and, as relevant and appropriate, coordinate with other appropriate offices on activities within the Centers that relate to prevention, research, education and training, service delivery, and policy development, for issues of particular concern to women;

“(3) identify projects in women’s health that should be conducted or supported by the Centers;

“(4) consult with health professionals, nongovernmental organizations, consumer organizations, women’s health professionals, and other individuals and groups, as appropriate, on the policy of the Centers with regard to women; and

“(5) serve as a member of the Department of Health and Human Services Coordinating Committee on Women’s Health (established under section 229(b)(4)).

“(e) DEFINITION.—As used in this section, the term ‘women’s health conditions’, with respect to women of all age, ethnic, and racial groups, means diseases, disorders, and conditions—

“(1) unique to, significantly more serious for, or significantly more prevalent in women; and
“(2) for which the factors of medical risk or type of medical intervention are different for women, or for which there is reasonable evidence that indicates that such factors or types may be different for women.

“(d) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—For the purpose of carrying out this section, there are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary for each of the fiscal years 2010 through 2014.”.

(c) OFFICE OF WOMEN’S HEALTH RESEARCH.—Section 486(a) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 287d(a)) is amended by inserting “and who shall report directly to the Director” before the period at the end thereof.

(d) SUBSTANCE ABUSE AND MENTAL HEALTH SERVICES ADMINISTRATION.—Section 501(f) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 290aa(f)) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1), by inserting “who shall report directly to the Administrator” before the period;

(2) by redesignating paragraph (4) as paragraph (5); and

(3) by inserting after paragraph (3), the following:
“(4) OFFICE.—Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to preclude the Secretary from establishing within the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Administration an Office of Women’s Health.”.

(e) AGENCY FOR HEALTHCARE RESEARCH AND QUALITY ACTIVITIES REGARDING WOMEN’S HEALTH.— Part C of title IX of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 299e et seq.) is amended—

(1) by redesignating sections 927 and 928 as sections 928 and 929, respectively;

(2) by inserting after section 926 the following:

“SEC. 927. ACTIVITIES REGARDING WOMEN’S HEALTH.

“(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established within the Office of the Director, an Office of Women’s Health and Gender-Based Research (referred to in this section as the ‘Office’). The Office shall be headed by a director who shall be appointed by the Director of Healthcare and Research Quality.

“(b) PURPOSE.—The official designated under subsection (a) shall—

“(1) report to the Director on the current Agency level of activity regarding women’s health, across, where appropriate, age, biological, and socioeconomic contexts, in all aspects of Agency work,
including the development of evidence reports and
clinical practice protocols and the conduct of re-
search into patient outcomes, delivery of health care
services, quality of care, and access to health care;

“(2) establish short-range and long-range goals
and objectives within the Agency for research impor-
tant to women’s health and, as relevant and appro-
priate, coordinate with other appropriate offices on
activities within the Agency that relate to health
services and medical effectiveness research, for
issues of particular concern to women;

“(3) identify projects in women’s health that
should be conducted or supported by the Agency;

“(4) consult with health professionals, non-
governmental organizations, consumer organizations,
women’s health professionals, and other individuals
and groups, as appropriate, on Agency policy with
regard to women; and

“(5) serve as a member of the Department of
Health and Human Services Coordinating Com-
mittee on Women’s Health (established under sec-
tion 229(b)(4)).”; and

(3) by adding at the end of section 928 (as re-
designated by paragraph (1)) the following:
“(e) Women’s Health.—For the purpose of carrying out section 927 regarding women’s health, there are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary for each of the fiscal years 2010 through 2014.”.

(f) Health Resources and Services Administration Office of Women’s Health.—Title VII of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 901 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“SEC. 713. OFFICE OF WOMEN’S HEALTH.

“(a) Establishment.—The Secretary shall establish within the Office of the Administrator of the Health Resources and Services Administration, an office to be known as the Office of Women’s Health. The Office shall be headed by a director who shall be appointed by the Administrator.

“(b) Purpose.—The Director of the Office shall—

“(1) report to the Administrator on the current Administration level of activity regarding women’s health across, where appropriate, age, biological, and sociocultural contexts;

“(2) establish short-range and long-range goals and objectives within the Health Resources and Services Administration for women’s health and, as relevant and appropriate, coordinate with other appropriate offices on activities within the Administra-
tion that relate to health care provider training, health service delivery, research, and demonstration projects, for issues of particular concern to women;

“(3) identify projects in women’s health that should be conducted or supported by the bureaus of the Administration;

“(4) consult with health professionals, non-governmental organizations, consumer organizations, women’s health professionals, and other individuals and groups, as appropriate, on Administration policy with regard to women; and

“(5) serve as a member of the Department of Health and Human Services Coordinating Committee on Women’s Health (established under section 229(b)(4) of the Public Health Service Act).

“(c) CONTINUED ADMINISTRATION OF EXISTING PROGRAMS.—.—The Director of the Office shall assume the authority for the development, implementation, administration, and evaluation any projects carried out through the Health Resources and Services Administration relating to women’s health on the date of enactment of this section.

“(d) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this section:
"(1) ADMINISTRATION.—The term ‘Administration’ means the Health Resources and Services Administration.

“(2) ADMINISTRATOR.—The term ‘Administrator’ means the Administrator of the Health Resources and Services Administration.

“(3) OFFICE.—The term ‘Office’ means the Office of Women’s Health established under this section in the Administration.

“(e) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—For the purpose of carrying out this section, there are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary for each of the fiscal years 2010 through 2014.”.

(g) FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION OFFICE OF WOMEN’S HEALTH.—Chapter IX of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 391 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“SEC. 911. OFFICE OF WOMEN’S HEALTH.

“(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established within the Office of the Commissioner, an office to be known as the Office of Women’s Health (referred to in this section as the ‘Office’). The Office shall be headed by a director who shall be appointed by the Commissioner of Food and Drugs.

“(b) PURPOSE.—The Director of the Office shall—
“(1) report to the Commissioner of Food and Drugs on current Food and Drug Administration (referred to in this section as the ‘Administration’) levels of activity regarding women’s participation in clinical trials and the analysis of data by sex in the testing of drugs, medical devices, and biological products across, where appropriate, age, biological, and sociocultural contexts;

“(2) establish short-range and long-range goals and objectives within the Administration for issues of particular concern to women’s health within the jurisdiction of the Administration, including, where relevant and appropriate, adequate inclusion of women and analysis of data by sex in Administration protocols and policies;

“(3) provide information to women and health care providers on those areas in which differences between men and women exist;

“(4) consult with pharmaceutical, biologics, and device manufacturers, health professionals with expertise in women’s issues, consumer organizations, and women’s health professionals on Administration policy with regard to women;
“(5) make annual estimates of funds needed to monitor clinical trials and analysis of data by sex in accordance with needs that are identified; and

“(6) serve as a member of the Department of Health and Human Services Coordinating Committee on Women’s Health (established under section 229(b)(4) of the Public Health Service Act).

“(c) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—For the purpose of carrying out this section, there are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary for each of the fiscal years 2010 through 2014.”.

(h) NO NEW REGULATORY AUTHORITY.—Nothing in this section and the amendments made by this section may be construed as establishing regulatory authority or modifying any existing regulatory authority.

(i) LIMITATION ON TERMINATION.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a Federal office of women’s health (including the Office of Research on Women’s Health of the National Institutes of Health) or Federal appointive position with primary responsibility over women’s health issues (including the Associate Administrator for Women’s Services under the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration) that is in existence on the date of enactment of this section shall not be terminated, reorganized, or have any of it’s powers or
duties transferred unless such termination, reorganization, or transfer is approved by Congress through the adoption of a concurrent resolution of approval.

(j) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in this section (or the amendments made by this section) shall be construed to limit the authority of the Secretary of Health and Human Services with respect to women’s health, or with respect to activities carried out through the Department of Health and Human Services on the date of enactment of this section.

**SEC. 222. ADMINISTRATIVE SIMPLIFICATION.**

(a) Standards for Financial and Administrative Transactions.—

(1) In general.—The Secretary shall adopt and regularly update standards, implementation specifications, and operating rules for the electronic exchange and use of health information for purposes of financial and administrative transactions (as provided for in paragraph (1)).

(2) Additional requirements for financial and administrative transactions.—The standards, implementation specifications, and operating rules provided for in paragraph (1) shall—

(A) be unique with no conflicting or redundant standards;
(B) be authoritative, requiring no additional standards or companion guides;

(C) be comprehensive and robust, requiring minimal augmentation by paper transactions or clarification by phone calls;

(D) enable the real time determination of a patient's financial responsibility at the point of service and, to the extent possible, prior to service, including whether a patient is eligible for a specific service with a specific physician at a specific facility, which may include a machine-readable health plan identification card;

(E) provide for timely acknowledgment; and

(F) require that all data elements within a standard, specification, or criteria (such as reason and remark codes) be described in unambiguous terms (with no optional fields permitted and a requirement that data elements be either required or conditioned upon set values in other fields) with additional conditions being prohibited.

(3) **TIME FOR ADOPTION.**—Not later than 2 years after the date of enactment of this section, the Secretary shall adopt standards, implementation
specifications, and operating rules under this section.

(4) **Requirements for Initial Standards.**—The initial set of standards, implementation specifications, and operating rules under paragraph (1) shall include—

(A) requirements to clarify, refine, and expand, as needed, standards required under section 1173 of the Social Security Act;

(B) requirements for acknowledgments, such as those for receipt of a claim;

(C) requirements to permit electronic funds transfers (to allow automated reconciliation with the related health care payment and remittance advice);

(D) the requirements of timely and transparent claim and denial management processes, including tracking, adjudication, and appeal processing (for all participants, including health insurance issuers, providers and patients); and

(E) other requirements relating to administrative simplification as identified by the Secretary, in consultation with stakeholders.

(5) **Building on Existing Standards.**—In developing the standards, implementation specifica-
tions, and operating rules under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall build upon existing and planned standards, implementation specifications, and operating rules

(6) IMPLEMENTATION AND ENFORCEMENT.—Not later than 2 years after the date of enactment of this section, the Secretary shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a plan for the implementation and enforcement, by not later than 5 years after such date of enactment, of the standards, implementation specifications, certification criteria, and operating rules provided for under paragraph (1).

(b) HEALTH PLAN IDENTIFIER.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this section, the Secretary shall promulgate a final rule to establish a National Health Plan Identifier system.
TITLE III—IMPROVING THE HEALTH OF THE AMERICAN PEOPLE

Subtitle A—Modernizing Disease Prevention of Public Health Systems

SEC. 301. NATIONAL PREVENTION, HEALTH PROMOTION AND PUBLIC HEALTH COUNCIL.

(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The President shall establish a council to be known as the “National Prevention, Health Promotion and Public Health Council” (referred to in this section as the “Council”).

(b) CHAIRPERSON.—The President shall appoint an individual to serve as the chairperson of the Council.

(c) COMPOSITION.—The Council shall be composed of—

(1) the Secretary of Health and Human Services;

(2) the Secretary of Agriculture;

(3) the Secretary of Education;

(4) the Chairman of the Federal Trade Commission;

(5) the Chairman of the Federal Communications Commission;

(6) the Secretary of Transportation;
(7) the Secretary of Defense;
(8) the Secretary of Veterans Affairs;
(9) the Secretary of the Interior;
(10) the Secretary of Labor;
(11) the Secretary of Homeland Security;
(12) the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development;
(13) the Director of the United States Patent and Trademark Office;
(14) the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency;
(15) the Director of the Domestic Policy Council;
(16) the Director of the Office of Personnel Management;
(17) the Chairman of the Corporation for National and Community Service; and
(18) the head of any other Federal agency that the chairperson determines is appropriate.
(d) DUTIES.—The Council shall—
(1) provide coordination and leadership at the Federal level, and among all Federal departments and agencies, with respect to prevention, wellness and health promotion practices, the public health
system, and integrative health care in the United States;

(2) after obtaining input from relevant stakeholders, develop a national prevention, health promotion, public health, and integrative health care strategy that incorporates the most effective and achievable means of improving the health status of Americans and reducing the incidence of preventable illness and disability in the United States;

(3) provide recommendations to the President and Congress concerning the most pressing health issues confronting the United States and changes in Federal policy to achieve national wellness, health promotion, and public health goals, including the reduction of tobacco use, sedentary behavior, and poor nutrition;

(4) consider and propose evidence-based models and innovative approaches for producing health and wellness on individual and community levels across the United States;

(5) establish processes for continual public input, including input from State, regional, and local leadership communities and other relevant stakeholders.
(6) submit the reports required under subsection (g); and

(7) carry out other activities determined appropriate by the President.

(e) MEETINGS.—The Council shall meet at the call of the Chairperson.

(f) NATIONAL PREVENTION AND HEALTH PROMOTION STRATEGY.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Chairperson, in consultation with the Council, shall develop and make public a national prevention, health promotion and public health strategy, and shall review and revise such strategy periodically.

Such strategy shall—

(1) set specific goals and objectives for improving the health of the United States through federally-supported prevention, health promotion, and public health programs, consistent with ongoing goal setting efforts conducted by specific agencies;

(2) define the health promotion roles and responsibilities of Federal, State and local governments, the private sector, communities, schools, worksites, families, and individuals;

(3) establish specific and measurable actions and timelines to carry out the strategy, and determine accountability for meeting those timelines,
within and across Federal departments and agencies;

and

(4) make recommendations to improve Federal efforts relating to prevention, health promotion, public health, and integrative health care practices to ensure Federal efforts are consistent with available standards and evidence.

(g) REPORT.—Not later than July 1, 2010, and annually thereafter through January 1, 2015, the Council shall submit to the President and the relevant committees of Congress, a report that—

(1) describes the activities and efforts on prevention, health promotion, and public health and activities to develop a national strategy conducted by the Council during the period for which the report is prepared; and

(2) describes the national progress in meeting specific prevention, health promotion, and public health goals defined in the strategy and further describes corrective actions recommended by the Council and taken by relevant agencies and organization to meet these goals.

(h) ANNUAL REQUEST TO GIVE TESTIMONY.—The Chairperson shall annually request an opportunity to testify before Congress concerning—
(1) the progress made by the United States in meeting the prevention, health promotion, and public health goals defined in the strategy and the effectiveness of Federal programs related to these goals; and

(2) the amount and sources of Federal funds that are targeted to prevention, health promotion, and public health initiatives and results of program evaluations.

SEC. 302. PREVENTION AND PUBLIC HEALTH INVESTMENT FUND.

(a) PURPOSE.—It is the purpose of this section to establish a Prevention and Public Health Investment Fund to provide for expanded and sustained national investment in prevention and public health programs to improve health and help restrain the rate of growth in private and public sector health care costs.

(b) ESTABLISHMENT OF FUND.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—There is established in the Treasury of the United States an investment fund to be known as the “Prevention and Public Health Investment Fund” (referred to in this section as the “Investment Fund”), that shall consist of such amounts as may be appropriated or credited to the
Investment Fund as provided for in this section. Such amounts shall remain available until expended.

(2) FUNDING.—There are hereby appropriated to the Investment Fund, out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated for each fiscal year—

(A) for each of fiscal years 2010 through 2019, $10,000,000,000; and

(B) for fiscal year 2020, and each fiscal year thereafter, an amount that is not less than the amount appropriated for fiscal year 2019.

(3) APPROPRIATIONS FROM THE INVESTMENT FUND.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—Amounts in the Investment Fund may be appropriated to increase funding, over the fiscal year 2008 level, for programs authorized by the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 201 et seq.), for prevention, wellness and public health activities, including prevention research and health screenings.

(B) BUDGETARY IMPLICATIONS.—Amounts appropriated under subparagraph (A), and outlays flowing from such appropriations, shall not be taken into account for purposes of any budget enforcement procedures including allocations
under section 302(a) and (b) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act and budget resolutions for fiscal years during which appropriations are made from the Investment Fund.

(4) TRANSFER AUTHORITY.—The Subcommittee on Labor, Health and Human Services, and Education and Related Agencies of the Committee on Appropriation of the House of Representatives and the Senate may provide for the transfer of funds appropriated from the Investment Fund among eligible activities under paragraph (3)(A).

SEC. 303. CLINICAL AND COMMUNITY PREVENTIVE SERVICES.

(a) PREVENTIVE SERVICES TASK FORCE.—Section 915 of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 299b-4) is amended by strike subsection (a) and inserting the following:

“(a) PREVENTIVE SERVICES TASK FORCE.—

“(1) ESTABLISHMENT AND PURPOSE.—The Director shall convene an independent Preventive Services Task Force (referred to in this subsection as the ‘Task Force’) to be composed of individuals with appropriate expertise. Such Task Force shall review the scientific evidence related to the effectiveness,
appropriateness, and cost-effectiveness of clinical preventive services for the purpose of developing recommendations for the health care community, and updating previous clinical preventive recommendations, to be published in the Guide to Clinical Preventive Services (referred to in this section as the ‘Guide’), for individuals and organizations delivering clinical services, including primary care professionals, health care systems, professional societies, employers, community organizations, non-profit organizations, Congress and other policy-makers, governmental public health agencies, health care quality organizations, and organizations developing national health objectives.

“(2) DUTIES.—The duties of the Task Force shall include—

“(A) the development of additional topic areas for new recommendations and interventions related to those topic areas, including those related to specific sub-populations and age groups;

“(B) at least once during every 5-year period, review interventions and update recommendations related to existing topic areas,
including new or improved techniques to assess
the health effects of interventions;

“(C) improved integration with Federal
Government health objectives and related target
setting for health improvement;

“(D) the enhanced dissemination of rec-
ommendations;

“(E) the provision of technical assistance
to those health care professionals, agencies and
organizations that request help in implementing
the Guide recommendations; and

“(F) the submission of yearly reports to
Congress and related agencies identifying gaps
in research and recommending priority areas
that deserve further examination, including
areas related to populations and age groups not
adequately addressed by current recommenda-
tions.

“(3) ROLE OF AGENCY.—The Agency shall pro-
vide ongoing administrative, research, and technical
support for the operations of the Task Force, includ-
ning coordinating and supporting the dissemination of
the recommendations of the Task Force, ensuring
adequate staff resources, and assistance to those or-
ganizations requesting it for implementation of the Guide’s recommendations.

“(4) COORDINATION WITH COMMUNITY PREVENTIVE SERVICES TASK FORCE.—The Task Force shall take appropriate steps to coordinate its work with the Community Preventive Services Task Force and the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices, including the examination of how each task force’s recommendations interact at the nexus of clinic and community.

“(5) OPERATION.—Operation. In carrying out the duties under paragraph (2), the Task Force is not subject to the provisions of Appendix 2 of title 5, United States Code.

“(6) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary for each fiscal year to carry out the activities of the Task Force.”.

(b) COMMUNITY PREVENTIVE SERVICES TASK FORCE.—Part P of title III of the Public Health Service Act is amended by adding at the end the following:

“SEC. 399S. COMMUNITY PREVENTIVE SERVICES TASK FORCE.

“(a) ESTABLISHMENT AND PURPOSE.—The Director of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention shall
convene an independent Community Preventive Services Task Force (referred to in this subsection as the ‘task force’) to be composed of individuals with appropriate expertise. Such Task Force shall review the scientific evidence related to the effectiveness, appropriateness, and cost-effectiveness of community preventive interventions for the purpose of developing recommendations, to be published in the Guide to Community Preventive Services (referred to in this section as the ‘Guide’), for individuals and organizations delivering population-based services, including primary care professionals, health care systems, professional societies, employers, community organizations, non-profit organizations, schools, governmental public health agencies, medical groups, Congress and other policy-makers. Community preventive services include any policies, programs, processes or activities designed to affect or otherwise affecting health at the population level.

“(b) DUTIES.—The duties of the task force shall include—

“(1) the development of additional topic areas for new recommendations and interventions related to those topic areas, including those related to specific populations and age groups, as well as the social, economic and physical environments that can have broad effect on the health and disease of popu-
lations and health disparities among sub-populations
and age groups;

“(2) at least once during every 5-year period,
review interventions and update recommendations
related to existing topic areas, including new or im-
proved techniques to assess the health effects of
interventions, including health impact assessment
and population health modeling;

“(3) improved integration with Federal Govern-
ment health objectives and related target setting for
health improvement;

“(4) the enhanced dissemination of rec-
ommendations;

“(5) the provision of technical assistance to
those health care professionals, agencies, and organi-
zations that request help in implementing the Guide
recommendations; and

“(6) providing yearly reports to Congress and
related agencies identifying gaps in research and
recommending priority areas that deserve further ex-
amination, including areas related to populations
and age groups not adequately addressed by current
recommendations.

“(c) ROLE OF AGENCY.—The Director shall provide
ongoing administrative, research, and technical support
for the operations of the Task Force, including coordi-
nating and supporting the dissemination of the rec-
ommendations of the Task Force, ensuring adequate staff
resources, and assistance to those organizations request-
ing it for implementation of Guide recommendations.

“(d) COORDINATION WITH PREVENTIVE SERVICES

TASK FORCE.—The Task Force shall take appropriate
steps to coordinate its work with the U.S. Preventive Serv-
ices Task Force and the Advisory Committee on Immuni-
zation Practices, including the examination of how each
task force’s recommendations interact at the nexus of clin-
ic and community.

“(e) OPERATION.—In carrying out the duties under
subsection (b), the Task Force shall not be subject to the
provisions of Appendix 2 of title 5, United States Code.

“(f) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be
necessary for each fiscal year to carry out the activities
of the Task Force.”.

SEC. 304. EDUCATION AND OUTREACH CAMPAIGN REGARD-

ING PREVENTIVE BENEFITS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Health and
Human Services (referred to in this section as the “Sec-
retary”) shall provide for the planning and implementa-
tion of a national public–private partnership for a preven-
tion and health promotion outreach and education cam-

paign to raise public awareness of health improvement

across the life span. Such campaign shall include the dis-

semination of information that—

(1) describes the importance of utilizing preven-

tive services to promote wellness, reduce health dis-

parities, and mitigate chronic disease;

(2) promotes the use of preventive services rec-

ommended by the United States Preventive Services

Task Force and the Community Preventive Services

Task Force;

(3) encourages healthy behaviors linked to the

prevention of chronic diseases;

(4) explains the preventive services covered

under health plans offered through a Gateway;

(5) describes additional preventive care sup-

ported by the Centers for Disease Control and Pre-

vention, the Health Resources and Services Adminis-

tration, the Advisory Committee on Immunization

Practices, and other appropriate agencies; and

(6) includes general health promotion informa-

(b) CON-SULTATION.—In coordinating the campaign

under subsection (a), the Secretary shall consult with the

Institute of Medicine to provide ongoing advice on evi-
dence-based scientific information for policy, program development, and evaluation.

(c) Authorization of Appropriations.—There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary to carry out this section.

Subtitle B—Increasing Access to Clinical Preventive Services

SEC. 311. RIGHT CHOICES PROGRAM.

(a) In General.—Beginning on the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall award an annual grant to each State for the establishment of “Right Choices Programs”.

(b) Administration.—A State shall use amounts received under a grant under subsection (a) to establish and implement a Right Choices Program. A State may administer the program through the State Medicaid program or through a comparable program. Under such program the State shall—

(1) conduct outreach activities through State health and human services programs, through safety net facilities, or through other mechanisms determined appropriate by the State and the Secretary, to identify uninsured individuals; and

(2) provide individuals identified under paragraph (1), who are eligible individuals, with a Right
Choices Card to be used to access the services described in subsection (d).

(c) Eligible Individuals.—To be eligible to participate in a Right Choices program under this section, an individual shall—

(1) be a citizen or national of the United States or an alien lawfully admitted to the United States for permanent residence or otherwise residing in the United States under color of law;

(2) not be covered under any health insurance coverage during the 6-month period immediately preceding the date of the determination of eligibility;

(3) have a family income that does not exceed 350 percent of the Federal poverty level for a family of the size involved; and

(4) not be eligible for health care benefits provided through Medicare, Medicaid, the State Children’s Health Insurance Program, the armed services, or the Department of Veterans Affairs.

(d) Services.—Services described in this subsection include the following:

(1) Risk-stratified Care Plan.—

(A) In General.—An eligible individual participating in the Right Choices Program shall receive—
(i) a one-time health risk appraisal;

and

(ii) a risk-stratified care plan provided by a primary care professional who is affiliated with the Medicare or Medicaid programs under title XVIII or XIX of the Social Security Act, or with a Federal or State safety net provider (such as a community care team, community health center, or rural health clinic, as identified by the State).

(B) REFERRALS.—A care plan under subparagraph (A)—

(i) shall include recommendations for behavioral changes, referrals to community-based resources, and referrals for age and gender appropriate immunizations and screenings to prevent chronic diseases (as identified by the Secretary, in consultation with the Director of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, the Administrator of the Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality, the Administrator of the Health Resources and Services Administration, the Administrator of the Sub-
stance Abuse and Mental Health Services
Administration, and other appropriate
sources); and

(ii) to the extent feasible, shall include
referrals by the State of individuals to
State and Federal programs for which they
may be eligible.

(2) TREATMENT.—An eligible individual partici-
pating in the Right Choices Program who has been
diagnosed with an illnesses shall be referred for
treatment to existing Federal or State safety net
providers or facilities, as appropriate (such as public
hospitals, community health centers, and rural
health clinics).

(e) PAYMENT OF PROVIDERS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The State shall be required
to reimburse health care providers that provide serv-
ices to individuals under the Right Choices Program.
Such reimbursement shall be approved by the Sec-
retary and determined based on the amount paid by
the State for similar services under the Medicaid
program in the State. Such reimbursement shall not
exceed the reimbursement provided for similar serv-
ices under the Medicare program.
(2) COST SHARING.—A State shall require that an eligible individual with a family income that exceeds 200 percent of the Federal poverty level for a family of the size involved that is participating in the State’s Right Choices Program, contribute a portion of the cost of care under such Program on a sliding scale as determined by the Secretary.

(f) AMOUNT OF GRANT.—The amount of a grant to a State under this section for a year shall be determined by the Secretary based on the percentage of uninsured adults and children in the State (as compared to all States) and the prevalence of the most common costly chronic diseases in the State (as compared to all States). The Secretary shall determine what amount of the grant can be used for State administration of the program. The Secretary may also set aside not more than 20 percent of the funds appropriated to carry out this section to allocate to programs that fund the treatment of individuals participating in a Right Choices Program.

(g) PAYMENTS.—The Secretary shall determine the manner in which payments shall be made to States under this section on a prospective basis to enable the State to provide individuals with access to items and services until the Federal or State Gateways are available.
(h) LIMITATION ON FUNDS.—The Secretary shall not obligate in excess of $5,000,000,000 for any fiscal year under this section.

(i) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term “State” means each of the several States, the District of Columbia, and each of the territories of the United States, and shall include Indian tribes and tribal organizations (as such terms are defined in section 4(b) and section 4(c) of the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act).

(j) EVALUATION.—The Secretary shall conduct an annual evaluation of the effectiveness of the pilot program under this section.

(k) SUNSET.—The program under this section shall terminate with respect to a State, on the date on which the Federal or State Gateways are available, or on a date determined by the Secretary.

SEC. 312. SCHOOL-BASED HEALTH CLINICS.

Part Q of title III of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 280h et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“SEC. 399Z-1. SCHOOL-BASED HEALTH CLINICS.

“(a) DEFINITIONS; ESTABLISHMENT OF CRITERIA.—In this section:
“(1) COMMUNITY.—The term ‘community’ includes parents, consumers, local leaders, and organizations.

“(2) COMPREHENSIVE PRIMARY HEALTH SERVICES.—The term ‘comprehensive primary health services’ means the core services offered by school-based health clinics, which shall include the following:

“(A) PHYSICAL.—Comprehensive health assessments, diagnosis, and treatment of minor, acute, and chronic medical conditions and referrals to, and follow-up for, specialty care.

“(B) MENTAL HEALTH.—Mental health assessments, crisis intervention, counseling, treatment, and referral to a continuum of services including emergency psychiatric care, community support programs, inpatient care, and outpatient programs.

“(C) OPTIONAL SERVICES.—Additional services, which may include oral health, social, and health education services, such as nutrition counseling, physical education and prevention of chronic disease counseling.

“(3) MEDICALLY UNDERSERVED CHILDREN AND ADOLESCENTS.—
“(A) IN GENERAL.—The term ‘medically underserved children and adolescents’ means a population of children and adolescents who are residents of an area designated by the Secretary as an area with a shortage of personal health services and health infrastructure for such children and adolescents.

“(B) CRITERIA.—The Secretary shall prescribe criteria for determining the specific shortages of personal health services for medically underserved children and adolescents under subparagraph (A) that shall—

“(i) take into account any comments received by the Secretary from the chief executive officer of a State and local officials in a State; and

“(ii) include factors indicative of the health status of such children and adolescents of an area, including the ability of the residents of such area to pay for health services, the accessibility of such services, the availability of health professionals to such children and adolescents, and other factors as determined appropriate by the Secretary.
“(4) School-based health clinic.—The term ‘school-based health clinic’ means a health clinic that—

“(A) is located in or near a school facility of a school district or board;

“(B) is organized through school, community, and health provider relationships;

“(C) is administered by a sponsoring facility; and

“(D) provides, at a minimum, comprehensive primary health services during school hours to children and adolescents by health professionals in accordance with State and local laws and regulations, established standards, and community practice.

“(5) Sponsoring facility.—The term ‘sponsoring facility’ is a community-based organization, which may include—

“(A) a hospital;

“(B) a public health department;

“(C) a community health center;

“(D) a nonprofit health care agency; or

“(E) a school or school system.

“(b) Authority to award grants.—The Secretary shall award grants for the costs of the operation
of school-based health clinics (referred to in this section as ‘SBHCs’) that meet the requirements of this section.

“(c) APPLICATIONS.—To be eligible to receive a grant under this section, an entity shall—

“(1) be an SBHC (as defined in subsection (a)(4)); and

“(2) submit to the Secretary an application at such time, in such manner, and containing—

“(A) evidence that the applicant meets all criteria necessary to be designated an SBHC;

“(B) evidence of local need for the services to be provided by the SBHC;

“(C) an assurance that—

“(i) SBHC services will be provided to those children and adolescents for whom parental or guardian consent has been obtained in cooperation with Federal, State, and local laws governing health care service provision to children and adolescents;

“(ii) the SBHC has made and will continue to make every reasonable effort to establish and maintain collaborative relationships with other health care providers in the catchment area of the SBHC;
“(iii) the SBHC will provide on-site access during the academic day when school is in session and 24-hour coverage through an on-call system and through its backup health providers to ensure access to services on a year-round basis when the school or the SBHC is closed;

“(iv) the SBHC will be integrated into the school environment and will coordinate health services with school personnel, such as administrators, teachers, nurses, counselors, and support personnel, as well as with other community providers co-located at the school;

“(v) the SBHC sponsoring facility assumes all responsibility for the SBHC administration, operations, and oversight; and

“(vi) the SBHC will comply with Federal, State, and local laws concerning patient privacy and student records, including regulations promulgated under the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 and section 444 of the General Education Provisions Act; and
“(D) such other information as the Secretary may require.

“(d) PREFERENCES.—In reviewing applications, the Secretary may give preference to applicants who demonstrate an ability to serve the following:

“(1) Communities that have evidenced barriers to primary health care and mental health services for children and adolescents.

“(2) Communities with high percentages of children and adolescents who are uninsured, underinsured, or enrolled in public health insurance programs.

“(3) Populations of children and adolescents that have historically demonstrated difficulty in accessing health and mental health services.

“(e) WAIVER OF REQUIREMENTS.—The Secretary may—

“(1) under appropriate circumstances, waive the application of all or part of the requirements of this subsection with respect to an SBHC for not to exceed 2 years; and

“(2) upon a showing of good cause, waive the requirement that the SBHC provide all required comprehensive primary health services for a des-
ignated period of time to be determined by the Sec-
retary.

“(f) USE OF FUNDS.—

“(1) FUNDS.—Funds awarded under a grant
under this section may be used for

“(A) acquiring and leasing equipment (in-
cluding the costs of amortizing the principle of,
and paying interest on, loans for such equip-
ment);

“(B) providing training related to the pro-
vision of required comprehensive primary health
services and additional health services;

“(C) the management and operation of
health center programs; and

“(D) the payment of salaries for physi-
cians, nurses, and other personnel of the
SBHC.

“(2) CONSTRUCTION.—The Secretary may
award grants which may be used to pay the costs as-
associated with expanding and modernizing existing
buildings for use as an SBHC, including the pur-
chase of trailers or manufactured building to install
on the school property.
“(3) AMOUNT.—The amount of any grant made in any fiscal year to an SBHC shall be determined by the Secretary, taking into account—

“(A) the financial need of the SBHC;

“(B) State, local, or other operation funding provided to the SBHC; and

“(C) other factors as determined appropriate by the Secretary.

“(g) MATCHING REQUIREMENT.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—Each eligible entity that receives a grant under this section shall provide, from non-Federal sources, an amount equal to 20 percent of the amount of the grant (which may be provided in cash or in-kind) to carry out the activities supported by the grant.

“(2) WAIVER.—The Secretary may waive all or part of the matching requirement described in paragraph (1) for any fiscal year for the SBHC if the Secretary determines that applying the matching requirement to the SBHC would result in serious hardship or an inability to carry out the purposes of this section.

“(h) SUPPLEMENT, NOT SUPPLANT.—Grant funds provided under this section shall be used to supplement, not supplant, other Federal or State funds.
“(i) TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.—The Secretary shall establish a program through which the Secretary shall provide (either through the Department of Health and Human Services or by grant or contract) technical and other assistance to SBHCs to assist such SBHCs to meet the requirements of subsection (c)(2)(C). Services provided through the program may include necessary technical and nonfinancial assistance, including fiscal and program management assistance, training in fiscal and program management, operational and administrative support, and the provision of information to the entities of the variety of resources available under this title and how those resources can be best used to meet the health needs of the communities served by the entities.

“(j) EVALUATION.—The Secretary shall develop and implement a plan for evaluating SBHCs and monitoring quality performances under the awards made under this section.

“(k) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—For purposes of carrying out this section, there are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary for each of the fiscal years 2010 through 2014.”.
SEC. 313. ORAL HEALTHCARE PREVENTION ACTIVITIES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Title III of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 241 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“PART S—ORAL HEALTHCARE PREVENTION ACTIVITIES

“SEC. 399GG. ORAL HEALTHCARE PREVENTION EDUCATION CAMPAIGN.

“(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary, acting through the Director of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, shall establish a 5-year national, public education campaign (referred to in this section as the ‘campaign’) that is focused on oral healthcare prevention and education, including prevention of oral disease such as early childhood and other carries, periodontal disease, and oral cancer.

“(b) REQUIREMENTS.—In establishing the campaign, the Secretary shall—

“(1) ensure that activities are targeted towards specific populations such as children, pregnant women, parents, the elderly, individuals with disabilities, and ethnic and racial minority populations, in a culturally and linguistically appropriate manner; and

“(2) utilize science-based strategies to convey oral health prevention messages that include, but are
not limited to, community water fluoridation and
dental sealants.

“(c) PLANNING AND IMPLEMENTATION.—Not later
than 2 years after the date of enactment of this part, the
Secretary shall begin implementing the 5-year campaign.
During the 2-year period referred to in the previous sen-
tence, the Secretary shall conduct planning activities with
respect to the campaign.

“SEC. 399GG-1. RESEARCH-BASED DENTAL CARIES DISEASE
MANAGEMENT.

“(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through
the Director of the Centers for Disease Control and Pre-
vention, shall award demonstration grants to eligible enti-
ties to demonstrate the effectiveness of research-based
dental caries disease management activities.

“(b) ELIGIBILITY.—To be eligible for a grant under
this section, an entity shall—

“(1) be a community-based provider of dental
services (as defined by the Secretary), including a
Federally-qualified health center, a clinic of a hos-
pital owned or operated by a State (or by an instru-
mentality or a unit of government within a State),
a State or local department of health, a private pro-
vider of dental services, medical, dental, public
health, nursing, nutrition educational institutions, or
national organizations involved in improving children’s oral health; and

“(2) submit to the Secretary an application at such time, in such manner, and containing such information as the Secretary may require.

“(c) Use of Funds.—A grantee shall use amount received under a grant under this section to demonstrate the effectiveness of research-based dental caries disease management activities.

“(d) Use of Information.—The Secretary shall utilize information generated from grantees under this section in planning and implementing the public education campaign under section 399GG.

“SEC. 399GG-2. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

“There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out this part, such sums as may be necessary.”.

SEC. 314. ORAL HEALTH IMPROVEMENT.

(a) School-Based Sealant Programs.—Section 317M(c)(1) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 247b-14(c)(1)) is amended by striking “may award grants to States and Indian tribes” and inserting “shall award a grant to each of the 50 States and territories and to Indians, Indian tribes, tribal organizations and urban Indian organizations (as such terms are defined in section 4 of the Indian Health Care Improvement Act)”.

(b) **Oral Health Infrastructure.**—Section 317M of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 247b-14) is amended—

(1) by redesignating subsections (d) and (e) as subsections (e) and (f), respectively; and

(2) by inserting after subsection (e), the following:

 ``(d) **Oral Health Infrastructure.**—

 ``(1) Cooperative agreements.**—The Secretary, acting through the Director of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, shall enter into cooperative agreements with State, territorial, and tribal units of government to establish oral health leadership and program guidance, oral health data collection and interpretation, (including determinants of poor oral health among vulnerable populations), a multi-dimensional delivery system for oral health, and to implement science-based programs (including dental sealants and community water fluoridation) to improve oral health.

 ``(2) Authorization of appropriations.**—There is authorized to be appropriated such sums as necessary to carry out this subsection for fiscal years 2010 through 2014.”.
(c) Updating National Oral Healthcare Surveillance Activities.—

(1) PRAMS.—

(A) In general.—The Secretary of Health and Human Services (referred to in this subsection as the “Secretary”) shall carry out activities to update and improve the Pregnancy Risk Assessment Monitoring System (referred to in this section as “PRAMS”) as it relates to oral healthcare.

(B) State reports and mandatory measurements.—

(i) In general.—Not later than 5 years after the date of enactment of this Act, and every 5 years thereafter, a State shall submit to the Secretary a report concerning activities conducted within the State under PRAMS.

(ii) Measurements.—The oral healthcare measurements developed by the Secretary for use under PRAMS shall be mandatory with respect to States for purposes of the State reports under clause (i).
(C) Funding.—There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out this paragraph, such as may be necessary.

(2) National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey.—The Secretary shall develop oral healthcare components that shall include tooth-level surveillance for inclusion in the National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey. Such components shall be updated by the Secretary at least every 6 years.

(3) Medical Expenditures Panel Survey.—

The Secretary shall ensure that the Medical Expenditures Panel Survey by the Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality include the verification of dental utilization, expenditure, and coverage findings through conduct of a look-back analysis.

(4) National Oral Health Surveillance System.—

(A) Appropriations.—There is authorized to be appropriated, such sums as may be necessary for each of fiscal years 2010 through 2014 to increase the participation of States in the National Oral Health Surveillance System from 16 States to all 50 States, territories, and District of Columbia.
(B) REQUIREMENTS.—The Secretary shall ensure that the National Oral Health Surveillance System include the measurement of early childhood carries.

Subtitle C—Creating Healthier Communities

SEC. 321. COMMUNITY TRANSFORMATION GRANTS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Health and Human Services (referred to in this section as the “Secretary”), acting through the Director of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (referred to in this section as the “Director”), shall award competitive grants to State and local governmental agencies and community-based organizations for the implementation, evaluation, and dissemination of proven evidence-based community preventive health activities in order to reduce chronic disease rates, address health disparities, and develop a stronger evidence-base of effective prevention programming.

(b) ELIGIBILITY.—To be eligible to receive a grant under subsection (a), an entity shall—

(1) be a—

(A) State governmental agency;

(B) local governmental agency; or
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(C) national network of community-based
organizations; and

(2) submit to the Director an application at
such time, in such a manner, and containing such
information as the Director may require, including a
description of the program to be carried out under
the grant; and

(3) demonstrate a history or capacity, if fund-
ed, to develop relationships necessary to engage key
stakeholders from multiple sectors across a commu-
nity.

(c) USE OF FUNDS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—An eligible entity shall use
amounts received under a grant under this section to
carry out programs described in this subsection.

(2) COMMUNITY TRANSFORMATION PLAN.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—An eligible entity that
receives a grant under this section shall submit
to the Director (for approval) a detailed plan
that includes the policy, environmental, pro-
grammatic, and infrastructure changes needed
to promote healthy living and reduce dispari-
ties.

(B) ACTIVITIES.—Activities within the
plan shall focus on (but not be limited to)—
(i) creating healthier school environments, including increasing healthy food options, physical activity opportunities, promotion of healthy lifestyle and prevention curricula, and activities to prevent chronic diseases;

(ii) creating the infrastructure to support active living and access to nutritious foods in a safe environment;

(iii) developing and promoting programs targeting a variety of age levels to increase access to nutrition, physical activity and smoking cessation, enhance safety in a community, or address any other chronic disease priority area identified by the grantee;

(iv) assessing and implementing worksite wellness programming and incentives;

(v) working to highlight healthy options at restaurants and other food venues;

(vi) prioritizing strategies to reduce racial and ethnic disparities, including social determinants of health; and
(vii) addressing the needs of special populations, including all ages groups and individuals with disabilities.

(3) COMMUNITY-BASED PREVENTION HEALTH ACTIVITIES.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—An eligible entity shall use amounts received under a grant under this section to implement a variety of programs, policies, and infrastructure improvements to promote healthier lifestyles.

(B) ACTIVITIES.—An eligible entity shall implement activities detailed in the community transformation plan under paragraph (2).

(C) IN-KIND SUPPORT.—An eligible entity shall provide in-kind resources such as staff, equipment, or office space in carrying out activities under this section.

(4) EVALUATION.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—An eligible entity shall use amount provided under a grant under this section to conduct activities to measure changes in the prevalence of chronic disease risk factors among community members participating in preventive health activities
(B) TYPES OF MEASURES.—In carrying out subparagraph (A), the eligible entity shall, with respect to residents in the community, measure—

(i) decreases in weight;
(ii) increases in proper nutrition;
(iii) increases in physical activity;
(iv) decreases in tobacco use prevalence;
(v) other factors using community-specific data from the Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance Survey; and
(vi) other factors as determined by the Secretary.

(C) REPORTING.—An eligible entity shall annually submit to the Director a report containing an evaluation of activities carried out under the grant.

(5) DISSEMINATION.—A grantee under this section shall—

(A) meet at least annually in regional or national meetings to discuss challenges, best practices, and lessons learned with respect to activities carried out under the grant; and
(B) develop models for the replication of successful programs and activities and the mentoring of other eligible entities.

(d) Training.—

(1) In general.—The Director shall develop a program to provide training for eligible entities on effective strategies for the prevention and control of chronic disease.

(2) Community Transformation Plan.—The Director shall provide appropriate feedback and technical assistance to grantees to establish community makeover plans.

(3) Evaluation.—The Director shall provide a literature review and framework for the evaluation of programs conducted as part of the grant program under this section, in addition to working with academic institution or other entities with expertise in outcome evaluation.

(e) Authorization of Appropriations.—There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section, such sums as may be necessary for each fiscal years 2010 through 2014.

SEC. 322. HEALTHY AGING, LIVING WELL.

(a) In general.—The Secretary of Health and Human Services (referred to in this section as the “Sec-
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retary’’), acting through the Director of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, shall award grants to State or local health departments to carry out 5-year pilot programs to provide public health community interventions, screenings, and where necessary, clinical referrals for individuals who are between 55 and 64 years of age.

(b) ELIGIBILITY.—To be eligible to receive a grant under subsection (a), an entity shall—

(1) be a—

(A) State health department; or

(B) local health department;

(2) submit to the Secretary an application at such time, in such manner, and containing such information as the Secretary may require including a description of the program to be carried out under the grant;

(3) design a strategy for improving the health of the 55-to-64 year-old population through community-based public health interventions; and

(4) demonstrate the capacity, if funded, to develop the relationships necessary with relevant health agencies, health care providers, and insurers to carry out the activities described in subsection (e), such relationships to include the identification of a com-
munity-based clinical partner, such as a community
health center or rural health clinic.

(c) Use of Funds.—

(1) In General.—A State or local health de-
partment shall use amounts received under a grant
under this section to carry out a program to provide
the services described in this subsection to individ-
uals who are between 55 and 64 years of age.

(2) Public health interventions.—

(A) In General.—In developing and im-
plementing such activities, a grantee shall col-
laborate with the Centers for Disease Control
and Prevention and the Administration on
Aging, and relevant local agencies and organi-
izations.

(B) Types of intervention activities.—Intervention activities conducted under
this paragraph may include efforts to improve
nutrition, increase physical activity, reduce to-
bacco use and substance abuse, improve mental
health, and promote healthy lifestyles among
the target population.

(3) Community preventive screenings.—

(A) In General.—In addition to commu-
nity-wide public health interventions, a State or
local health department shall use amounts re-
ceived under a grant under this section to con-
duct ongoing health screening to identify risk
factors for cardiovascular disease, stroke, and
diabetes among individuals who are between 55
and 64 years of age.

(B) TYPES OF SCREENING ACTIVITIES.—
Screening activities conducted under this para-
graph may include—

(i) mental health/behavioral health;

(ii) physical activity, smoking, and nu-
trition; and

(iii) any other measures deemed ap-
propriate by the Secretary.

(C) MONITORING.—Grantees under this
section shall maintain records of screening re-
sults under this paragraph to establish the
baseline data for monitoring the targeted popu-
lation

(4) CLINICAL REFERRAL/TREATMENT FOR
CHRONIC DISEASES.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—A State or local health
department shall use amounts received under a
grant under this section to ensure that individ-
uals between 55 and 64 years of age who are
found to have chronic disease risk factors through the screening activities described in paragraph (3)(B), receive clinical referral/treatment for follow-up services to reduce such risk.

(B) MECHANISM.—

(i) IDENTIFICATION AND DETERMINATION OF STATUS.—With respect to each individual with risk factors for or having heart disease, stroke, diabetes, or any other condition for which such individual was screened under paragraph (3), a grantee under this section shall determine whether or not such individual is covered under any public or private health insurance program.

(ii) INSURED INDIVIDUALS.—An individual determined to be covered under a health insurance program under clause (i) shall be referred by the grantee to the existing providers under such program or, if such individual does not have a current provider, to a provider who is in-network with respect to the program involved.

(iii) UNINSURED INDIVIDUALS.—With respect to an individual determined to be
uninsured under clause (i), the grantee’s
community-based clinical partner described
in subsection (b)(4) shall assist the indi-
vidual in determining eligibility for avail-
able public coverage options and identify
other appropriate community health care
resources and assistance programs.

(C) Public health intervention pro-
gram.—A State or local health department
shall use amounts received under a grant under
this section to enter into contracts with commu-
nity health centers or rural health clinics to as-
sist in the referral/treatment of at risk patients
to community resources for clinical follow-up
and help determine eligibility for other public
programs.

(5) Grantee evaluation.—An eligible entity
shall use amounts provided under a grant under this
section to conduct activities to measure changes in
the prevalence of chronic disease risk factors among
participants.

(d) Pilot program evaluation.—The Secretary
shall conduct an annual evaluation of the effectiveness of
the pilot program under this section. In determining such
effectiveness, the Secretary shall consider changes in the
prevalence of uncontrolled chronic disease risk factors among new Medicare enrollees (or individuals nearing enrollment, including those who are 63 and 64 years of age) who reside in States or localities receiving grants under this section as compared with national and historical data for those States and localities for the same population.

(e) Authorization of Appropriations.—There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section, such sums as may be necessary for each of fiscal years 2010 through 2014.

SEC. 323. WELLNESS FOR INDIVIDUALS WITH DISABILITIES.

Title V of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. 791 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end of the following:

“SEC. 510. ESTABLISHMENT OF STANDARDS FOR ACCESSIBLE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTIC EQUIPMENT.

“(a) Standards.—Not later than 9 months after the date of enactment of the Affordable Health Choices Act, the Architectural and Transportation Barriers Compliance Board shall issue (including publishing) standards setting forth the minimum technical criteria for medical diagnostic equipment used in (or in conjunction with) physician’s offices, clinics, emergency rooms, hospitals, and other medical settings. The standards shall ensure that such equipment is accessible to, and usable by, individuals
with disabilities, and shall allow independent entry to, use
of, and exit from the equipment by such individuals to the
maximum extent possible.

“(b) MEDICAL DIAGNOSTIC EQUIPMENT COV-
ered.—The standards issued under subsection (a) for
medical diagnostic equipment shall apply to equipment
that includes examination tables, examination chairs (in-
cluding chairs used for eye examinations or procedures,
and dental examinations or procedures), weight scales,
mammography equipment, x-ray machines, and other rad-
ological equipment commonly used for diagnostic purposes
by health professionals.

“(c) REVIEW AND AMENDMENT.—The Architectural
and Transportation Barriers Compliance Board shall peri-
odically review and, as appropriate, amend the stand-
ards.”.

SEC. 324. IMMUNIZATIONS.

(a) STATE AUTHORITY TO PURCHASE RE-
COMMENDED VACCINES FOR ADULTS.—Section 317 of the
Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 247b) is amended
by adding at the end the following:

“(l) AUTHORITY TO PURCHASE RECOMMENDED VAC-
cines for Adults.—

“(1) In general.—The Secretary may nego-
tiate and enter into contracts with manufacturers of
vaccines for the purchase and delivery of vaccines
for adults otherwise provided vaccines under grants
under this section.

“(2) STATE PURCHASE.—A State may obtain
adult vaccines (subject to amounts specified to the
Secretary by the State in advance of negotiations)
through the purchase of vaccines from manufactur-
ers at the applicable price negotiated by the Sec-
retary under this subsection.”.

(b) DEMONSTRATION PROGRAM TO IMPROVE IMMU-
NIZATION COVERAGE.—Section 317 of the Public Health
Service Act (42 U.S.C. 247b), as amended by subsection
(a), is further amended by adding at the end the following:

“(m) DEMONSTRATION PROGRAM TO IMPROVE IM-
MUNIZATION COVERAGE.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting
through the Director of the Centers for Disease
Control and Prevention, shall establish a demonstra-
tion program to award grants to States to improve
the provision of recommended immunizations for
children, adolescents, and adults through the use of
evidence-based, population-based interventions for
high-risk populations.

“(2) STATE PLAN.—To be eligible for a grant
under paragraph (1), a State shall submit to the
Secretary an application at such time, in such man-
ner, and containing such information as the Sec-
retary may require, including a State plan that de-
scribes the interventions to be implemented under
the grant and how such interventions match with
local needs and capabilities, as determined through
consultation with local authorities.

“(3) USE OF FUNDS.—Funds received under a
grant under this subsection shall be used to imple-
ment interventions that are recommended by the
Task Force on Community Preventive Services (as
established by the Secretary, acting through the Di-
rector of the Centers for Disease Control and Pre-
vention) or other evidence-based interventions, in-
cluding—

“(A) providing immunization reminders or
recalls for target populations of clients, pa-
tients, and consumers;

“(B) educating targeted populations and
health care providers concerning immunizations
in combination with one or more other interven-
tions;

“(C) reducing out-of-pocket costs for fami-
lies for vaccines and their administration;
“(D) carrying out immunization-promoting strategies for participants or clients of public programs, including assessments of immunization status, referrals to health care providers, education, provision of on-site immunizations, or incentives for immunization;

“(E) providing for home visits that promote immunization through education, assessments of need, referrals, provision of immunizations, or other services;

“(F) providing reminders or recalls for immunization providers;

“(G) conducting assessments of, and providing feedback to, immunization providers; or

“(H) any combination of one or more interventions described in this paragraph.

“(4) CONSIDERATION.—In awarding grants under this subsection, the Secretary shall consider any reviews or recommendations of the Task Force on Community Preventive Services.

“(5) EVALUATION.—Not later than 3 years after the date on which a State receives a grant under this subsection, the State shall submit to the Secretary an evaluation of progress made toward im-
proving immunization coverage rates among high-risk populations within the State.

“(6) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—Not later than 4 years after the date of enactment of the American Health Choices Act, the Secretary shall submit to Congress a report concerning the effectiveness of the demonstration program established under this subsection together with recommendations on whether to continue and expand such program.

“(7) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out this subsection, such sums as may be necessary for each of fiscal years 2010 through 2014.”.

(e) REAUTHORIZATION OF IMMUNIZATION PROGRAM.—Section 317(j) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 247b(j)) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1), by striking “for each of the fiscal years 1998 through 2005”; and

(2) in paragraph (2), by striking “after October 1, 1997,.”.
SEC. 325. NUTRITION LABELING OF STANDARD MENU ITEMS AT CHAIN RESTAURANTS AND OF ARTICLES OF FOOD SOLD FROM VENDING MACHINES.

(a) TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS.—Section 403(q)(5)(A) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 343(q)(5)(A)) is amended—

(1) in subitem (i), by inserting at the beginning “except as provided in clause (H)(ii)(III),”; and

(2) in subitem (ii), by inserting at the beginning “except as provided in clause (H)(ii)(III),”.

(b) LABELING REQUIREMENTS.—Section 403(q)(5) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 343(q)(5)) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(H) RESTAURANTS, RETAIL FOOD ESTABLISHMENTS, AND VENDING MACHINES.—

“(i) GENERAL REQUIREMENTS FOR RESTAURANTS AND SIMILAR RETAIL FOOD ESTABLISHMENTS.—Except for food described in subclause (vii), in the case of food that is a standard menu item that is offered for sale in a restaurant or similar retail food establishment that is part of a chain with 20 or more locations doing business under the same name (regardless of the type of ownership of the locations) and offering for sale substantially the same menu items, the restaurant or similar retail
food establishment shall disclose the information described in subclauses (ii) and (iii).

“(ii) INFORMATION REQUIRED TO BE DISCLOSED BY RESTAURANTS AND RETAIL FOOD ESTABLISHMENTS.—Except as provided in subclause (vii), the restaurant or similar retail food establishment shall disclose in a clear and conspicuous manner—

“(I)(aa) in a nutrient content disclosure statement adjacent to the name of the standard menu item, so as to be clearly associated with the standard menu item, on the menu listing the item for sale, the number of calories contained in the standard menu item, as usually prepared and offered for sale; and

“(bb) a succinct statement concerning suggested daily caloric intake, as specified by the Secretary by regulation and posted prominently on the menu and designed to enable the public to understand, in the context of a total daily diet, the significance of the caloric information that is provided on the menu;

“(II)(aa) in a nutrient content disclosure statement adjacent to the name of the standard menu item, so as to be clearly associated with
the standard menu item, on the menu board, including a drive-through menu board, the number of calories contained in the standard menu item, as usually prepared and offered for sale; and

“(bb) a succinct statement concerning suggested daily caloric intake, as specified by the Secretary by regulation and posted prominently on the menu board, designed to enable the public to understand, in the context of a total daily diet, the significance of the nutrition information that is provided on the menu board;

“(III) in a written form, available on the premises of the restaurant or similar retail establishment and to the consumer upon request, the nutrition information required under clauses (C) and (D) of subparagraph (1); and

“(IV) on the menu or menu board, a prominent, clear, and conspicuous statement regarding the availability of the information described in item (III).

“(iii) SELF-SERVICE FOOD AND FOOD ON DISPLAY.—Except as provided in subclause (vii), in the case of food sold at a salad bar, buffet line, cafeteria line, or similar self-service facility, and for self-serv-
ice beverages or food that is on display and that is visible to customers, a restaurant or similar retail food establishment shall place adjacent to each food offered a sign that lists calories per displayed food item or per serving.

“(iv) REASONABLE BASIS.—For the purposes of this clause, a restaurant or similar retail food establishment shall have a reasonable basis for its nutrient content disclosures, including nutrient databases, cookbooks, laboratory analyses, and other reasonable means, as described in section 101.10 of title 21, Code of Federal Regulations (or any successor regulation) or in a related guidance of the Food and Drug Administration.

“(v) MENU VARIABILITY AND COMBINATION MEALS.—The Secretary shall establish by regulation standards for determining and disclosing the nutrient content for standard menu items that come in different flavors, varieties, or combinations, but which are listed as a single menu item, such as soft drinks, ice cream, pizza, doughnuts, or children’s combination meals, through means determined by the Secretary, including ranges, averages, or other methods.
“(vi) ADDITIONAL INFORMATION.—If the Secretary determines that a nutrient, other than a nutrient required under subclause (ii)(III), should be disclosed for the purpose of providing information to assist consumers in maintaining healthy dietary practices, the Secretary may require, by regulation, disclosure of such nutrient in the written form required under subclause (ii)(III).

“(vii) NONAPPLICABILITY TO CERTAIN FOOD.—

“(I) IN GENERAL.—Subclauses (i) through (vi) do not apply to—

“(aa) items that are not listed on a menu or menu board (such as condiments and other items placed on the table or counter for general use);

“(bb) daily specials, temporary menu items appearing on the menu for less than 60 days per calendar year, or custom orders; or

“(cc) such other food that is part of a customary market test appearing on the menu for less than 90 days, under terms and conditions established by the Secretary.
“(II) Written forms.—Subparagraph (5)(C) shall apply to any regulations promulgated under subclauses (ii)(III) and (vi).

“(viii) Vending machines.—

“(I) In general.—In the case of an article of food sold from a vending machine that—

“(aa) does not permit a prospective purchaser to examine the Nutrition Facts Panel before purchasing the article or does not otherwise provide visible nutrition information at the point of purchase; and

“(bb) is operated by a person who is engaged in the business of owning or operating 20 or more vending machines,

the vending machine operator shall provide a sign in close proximity to each article of food or the selection button that includes a clear and conspicuous statement disclosing the number of calories contained in the article.

“(ix) Voluntary provision of nutrition information.—

“(I) In general.—An authorized official of any restaurant or similar retail food establishment or vending machine operator not subject to the requirements of this clause may elect
to be subject to the requirements of such clause, by registering biannually the name and address of such restaurant or similar retail food establishment or vending machine operator with the Secretary, as specified by the Secretary by regulation.

“(II) REGISTRATION.—Within 120 days of enactment of this clause, the Secretary shall publish a notice in the Federal Register specifying the terms and conditions for implementation of item (I), pending promulgation of regulations.

“(III) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this subclause shall be construed to authorize the Secretary to require an application, review, or licensing process for any entity to register with the Secretary, as described in such item.

“(x) REGULATIONS.—

“(I) PROPOSED REGULATION.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this clause, the Secretary shall promulgate proposed regulations to carry out this clause.

“(II) CONTENTS.—In promulgating regulations, the Secretary shall—
“(aa) consider standardization of recipes and methods of preparation, reasonable variation in serving size and formulation of menu items, space on menus and menu boards, inadvertent human error, training of food service workers, variations in ingredients, and other factors, as the Secretary determines; and

“(bb) specify the format and manner of the nutrient disclosure requirements under this subclause.

“(III) REPORTING.—The Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions of the Senate and the Committee on Energy and Commerce of the House of Representatives a quarterly report that describes the Secretary’s progress toward promulgating final regulations under this subparagraph.

“(xi) DEFINITION.—In this clause, the term ‘menu’ or ‘menu board’ means the primary writing of the restaurant or other similar retail food establishment from which a consumer makes an order selection.”
(c) NATIONAL UNIFORMITY.—Section 403A(a)(4) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 343-1(a)(4)) is amended by striking “except a requirement for nutrition labeling of food which is exempt under subclause (i) or (ii) of section 403(q)(5)(A)” and inserting “except that this paragraph does not apply to food that is offered for sale in a restaurant or similar retail food establishment that is not part of a chain with 20 or more locations doing business under the same name (regardless of the type of ownership of the locations) and offering for sale substantially the same menu items”.

(d) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in the amendments made by this section shall be construed—

(1) to preempt any provision of State or local law, unless such provision establishes or continues into effect nutrient content disclosures of the type required under section 403(q)(5)(H) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (as added by subsection (b)) and is expressly preempted under subsection (a)(4) of such section;

(2) to apply to any State or local requirement respecting a statement in the labeling of food that provides for a warning concerning the safety of the food or component of the food; or
except as provided in section 403(q)(5)(H)(ix) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (as added by subsection (b)), to apply to any restaurant or similar retail food establishment other than a restaurant or similar retail food establishment described in section 403(q)(5)(H)(i) of such Act.

Subtitle D—Support for Prevention and Public Health Information

SEC. 331. RESEARCH ON OPTIMIZING THE DELIVERY OF PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Health and Human Services (referred to in this section as the “Secretary”), acting through the Director of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, shall provide funding for research in the area of public health services and systems.

(b) REQUIREMENTS OF RESEARCH.—Research supported under this section shall include—

(1) examining evidence-based practices relating to prevention, with a particular focus on high priority areas as identified by the Secretary in the National Prevention Strategy or Healthy People 2020, and including comparing community-based public health interventions in terms of effectiveness and cost;
(2) analyzing the translation of interventions from academic settings to real world settings;

(3) identifying effective strategies for organizing, financing, or delivering public health services in real world community settings, including comparing State and local health department structures and systems in terms of effectiveness and cost; and

(4) collecting and disseminating information concerning career categories, skill sets, and workforce gaps to better inform State and locality decision-making about policies and program implementation, including the conduct of a public health workforce enumeration survey to determine current distribution of jobs including trend lines, wages, benefits, training, and pathways to enter public health.

(c) EXISTING PARTNERSHIPS.—Research supported under this section shall be coordinated with the Community Preventive Services Task Force and carried out by building on existing partnerships within the Federal Government while also considering initiatives at the State and local levels and in the private sector.

(d) ANNUAL REPORT.—The Secretary shall, on an annual basis, submit to Congress a report concerning the activities and findings with respect to research supported under this section.
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1 SEC. 332. UNDERSTANDING HEALTH DISPARITIES: DATA
2 COLLECTION AND ANALYSIS.
3
4 The Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 201 et
5 seq.) as amended by section 172, is further amended by
6 adding at the end the following:
7 "TITLE XXXIII—DATA COLLECTION, ANALYSIS, AND QUALITY
8 "SEC. 3301. DATA COLLECTION, ANALYSIS, AND QUALITY.
9 "(a) Data Collection.—
10 "(1) In General.—The Secretary shall ensure
11 that, by not later than 1 year after the date of en-
12 actment of this title, any ongoing or federally con-
13 ducted or supported health care or public health pro-
14 gram, activity or survey collects and reports—
15 "(A) data on race and ethnicity for appli-
16 cants, recipients, or beneficiaries;
17 "(B) data on gender, geographic location,
18 socioeconomic status (including education, em-
19 ployment or income), primary language, and,
20 disability status data for applicants, recipients,
21 or beneficiaries;
22 "(C) data at the smallest geographic level
23 such as State, local, or institutional levels if
24 such data can be aggregated; and
“(D) if practicable, data by racial and ethnic subgroups for applicants, recipients or beneficiaries using, if needed, statistical oversamples of these subpopulations.

“(2) COLLECTION STANDARDS.—In collecting data described in paragraph (1), the Secretary or designee shall—

“(A) use Office of Management and Budget standards, at a minimum, for race and ethnicity measures;

“(B) develop standards for the measurement of gender, geographic location, socio-economic status, primary language and disability measures; and

“(C) develop standards for the collection of data described in paragraph (1) that, at a minimum—

“(i) collects self-reported data by the applicant, recipient, or beneficiary; and

“(ii) collects data from a parent or legal guardian if the applicant, recipient, or beneficiary is a minor or legally incapacitated.

“(3) DATA MANAGEMENT.—In collecting data described in paragraph (1), the Secretary, acting
through the National Coordinator for Health Technology shall—

“(A) develop national standards for the management of data collected; and

“(B) develop interoperability and security systems for data management.

“(b) Data Analysis.—

“(1) In general.—For each federally conducted or supported health care or public health program or activity, the Secretary shall analyze data collected under paragraph (a) to detect and monitor trends in health disparities (as defined in section 485E) at the Federal and State levels.

“(c) Data Reporting and Dissemination.—

“(1) In general.—The Secretary shall make the analyses described in (b) available to—

“(A) the Office of Minority Health;

“(B) the National Center on Minority Health and Health Disparities;

“(C) the Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality;

“(D) the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention;

“(E) the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services;
“(F) the Indian Health Service;

“(G) other agencies within the Department
of Health and Human Services; and

“(H) other entities as determined appro-
priate by the Secretary.

“(2) REPORTING OF DATA.—The Secretary
shall report data and analyses described in (a) and
(b) through—

“(A) public postings on the Internet
websites of the Department of Health and
Human Services; and

“(B) any other reporting or dissemination
mechanisms determined appropriate by the Sec-
retary.

“(3) AVAILABILITY OF DATA.—The Secretary
may make data described in (a) and (b) available for
additional research, analyses, and dissemination to
other Federal agencies, non-governmental entities,
and the public.

“(d) LIMITATIONS ON USE OF DATA.—Nothing in
this section shall be construed to permit the use of infor-
mination collected under this section in a manner that would
adversely affect any individual.

“(e) PROTECTION OF DATA.—The Secretary shall en-
sure (through the promulgation of regulations or other-
wise) that all data collected pursuant to subsection (a) is protected—

“(1) under the same privacy protections that are at least as broad as those that apply under the same privacy protections as the Secretary applies to other health data under the regulations promulgated under section 264(e) of the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (Public Law 104-191; 110 Stat. 2033); and

“(2) from all inappropriate internal use by any entity that collects, stores, or receives the data, including use of such data in determinations of eligibility (or continued eligibility) in health plans, and from other inappropriate uses, as defined by the Secretary.

“(f) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—For the purpose of carrying out this section, there are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary for each of fiscal years 2010 through 2014.”.

SEC. 333. HEALTH IMPACT ASSESSMENTS.

(a) PURPOSE.—It is the purpose of this section to facilitate the use of health impact assessments as a means to assess the effect of the built environment on health outcomes.

(b) DEFINITION.—In this section:
(1) **ADMINISTRATOR.**—The term “Administrator” means the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency.

(2) **BUILT ENVIRONMENT.**—The term “built environment” means an environment consisting of building, spaces, and products that are created or modified by individuals and entities, including homes, schools, workplaces, greenways, business areas, transportation systems, and parks and recreation areas, electrical transmission lines, waste disposal sites, and land-use planning and policies that impact urban, rural and suburban communities.

(3) **DIRECTOR.**—The term “Director” means the Director of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

(4) **ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH.**—The term “environmental health” means the health and wellbeing of a population as affected by the direct pathological effects of chemicals, radiation or biological agents, and the effects, including the indirect effects, of the broad physical, psychological, social and aesthetic environment.

(5) **HEALTH IMPACT ASSESSMENT.**—The term “health impact assessment” means a combination of procedures, methods, and tools by which a regula-
tion, program, or other project is assessed as to its potential effects on the health of a population, and the distribution of those effects within the population.

(6) SECRETARY.—The term “Secretary” means the Secretary of Health and Human Services.

(c) FOSTERING HEALTH IMPACT ASSESSMENT.—

(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary, acting through the Director and in coordination with the Administrator, shall establish a program at the National Center of Environmental Health at the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention to foster advances and provide technical support in the field of health impact assessments.

(2) ACTIVITIES.—Through the program under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall—

(A) collect and disseminate evidence-based practices relating to health impact assessments;

(B) manage capacity building grants, technical assistance, and training on the use of health impact assessments; and

(C) provide guidance on health impact assessments including similar international efforts, known associations between the built environment and health outcomes, forecasting of
potential health effects of the built environment, and best practices relating to the inclusion of the public in planning processes.

(d) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section such sums as may be necessary for each of fiscal years 2010 through 2014.

SEC. 334. CDC AND EMPLOYER-BASED WELLNESS PROGRAMS.

Title III of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 241 et seq.), as amended by section 314) is further amended by adding at the end the following:

“PART T—EMPLOYER-BASED WELLNESS PROGRAM

“SEC. 399HH. WORKPLACE WELLNESS MARKETING CAMPAIGN.

“The Director of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (referred to in this section as the ‘Director’), in coordination with relevant worksite health promotion organizations, State and local health departments, and academic institutions, shall conduct targeted educational campaigns to—

“(1) make employers, employer groups, and other interested parties aware of the benefits of employer-based wellness programs;
“(2) establish a culture of health by emphasizing health promotion and disease prevention;
“(3) emphasize an integrated and coordinated approach to workplace wellness; and
“(4) ensure informed decisions through high quality information to organizational leaders.

“SEC. 399HH-1. TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE FOR EMPLOYER-BASED WELLNESS PROGRAMS.

“In order to expand the utilizations of evidence-based prevention and health promotion approaches in the workplace, the Director shall—

“(1) provide employers (including small, medium, and large employers, as determined by the Director) with technical assistance, consultation, tools, and other resources in evaluating such employers’ employer-based wellness programs, including—

“(A) measuring the participation and methods to increase participation of employees in such programs;
“(B) developing standardized measures that assess policy, environmental and systems changes necessary to have a positive health impact on employees’ health behaviors, health outcomes, and health care expenditures; and
“(C) evaluating such programs as they relate to changes in the health status of employees, the absenteeism of employees, the productivity of employees, the rate of workplace injury, and the medical costs incurred by employees; and

“(2) build evaluation capacity among workplace staff by training employers on how to evaluate employer-based wellness programs by ensuring evaluation resources, technical assistance, and consultation are available to workplace staff as needed through such mechanisms as web portals, call centers, or other means.

“SEC. 399HH-2. NATIONAL WORKSITE HEALTH POLICIES AND PROGRAMS STUDY.

“(a) IN GENERAL.—In order to assess, analyze, and monitor over time data about workplace policies and programs, and to develop instruments to assess and evaluate comprehensive workplace chronic disease prevention and health promotion programs, policies and practices, not later than 2 years after the date of enactment of this part, and at regular intervals (to be determined by the Director) thereafter, the Director shall conduct a national worksite health policies and programs survey to assess employer-based health policies and programs.
“(b) REPORT.—Upon the completion of each study under subsection (a), the Director shall submit to Congress a report that includes the recommendations of the Director for the implementation of effective employer-based health policies and programs.

“SEC. 399HH-3. RESEARCH IN WORKPLACE WELLNESS.

“(a) WORKPLACE DEMONSTRATION STUDIES.—To expand the science base for effective prevention and health promotion approaches in the workplace, the Director, in collaboration with academic institutions and employers, shall institute workplace demonstration projects across small, medium, and large employers. Such demonstration projects shall be designed to determine how best to transform the work environment for health, safety, and wellness, how to create a strong, sustainable, coordinated, and integrated workplace health promotion and wellness program, and how to create innovative and sustainable policy and environmental strategies to improve employee health and wellness.

“(b) REPORT.—Upon the completion of the study under subsection (b), the Director shall submit to Congress a report that includes the recommendations of the Director for the implementation of effective employer-based health policies and programs.”.
TITLE IV—HEALTH CARE WORKFORCE
Subtitle A—Purpose and Definitions

SEC. 401. PURPOSE.

The purpose of this title is to improve access to and the delivery of health care services for all individuals, particularly low income, underserved, uninsured, minority, health disparity, and rural populations by—

   (1) gathering and assessing comprehensive data in order for the health care workforce to meet the health care needs of individuals, including research on the supply, demand, distribution, diversity, and skills needs of the health care workforce;

   (2) increasing the supply of a qualified health care workforce to improve access to and the delivery of health care services for all individuals;

   (3) enhancing health care workforce education and training to improve access to and the delivery of health care services for all individuals; and

   (4) providing support to the existing health care workforce to improve access to and the delivery of health care services for all individuals.

SEC. 402. DEFINITIONS.

(a) This Title.—In this title:
(1) Health care career pathway.—The term “healthcare career pathway” means a rigorous, engaging, and high quality set of courses and services that—

(A) includes an articulated sequence of academic and career courses, including 21st century skills;

(B) is aligned with the needs of healthcare industries in a region or State;

(C) prepares students for entry into the full range of postsecondary education options, including registered apprenticeships, and careers;

(D) provides academic and career counseling in student-to-counselor ratios that allow students to make informed decisions about academic and career options;

(E) meets State academic standards, State requirements for secondary school graduation and is aligned with requirements for entry into postsecondary education, and applicable industry standards; and

(F) leads to 2 or more credentials, including—

(i) a secondary school diploma; and
(ii) a postsecondary degree, an apprenticeship or other occupational certification, a certificate, or a license.

(2) INSTITUTION OF HIGHER EDUCATION.—The term “institution of higher education” has the meaning given the term in sections 101 and 102 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001 and 1002).

(3) LOW INCOME INDIVIDUAL, STATE WORKFORCE INVESTMENT BOARD, AND LOCAL WORKFORCE INVESTMENT BOARD.—The terms “low-income individual”, “State workforce investment board”, and “local workforce investment board”, have the meanings given the terms in section 101 of the Workforce Investment Act of 1998 (29 U.S.C. 2801).

(4) POSTSECONDARY EDUCATION.—The term “postsecondary education” means—

(A) a 4-year program of instruction, or not less than a 1-year program of instruction that is acceptable for credit toward a baccalaureate degree, offered by an institution of higher education; or

(B) a certificate or registered apprenticeship program at the postsecondary level offered
by an institution of higher education or a non-profit educational institution.

(5) Registered Apprenticeship Program.— The term “registered apprenticeship program” means an industry skills training program at the postsecondary level that combines technical and theoretical training through structure on the job learning with related instruction (in a classroom or through distance learning) while an individual is employed, working under the direction of qualified personnel or a mentor, and earning incremental wage increases aligned to enhance job proficiency, resulting in the acquisition of a nationally recognized and portable certificate, under a plan approved by the Office of Apprenticeship or a State agency recognized by the Department of Labor.

(b) Title VII of the Public Health Service Act.—Section 799B of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 295p) is amended—

(1) by striking paragraph (3) and inserting the following:

“(3) Physician Assistant Education Program.—The term ‘physician assistant education program’ means an educational program in a public or private institution in a State that—
“(A) has as its objective the education of individuals who, upon completion of their studies in the program, be qualified to provide primary care medical services with the supervision of a physician; and

“(B) is accredited by the Accreditation Review Commission on Education for the Physician Assistant.”; and

(2) by adding at the end the following:

“(12) AREA HEALTH EDUCATION CENTER.—The term ‘area health education center’ means a public or nonprofit private organization that has a cooperative agreement or contract in effect with an entity that has received an award under subsection (b) or (c) of section 751, satisfies the requirements in section 751(d)(1), and has as one of its principal functions the operation of an area health education center. Appropriate organizations may include hospitals, health organizations with accredited primary care training programs, accredited physician assistant educational programs associated with a college or university, and universities or colleges not operating a school of medicine or osteopathic medicine.

“(13) AREA HEALTH EDUCATION CENTER PROGRAM.—The term ‘area health education center pro-
program’ means cooperative program consisting of an entity that has received an award under subsection (b) or (c) of section 751 for the purpose of planning, developing, operating, and evaluating an area health education center program and one or more area health education centers, which carries out the required activities described in subsection (b)(4) or (c)(4) of section 751, satisfies the program requirements in such section, has as one of its principal functions identifying and implementing strategies and activities that address health care workforce needs in its service area, in coordination with the local workforce investment boards.

“(14) CLINICAL SOCIAL WORKER.—The term ‘clinical social worker’ has the meaning given the term in section 1861(hh)(1) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395x(hh)(1)).

“(15) CULTURAL COMPETENCY.—The term ‘cultural competency’—

“(A) with respect to health-related services, means the ability to provide healthcare tailored to meet the social, cultural, and linguistic needs of patients from diverse backgrounds; and
“(B) when used to describe education or training, means education or training designed to prepare those receiving the education or training to provide health-related services tailored to meet the social, cultural, and linguistic needs of patients from diverse backgrounds.

“(16) Federally qualified health center.—The term ‘Federally qualified health center’ has the meaning given that term in section 1861(aa) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395x(aa)).

“(17) Graduate psychology.—The term ‘graduate psychology’ means a master’s or doctoral degree program in psychology.

“(18) Health disparity population.—The term ‘health disparity population’ has the meaning given such term in section 903(d)(1).

“(19) Health literacy.—The term ‘health literacy’ means the degree to which an individual has the capacity to obtain, communicate, process, and understand health information and services in order to make appropriate health decisions.

“(20) Mental health service professional.—The term ‘mental health service professional’ means an individual with a graduate or post-graduate degree from an accredited institution of
higher education in psychiatry, psychology, school psychology, behavioral pediatrics, psychiatric nursing, social work, school social work, marriage and family counseling, school counseling, or professional counseling.

“(21) One-stop delivery system center.—The term ‘one-stop delivery system’ means a one-stop delivery system described in section 134(c) of the Workforce Investment Act of 1998 (29 U.S.C. 2864(c)).

“(22) Paraprofessional child and adolescent mental health worker.—The term ‘paraprofessional child and adolescent mental health worker’ means an individual who is not a mental or behavioral health service professional, but who works at the first stage of contact with children and families who are seeking mental or behavioral health services.

“(23) Racial and ethnic minority group; racial and ethnic minority population.—The terms ‘racial and ethnic minority group’ and ‘racial and ethnic minority population’ have the meaning given the term ‘racial and ethnic minority group’ in section 1707.
“(24) RURAL HEALTH CLINIC.—The term ‘rural health clinic’ has the meaning given that term in section 1861(aa) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395x(aa)).”.

(c) TITLE VIII OF THE PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE ACT.—Section 801 of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 296) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (2)—

(A) by inserting “accredited (as defined in paragraph 6)” after “means an”; and

(B) by striking the period as inserting the following: “where graduates are—

“(A) authorized to sit for the National Council Licensure EXamination-Registered Nurse (NCLEX-RN); or

“(B) licensed registered nurses who will receive a graduate or equivalent degree or training to become an advanced education nurse as defined by section 811(j)(b).”; and

(2) by adding at the end the following:

“(16) ACCELERATED NURSING DEGREE PROGRAM.—The term ‘accelerated nursing degree program’ means a program of education in professional nursing offered by an accredited school of nursing in which an individual holding a bachelors degree in
another discipline receives a BSN or MSN degree in an accelerated time frame as determined by the accredited school of nursing.

“(17) BRIDGE OR DEGREE COMPLETION PROGRAM.—The term ‘bridge or degree completion program’ means a program of education in professional nursing offered by an accredited school of nursing, as defined in section 801(2), that leads to a baccalaureate degree in nursing. Such programs may include, Registered Nurse (RN) to Bachelor’s of Science of Nursing (BSN) programs, RN to MSN (Master of Science of Nursing) programs, or BSN to Doctoral programs.”

Subtitle B—Innovations in the Health Care Workforce

SEC. 411. NATIONAL HEALTH CARE WORKFORCE COMMISSION.

(a) PURPOSE.—It is the purpose of this section to establish a National Health Care Workforce Commission that—

(1) serves as a national resource for Congress, the President, States, and localities by—

(A) disseminating information on current and projected health care workforce supply and demand;
(B) disseminating information on health care workforce education and training capacity and instruction or delivery models and best practices;

(C) recognizing efforts of Federal, State, and local partnerships to develop and offer health care career pathways of proven effectiveness;

(D) disseminating information on promising retention practices for health care professionals;

(E) communicating information on important policies and practices that affect the recruitment, education and training, and retention of the health care workforce; and

(F) disseminating recommendations on the development of a fiscally sustainable integrated workforce that supports a high-quality health care delivery system that meets the needs of patients and populations;

(2) communicates and coordinates with the Departments of Health and Human Services, Labor, and Education on related activities administered by one or more of such Departments;
(3) develops and commissions evaluations of education and training activities to determine whether the demand for health care workers is being met;

(4) identifies barriers to improved coordination at the Federal, State, and local levels and recommend ways to address such barriers; and

(5) encourages innovations to address population needs, constant changes in technology, and other environmental factors.

(b) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is hereby established the National Health Care Workforce Commission (in this section referred to as the “Commission”).

(c) MEMBERSHIP.—

(1) NUMBER AND APPOINTMENT.—The Commission shall be composed of 15 members to be appointed by the Comptroller General.

(2) QUALIFICATIONS.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—The membership of the Commission shall include individuals—

(i) with national recognition for their expertise in health care labor market analysis, including health care workforce analysis; health care finance and economics; health care facility management; health care plans and integrated delivery systems;
health care workforce education and training; health care philanthropy; providers of health care services; and other related fields; and

(ii) who will provide a combination of professional perspectives, broad geographic representation, and a balance between urban, suburban, and rural representatives.

(B) INCLUSION.—

(i) In general.—The membership of the Commission shall include no less than one representative of—

(I) the health care workforce and health professionals;

(II) employers;

(III) third-party payers;

(IV) individuals skilled in the conduct and interpretation of health care services and health economics research;

(V) representatives of consumers;

(VI) labor unions;

(VII) State or local workforce investment boards; and
(VIII) educational institutions (which may include elementary and secondary institutions, institutions of higher education, including 2 and 4 year institutions, or registered apprenticeship programs).

(ii) ADDITIONAL MEMBERS.—The remaining membership may include additional representatives from clause (i) and other individuals as determined appropriate by the Comptroller General of the United States.

(C) MAJORITY NON-PROVIDERS.—Individuals who are directly involved in health professions education or practice shall not constitute a majority of the membership of the Commission.

(3) TERMS.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—The terms of members of the Commission shall be for 3 years except that the Comptroller General shall designate staggered terms for the members first appointed.

(B) VACANCIES.—Any member appointed to fill a vacancy occurring before the expiration
of the term for which the member’s predecessor was appointed shall be appointed only for the remainder of that term. A member may serve after the expiration of that member’s term until a successor has taken office. A vacancy in the Commission shall be filled in the manner in which the original appointment was made.

(4) COMPENSATION.—While serving on the business of the Commission (including travel time), a member of the Commission shall be entitled to compensation at the per diem equivalent of the rate provided for level IV of the Executive Schedule under section 5315 of title 5, United States Code, and while so serving away from home and the member’s regular place of business, a member may be allowed travel expenses, as authorized by the Chairman of the Commission. Physicians serving as personnel of the Commission may be provided a physician comparability allowance by the Commission in the same manner as Government physicians may be provided such an allowance by an agency under section 5948 of title 5, United States Code, and for such purpose subsection (i) of such section shall apply to the Commission in the same manner as it applies to the Tennessee Valley Authority. For pur-
poses of pay (other than pay of members of the
Commission) and employment benefits, rights, and
privileges, all personnel of the Commission shall be
treated as if they were employees of the United
States Senate.

(5) CHAIRMAN, VICE CHAIRMAN.—The members
of the Commission shall elect, by a majority vote, a
chairman and vice chairman of the Commission for
the term of their appointment of portion remaining.
Such elections shall occur at the end of any chair-
man or vice chairman’s term or upon the resignation
of the chairman or vice chairman from the Commiss-
ion.

(6) MEETINGS.—The Commission shall meet at
the call of the chairman, but no less frequently than
on a quarterly basis.

(d) DUTIES.—

(1) REVIEW OF HEALTH CARE WORKFORCE
AND ANNUAL REPORTS.—In order to develop a fis-
cally sustainable integrated workforce that supports
a high-quality, readily accessible health care delivery
system that meets the needs of patients and popu-
lations, the Commission, in consultation with rel-
evant Federal, State, and local agencies, shall—
(A) review current and projected health
care workforce supply and demand, including
the topics described in paragraph (2);

(B) make recommendations to Congress
and the Administration concerning national
health care workforce priorities, goals, and poli-
cies;

(C) by not later than October 1 of each
year (beginning with 2011), submit a report to
Congress and the Administration containing the
results of such reviews and recommendations
concerning related policies; and

(D) by not later than April 1 of each year
(beginning with 2011), submit a report to Con-
gress and the Administration containing a re-
view of, and recommendations on, at a min-
imum one high priority area as described in
paragraph (3).

(2) SPECIFIC TOPICS TO BE REVIEWED.—The
topics described in this paragraph include—

(A) current health care workforce supply
and distribution, including demographics, skill
sets, and demands, with projected demands
during the subsequent 10 and 25 year periods;
(B) health care workforce education and training capacity, including the number of students who have completed education and training, including registered apprenticeships; the number of qualified faculty; the education and training infrastructure; and the education and training demands, with projected demands during the subsequent 10 and 25 year periods, and including identified models of education and training delivery and best practices;

(C) the implications of new and existing Federal policies which affect the health care workforce, including Medicare and Medicaid graduate medical education policies, titles VII and VIII of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 292 et seq. and 296 et seq.), the National Health Service Corps (with recommendations for aligning such programs with national health workforce priorities and goals), and other health care workforce programs, including those supported through the Workforce Investment Act of 1998 (29 U.S.C. 2801 et seq.), the Carl D. Perkins Career and Technical Education Act of 2006 (20 U.S.C. 2301 et seq.), the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C.
(D) the health care workforce needs of special populations, such as minorities, rural populations, medically underserved populations, gender specific needs, and geriatric and pediatric populations with recommendations for new and existing Federal policies to meet the needs of these special populations.

(3) HIGH PRIORITY AREAS.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—The initial high priority topics described in this paragraph include—

(i) integrated health care workforce planning that identifies health care professional skills needed and maximizes the skill sets of health care professionals across disciplines;

(ii) an analysis of the nature, scopes of practice, and demands for health care workers in the enhanced information technology and management workplace;

(iii) Medicare and Medicaid graduate medical education policies and recommendations for aligning with national workforce goals;
(iv) nursing workforce capacity at all levels, including education and training capacity, projected demands, and integration within the health care delivery system;

(v) oral health care workforce capacity, including education and training capacity, projected demands, and integration within the health care delivery system;

(vi) mental and behavioral health care workforce capacity, including education and training capacity, projected demands, and integration within the health care delivery system;

(vii) allied health and public health care workforce capacity, including education and training capacity, projected demands, and integration within the health care delivery system; and

(viii) the geographic distribution of health care providers as compared to the identified health care workforce needs of States and regions.

(B) FUTURE DETERMINATIONS.—The Commission may require that additional topics be included under subparagraph (A). The ap-
appropriate committees of Congress may recommend to the Commission the inclusion of other topics for health care workforce development areas that require special attention.

(4) Grant Program.—The Commission shall oversee and report to Congress on the State Health Care Workforce Development Grants program established in section 412.

(5) Study.—The Commission shall study effective mechanisms for financing education and training for careers in health care, including public health and allied health.

(6) Recommendations.—The Commission shall submit recommendations to Congress, the Department of Labor, and the Department of Health and Human Services about improving safety, health, and worker protections in the workplace for the health care workforce.

(7) Assessment.—The Commission shall assess and receive reports from the National Center for Health Care Workforce Analysis established under title VII of the Public Service Health Act.

(e) Consultation With Federal, State, and Local Agencies, Congress, and Other Organizations.—
(1) IN GENERAL.—The Commission shall consult with Federal agencies (including the Departments of Health and Human Services, Labor, Education, Commerce, Agriculture, Defense, and Veterans Affairs and the Environmental Protections Agency), Congress, the Medicare Payment Advisory Commission, and, to the extent practicable, with State and local agencies, voluntary health care organizations professional societies, and other relevant public-private health care partnerships.

(2) OBTAINING OFFICIAL DATA.—The Commission, consistent with established privacy rules, may secure directly from any department or agency of the United States information necessary to enable the Commission to carry out this section.

(3) DETAIL OF FEDERAL GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES.—An employee of the Federal Government may be detailed to the Commission without reimbursement. The detail of such an employee shall be without interruption or loss of civil service status.

(f) DIRECTOR AND STAFF; EXPERTS AND CONSULTANTS.—Subject to such review as the Comptroller General of the United States determines to be necessary to ensure the efficient administration of the Commission, the Commission may—
(1) employ and fix the compensation of an executive director (subject to the approval of the Controller General) and such other personnel as may be necessary to carry out its duties (without regard to the provisions of title 5, United States Code, governing appointments in the competitive service);

(2) seek such assistance and support as may be required in the performance of its duties from appropriate Federal departments and agencies;

(3) enter into contracts or make other arrangements, as may be necessary for the conduct of the work of the Commission (without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes (41 U.S.C. 5));

(4) make advance, progress, and other payments which relate to the work of the Commission;

(5) provide transportation and subsistence for persons serving without compensation; and

(6) prescribe such rules and regulations as the Commission determines to be necessary with respect to the internal organization and operation of the Commission.

(g) POWERS.—

(1) DATA COLLECTION.—In order to carry out its functions under this section, the Commission shall—
(A) utilize existing information, both published and unpublished, where possible, collected and assessed either by its own staff or under other arrangements made in accordance with this section, including coordination with the Bureau of Labor Statistics;

(B) carry out, or award grants or contracts for the carrying out of, original research and development, where existing information is inadequate, and

(C) adopt procedures allowing interested parties to submit information for the Commission’s use in making reports and recommendations.

(2) Access of the Government Accountability Office to Information.—The Controller General of the United States shall have unrestricted access to all deliberations, records, and nonproprietary data of the Commission, immediately upon request.

(3) Periodic Audit.—The Commission shall be subject to periodic audit by a third party appointed by the Secretary.

(h) Authorization of Appropriations.—
(1) REQUEST FOR APPROPRIATIONS.—The Commission shall submit requests for appropriations in the same manner as the Comptroller General of the United States submits requests for appropriations. Amounts so appropriated for the Commission shall be separate from amounts appropriated for the Comptroller General.

(2) AUTHORIZATION.—There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary to carry out this section.

(3) GIFTS.—The Commission is authorized to accept and gifts for purposing of carrying out this section.

(i) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

(1) HEALTH CARE WORKFORCE.—The term “health care workforce” includes all health care providers with direct patient care and support responsibilities, including physicians, nurses, physician assistants, pharmacists, oral healthcare professionals, allied health professionals, mental health professionals, and public health professionals.

(2) HEALTH PROFESSIONALS.—The term “health professionals” includes—

(A) dentists, dental hygienists, primary care providers, specialty physicians, nurses,
nurse practitioners, physician assistants, psychologists and other behavioral and mental health professionals, social workers, physical therapists, public health professionals, clinical pharmacists, allied health professionals, chiropractors, community health workers, school nurses, certified nurse midwives, podiatrists, licensed complementary and alternative medicine providers, and integrative health practitioners;

(B) national representatives of health professionals;

(C) representatives of schools of medicine, osteopathy, nursing, allied health, educational programs for public health professionals, behavioral and mental health professionals (as so defined), social workers, physical therapists, oral health care industry dentistry and dental hygiene, and physician assistants;

(D) representatives of public and private teaching hospitals, and ambulatory health facilities, including Federal medical facilities; and

(E) any other health professional the Comptroller General of the United States determines appropriate.
SEC. 412. STATE HEALTH CARE WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT GRANTS.

(a) Establishment.—There is established a competitive health care workforce development grant program (referred to in this section as the “program”) for the purpose of enabling State partnerships to complete comprehensive planning and to carry out activities leading to coherent and comprehensive health care workforce development strategies at the State and local levels.

(b) Oversight and Reporting.—

(1) Duties of Commission.—The National Health Care Workforce Commission established in section 411 (referred to in this section as the “Commission”) shall—

(A) in collaboration with the Department of Labor and in coordination with the Department of Education and other relevant Federal agencies, make recommendations to the fiscal and administrative agent under paragraph (2) for grant recipients;

(B) oversee the administration of the grants; and

(C) collect performance and report information on grants from the fiscal and administrative agent and distribute this information to
(2) Fiscal and Administrative Agent.—The Health Resources and Services Administration of the Department of Health and Human Services (referred to in this section as the “Administration”) shall be the fiscal and administrative agent for the grants awarded under this section. The Administration is authorized to carry out the program at the direction of the Commission, which shall oversee the development, implementation and evaluation activities of the grant program, including—

(A) administering the grants;

(B) providing technical assistance to grantees; and

(C) reporting performance information to the Commission.

c) Planning Grants.—

(1) Amount and Duration.—A planning grant shall be awarded under this subsection for a period of not more than one year and the maximum award may not be more than $150,000.

(2) Eligibility.—To be eligible to receive a planning grant, an entity shall be an eligible partnership. An eligible partnership shall be a State
workforce investment board, if it includes or modifies the members to include at least one representative from each of the following: health care employer, labor organization, a public 2-year institution of higher education, a public 4-year institution of higher education, the recognized State federation of labor, the State public secondary education agency, the State P–16 or P–20 Council if such a council exists, and a philanthropic organization that are actively engaged in providing learning, mentoring, and work opportunities to recruit, educate, and train individuals for, and retain individuals in, careers in health care and related industries.

(3) Fiscal and Administrative Agent.—The Governor of the State receiving a planning grant has the authority to appoint a fiscal and an administrative agency for the partnership.

(4) Application.—Each State partnership desiring a planning grant shall submit an application to the Administrator of the Administration at such time and in such manner, and accompanied by such information as the Administrator may reasonably require. Each application submitted for a planning grant shall describe the members of the State partnership, the activities for which assistance is sought,
the proposed performance benchmarks to be used to measure progress under the planning grant, a budget for use of the funds to complete the required activities described in paragraph (5), and such additional assurance and information as the Administrator determines to be essential to ensure compliance with the grant program requirements.

(5) REQUIRED ACTIVITIES.—A State partnership receiving a planning grant shall carry out the following:

(A) Analyze State labor market information in order to create health care career pathways for students and adults.

(B) Identify current and projected high demand State or regional health care sectors for purposes of planning career pathways.

(C) Identify existing Federal, State, and private resources to recruit, education or train, and retain a skilled health care workforce and strengthen partnerships.

(D) Describe the academic and health care industry skill standards for high school graduation, for entry into postsecondary education, and for various credentials and licensure.
(E) Describe State policies and models for career information and guidance counseling, and the secondary and postsecondary.

(F) Identify Federal or State policies or rules to developing a coherent and comprehensive health care workforce development strategy and barriers and a plan to resolve these barriers.

(G) Participate in the Administration’s evaluation and reporting activities.

(6) PERFORMANCE AND EVALUATION.—Before the State partnership receives a planning grant, such partnership and the Administrator of the Administration shall jointly determine the performance benchmarks that will be established for the purposes of the planning grant.

(7) MATCH.—Each State partnership receiving a planning grant shall provide an amount, in cash or in kind, that is not less that 15 percent of the amount of the grant, to carry out the activities supported by the grant. The matching requirement may be provided from funds available under other Federal, State, local or private sources to carry out the activities.

(8) REPORT.—
(A) Report to Administration.—Not later than 1 year after a State partnership receives a planning grant, the partnership shall submit a report to the Administration on the State’s performance of the activities under the grant, including the use of funds, including matching funds, to carry out required activities, and a description of the progress of the State workforce investment board in meeting the performance benchmarks.

(B) Report to Congress.—The Administration shall submit a report to the Commission analyzing the planning activities, performance, and fund utilization of each State grantee, including an identification of promising practices and a profile of the activities of each State grantee.

(d) Implementation Grants.—

(1) In general.—The Commission shall make recommendations to the fiscal and administrative agent for recipients of implementation grants, to be awarded on a competitive basis, to State partnerships to enable such partnerships to implement activities that will result in a coherent and comprehensive plan for health workforce development that will
address current and projected workforce demands within the State.

(2) Duration.—An implementation grant shall be awarded for a period of no more than 2 years, except in those cases where the Commission determines that the grantee is high performing and the activities supported by the grant warrant up to 1 additional year of funding.

(3) Eligibility.—To be eligible for an implementation grant, a State partnership shall have—

(A) received a planning grant under subsection (c) and completed all requirements of such grant; or

(B) completed a satisfactory application, including a plan to coordinate with required partners and complete the required activities during the 2 year period of the implementation grant.

(4) Fiscal and Administrative Agent.—A State partnership receiving an implementation grant shall appoint a fiscal and an administration agent for the implementation of such grant.

(5) Application.—Each eligible State partnership desiring an implementation grant shall submit an application to the Commission at such time, in
such manner, and accompanied by such information
as the Commission may reasonably require. Each
application submitted shall include—

(A) a description of the members of the
State partnership;

(B) a description of how the State partner-
ship completed the required activities under the
planning grant, if applicable;

(C) a description of the activities for which
implementation grant funds are sought, includ-
ing possible seed grants to regions by the State
partnership to advance coherent and com-
prehensive regional health care workforce plan-
ing activities;

(D) a description of how the State partner-
ship will coordinate with required partners and
complete the required partnership activities
during the duration of an implementation
grant.

(E) a budget proposal of the cost of the
activities supported by the implementation
grant and a timeline for the provision of match-
ing funds required;
(F) proposed performance benchmarks to be used to assess and evaluate the progress of the partnership activities;

(G) a description of how the State partnership will collect data to report progress in grant activities; and

(H) such additional assurances as the Commission determines to be essential to ensure compliance with grant requirements.

(6) REQUIRED ACTIVITIES.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—A State partnership that receives an implementation grant may reserve not less than 50 percent of the grant funds to make seed grants to be competitively awarded by the State partnership, consistent with State procurement rules, to encourage regional partnerships to address health care workforce development needs and to promote innovative health care workforce career pathway activities, including career counseling, learning, and employment.

(B) ELIGIBLE PARTNERSHIP DUTIES.—An eligible State partnership receiving an implementation grant shall—
(i) identify and convene regional leadership to discuss opportunities to engage in statewide health care workforce development planning, including potential use of seed grants to be competitively awarded by the State partnership to encourage innovative approaches to improving the supply, diversity, distribution, and development of regional health care workforces, including the expansion of and access to quality and timely career information and guidance and education and training programs;

(ii) in consultation with key stakeholders and regional leaders, take appropriate steps to reduce Federal, State, or local barriers to comprehensive and coherent strategy, including changes in State or local policies to foster coherent and comprehensive health care workforce development activities, including health care career pathways at the State and regional levels and career planning information, and as appropriate, requests for Federal program or administrative waivers;
(iii) develop and disseminate a preliminary statewide strategy that addresses short- and long-term health care workforce development supply versus demand, including the solicitation of comments or feedback from key stakeholders and the general public, and refine accordingly;

(iv) convene State partnership members of a regular basis, and at least on a semianannual basis;

(v) assist leaders at the regional level to form partnerships, including the provision of technical assistance and capacity building activities such as the dissemination of best practices and tools with the State;

(vi) collect and assess data on and report on the performance benchmarks selected by the State partnership and the Commission for implementation activities carried out by State and local partnerships; and

(vii) participate in the Administration’s evaluation and reporting activities.
(7) Performance and evaluation.—Before the State partnership receives an implementation grant, it and the Administrator shall jointly determine the performance benchmarks that shall be established for the purposes of the implementation grant.

(8) Match.—Each State partnership receiving an implementation grant shall provide an amount, in case or in kind that is not less than 25 percent of the amount of the grant, to carry out the activities supported by the grant. The matching funds may be provided from funds available from other Federal, State, local, or private sources to carry out such activities.

(9) Reports.—

(A) Report to administration.—For each year of the implementation grant, the State partnership receiving the implementation grant shall submit a report to the Administration on the performance of the State of the grant activities, including a description of the use of the funds, including matched funds, to complete activities, and a description of the performance of the State partnership in meeting the performance benchmarks.
(B) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—The Administration shall submit a report to the Commission analyzing implementation activities, performance, and fund utilization of the State grantees, including an identification of promising practices and a profile of the activities of each State grantee.

(e) AUTHORIZATION FOR APPROPRIATIONS.—

(1) PLANNING GRANTS.—There are authorized to be appropriated to award planning grants under subsection (e) $8,000,000 for fiscal year 2010, and such sums as may be necessary for each subsequent fiscal year.

(2) IMPLEMENTATION GRANTS.—There are authorized to be appropriated to award implementation grants under subsection (d), $150,000,000 for fiscal year 2010, and such sums as may be necessary for each subsequent fiscal year.

SEC. 413. HEALTH CARE WORKFORCE PROGRAM ASSESSMENT.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 761 of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 294m) is amended—

(1) by redesignating subsection (e) as subsection (e);
(2) by striking subsection (b) and inserting the following:

“(b) NATIONAL CENTER FOR HEALTH CARE WORKFORCE ANALYSIS.—

“(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary shall establish the National Center for Health Workforce Analysis (referred to in this section as the ‘National Center’).

“(2) PURPOSES.—The purposes of the National Center are to—

“(A) provide for the development of information describing the health care workforce and the analysis of health care workforce related issues;

“(B) carry out the activities under section 792(a); and

“(C) collect, analyze, and report data related to programs under this title in coordination with the State and Regional Centers for Health Workforce Analysis described in subsection (e) (referred to in this section as the ‘State and Regional Centers’) and with the State agency responsible for the statewide employment statistics system under section 15(e) of the Wagner-Peyser Act (29 U.S.C. 49l–2).
“(3) Functions.—The National Center shall, in coordination with the Commission established in section 411 of the Affordable Health Choices Act—

“(A) annually evaluate the effectiveness of programs under this title;

“(B) develop and publish benchmarks for performance for programs under this title;

“(C) establish, maintain, and make publicly available through the Internet a national health workforce database to collect data from—

“(i) longitudinal evaluations (as described in subsection (d)(2) on performance measures (as developed under sections 749(d)(3), 757(d)(3), and 762(a)(3)); and

“(ii) the State and Regional Centers described in subsection (e); and

“(D) and establish and maintain a registry of each grant awarded under this title.

“(4) Collaboration and Data Sharing.—

“(A) In general.—The National Center shall collaborate with Federal agencies, health professions education organizations, health professions organizations, and professional medical
societies for the purpose of linking data regarding grants awarded under this title with 1 or more of the following:

“(i) Data maintained by the Department of Health and Human Services and its various agencies.

“(ii) Data maintained by the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

“(iii) Data maintained by the Census Bureau.

“(iv) Data maintained by the Departments of Defense and Veterans Affairs.

“(v) Data sets maintained by health professions education organizations, health professions organizations, or professional medical societies.

“(vi) Other data sets, as the Secretary determines appropriate.

“(B) CONTRACTS FOR HEALTH WORKFORCE ANALYSIS.—For the purpose of carrying out the activities described in subparagraph (A), the National Center may enter into contracts with health professions education organizations, health professions organizations, or professional medical societies.
“(c) State and Regional Centers for Health Workforce Analysis.—

“(1) In general.—The Secretary shall award grants to, or enter into contracts with, eligible entities for purposes of—

“(A) collecting, analyzing, and reporting to the National Center data regarding programs under this title;

“(B) conducting and broadly disseminating research and reports on State, regional, and national health workforce issues;

“(C) evaluating the effectiveness of programs under this title; and

“(D) providing technical assistance to local and regional entities on the collection, analysis, and reporting of data related to health workforce issues.

“(2) Eligible entities.—To be eligible for a grant or contract under this subsection, an entity shall—

“(A) be a State, a State workforce investment board, a public health or health professions school, an academic health center, or an appropriate public or private nonprofit entity or a partnership of such entities; and
“(B) submit to the Secretary an applica-
tion at such time, in such manner, and con-
taining such information as the Secretary may
require.

“(d) INCREASE IN GRANTS FOR LONGITUDINAL
EVALUATIONS.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall in-
crease the amount of a grant or contract awarded to
an eligible entity under this title for the establish-
ment and maintenance of a longitudinal evaluation
of students, residents, fellows, interns, or faculty
who have received education, training, or financial
assistance from programs under this title.

“(2) CAPABILITY.—A longitudinal evaluation
shall be capable of—

“(A) studying participation in the National
Health Service Corps, practice in federally
qualified health centers, practice in health pro-
fessional shortage areas and medically under-
served areas, and practice in primary care; and

“(B) collecting and reporting data on per-
formance measures developed under sections
749(d)(3), 757(d)(3), and 762(a)(3).
“(3) GUIDELINES.—A longitudinal evaluation shall comply with guidelines issued under sections 749(d)(4), 757(d)(4), and 762(a)(4).

“(4) ELIGIBLE ENTITIES.—To be eligible to obtain an increase under this section, an entity shall be a recipient of a grant or contract under this title and have not previously received an increase under this section.”; and

(3) in subsection (e), as so redesignated—

(A) by striking paragraph (1) and inserting the following:

“(1) IN GENERAL.—

“(A) NATIONAL CENTER FOR HEALTH WORKFORCE ANALYSIS.—To carry out subsection (b), there are authorized to be appropriated $5,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2010 and 2011, $10,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2012 through 2014, and such sums as may be necessary for each subsequent fiscal year.

“(B) STATE AND REGIONAL CENTERS.—To carry out subsection (c), there are authorized to be appropriated $4,500,000 for each of fiscal years 2010 through 2014, and such sums
as may be necessary for each subsequent fiscal year.

“(C) GRANTS FOR LONGITUDINAL EVALUATIONS.—To carry out subsection (d), there are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary for fiscal years 2010 through 2014.

“(D) CARRYOVER FUNDS.—An entity that receives an award under this section may carry over funds from 1 fiscal year to another without obtaining approval from the Secretary. In no case may any funds be carried over pursuant to the preceding sentence for more than 3 years.”;

and

(4) in paragraph (2), by striking “subsection (a)” and inserting “paragraph (1)”.

(b) TRANSFER OF FUNCTIONS.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, all of the functions, authorities, and resources of the National Center for Health Workforce Analysis of the Health Resources and Services Administration, as in effect on the date before the date of enactment of this Act, shall be transferred to the National Center for Health Workforce Analysis established under section 761 of the Public Health Service Act, as amended by subsection (a).
(c) Priority for Use of Longitudinal Evaluations.—Section 791(a)(1) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 295j(a)(1)) is amended—

(1) in subparagraph (A), by striking “or” at the end;

(2) in subparagraph (B), by striking the period and inserting “; or”; and

(3) by adding at the end the following:

“(C) utilizes a longitudinal evaluation (as described in section 761(d)(2)) and reports data from such system to the national workforce database (as established under section 761(b)(3)(D)).”.

(d) Performance Measures; Guidelines for Longitudinal Evaluations.—

(1) Advisory Committee on Training in Primary Care Medicine and Dentistry.—Section 748(d) of the Public Health Service Act is amended—

(A) in paragraph (1), by striking “and” at the end;

(B) in paragraph (2), by striking the period and inserting a semicolon; and

(C) by adding at the end the following:
“(3) not later than 3 years after the date of enactment of the Affordable Health Choices Act, develop, publish, and implement performance measures, which shall be quantitative to the extent possible, for programs under this part;

“(4) develop and publish guidelines for longitudinal evaluations (as described in section 761(d)(2)) for programs under this part; and

“(5) recommend appropriation levels for programs under this part.”.

(2) ADVISORY COMMITTEE ON INTERDISCIPLINARY, COMMUNITY-BASED LINKAGES.—Section 756(d) of the Public Health Service Act is amended—

(A) in paragraph (1), by striking “and” at the end;

(B) in paragraph (2), by striking the period and inserting a semicolon; and

(C) by adding at the end the following:

“(3) not later than 3 years after the date of enactment of the Affordable Health Choices Act, develop, publish, and implement performance measures, which shall be quantitative to the extent possible, for programs under this part;
“(4) develop and publish guidelines for longitudinal evaluations (as described in section 761(d)(2)) for programs under this part; and

“(5) recommend appropriation levels for programs under this part.”.

(3) ADVISORY COUNCIL ON GRADUATE MEDICAL EDUCATION.—Section 762(a) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 294o(a)) is amended—

(A) in paragraph (1), by striking “and” at the end;

(B) in paragraph (2), by striking the period and inserting a semicolon; and

(C) by adding at the end the following:

“(3) not later than 3 years after the date of enactment of the Affordable Health Choices Act develop, publish, and implement performance measures, which shall be quantitative to the extent possible, for programs under this title, except for programs under part C or D;

“(4) develop and publish guidelines for longitudinal evaluations (as described in section 761(d)(2)) for programs under this title, except for programs under part C or D; and
“(5) recommend appropriation levels for programs under this title, except for programs under part C or D.”.

Subtitle C—Increasing the Supply of the Health Care Workforce

SEC. 421. FEDERALLY SUPPORTED STUDENT LOAN FUNDS.

(a) Loan Provisions.—Section 722 of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 292r) is amended by striking subsection (e) and inserting the following:

“(e) Rate of Interest.—Such loans shall bear interest, on the unpaid balance of the loan, computed only for periods for which the loan is repayable, at the rate of 2 percent less than the applicable rate of interest described in section 427A(l)(1) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1077a(l)(1)) per year.”.

(b) Medical Schools and Primary Health Care.—Section 723 of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 292s) is amended—

(1) in subsection (a)—

(A) in paragraph (1), by striking subparagraph (B) and inserting the following:

“(B) to practice in such care for 10 years (including residency training in primary health care) or through the date on which the loan is repaid in full, whichever occurs first.”; and
(B) by striking paragraph (3) and inserting the following:

“(3) NONCOMPLIANCE BY STUDENT.—Each agreement entered into with a student pursuant to paragraph (1) shall provide that, if the student fails to comply with such agreement, the loan involved will begin to accrue interest at a rate of 2 percent per year greater than the rate at which the student would pay if compliant in such year.”; and

(2) by adding at the end the following:

“(d) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that funds repaid under the loan program under this section should not be transferred to the Treasury of the United States or otherwise used for any other purpose other than to carry out this section.”.

(e) STUDENT LOAN GUIDELINES.—The Secretary of Health and Human Services shall not require parental financial information from a student to determine financial need under section 723 of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 292s) and the determination of need for such information shall be at the discretion of applicable school loan officer. The Secretary shall amend guidelines issued by the Health Resources and Services Administration in accordance with the preceding sentence.
SEC. 422. NURSING STUDENT LOAN PROGRAM.

(a) LOAN AGREEMENTS.—Section 836(a) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 297a(a)) is amended—

(1) by striking “$2,500” and inserting “$3,300”;

(2) by striking “$4,000” and inserting “$5,200”; and

(3) by striking “$13,000” and all that follows through the period and insert “$17,000 in the case of any student during fiscal years 2010 and 2011. After fiscal year 2011, such amounts shall be adjusted to provide for a cost-of-living increase for the yearly loan rate and the aggregate of the loans.”.

(b) LOAN PROVISIONS.—Section 836(b) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 297b(b)) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1)(C), by striking “1986” and inserting “2000”; and

(2) in paragraph (3), by striking “1979” and inserting “1995”.

SEC. 423. HEALTH CARE WORKFORCE LOAN REPAYMENT PROGRAMS.

Part E of title VII of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 294n et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:
“Subpart 3—Recruitment and Retention Programs

SEC. 775. INVESTMENT IN TOMORROW’S PEDIATRIC HEALTH CARE WORKFORCE.

“(a) Establishment.—The Secretary shall establish and carry out a pediatric specialty loan repayment program under which the eligible individual agrees to be employed full-time for a specified period (which shall not be less than 2 years) in providing pediatric medical subspecialty, pediatric surgical specialty, or child and adolescent mental and behavioral health care.

“(b) Program Administration.—Through the program established under this section, the Secretary shall enter into contracts with qualified health professionals under which—

“(1) such qualified health professionals will agree to provide pediatric medical subspecialty, pediatric surgical specialty, or child and adolescent mental and behavioral health care in an area with a shortage of the specified pediatric subspecialty that has a sufficient pediatric population to support such pediatric subspecialty, as determined by the Secretary; and

“(2) the Secretary agrees to make payments on the principal and interest of undergraduate or graduate medical education loans of professionals described in paragraph (1) of not more than $35,000
a year for each year of agreed upon service under such paragraph for a period of not more than 3 years during the qualified health professional’s—

“(A) participation in an accredited pediatric medical subspecialty, pediatric surgical specialty, or child and adolescent mental health subspecialty residency or fellowship; or

“(B) employment as a pediatric medical subspecialist, pediatric surgical specialist, or child and adolescent mental health professional serving an area or population described in such paragraph.

“(c) IN GENERAL.—

“(1) ELIGIBLE INDIVIDUALS.—

“(A) PEDIATRIC MEDICAL SPECIALISTS AND PEDIATRIC SURGICAL SPECIALISTS.—For purposes of contracts with respect to pediatric medical specialists and pediatric surgical specialists, the term ‘qualified health professional’ means a licensed physician who—

“(i) is entering or receiving training in an accredited pediatric medical subspecialty or pediatric surgical specialty residency or fellowship; or
“(ii) has completed (but not prior to the end of the calendar year in which this section is enacted) the training described in paragraph (2).

“(B) CHILD AND ADOLESCENT MENTAL AND BEHAVIORAL HEALTH.—For purposes of contracts with respect to child and adolescent mental and behavioral health care, the term ‘qualified health professional’ means a health care professional who—

“(i) has received specialized training or clinical experience in child and adolescent mental health in psychiatry, psychology, school psychology, behavioral pediatrics, psychiatric nursing, social work, school social work, marriage and family therapy, school counseling, or professional counseling;

“(ii) has a license or certification in a State to practice allopathic medicine, osteopathic medicine, psychology, school psychology, psychiatric nursing, social work, school social work, marriage and family therapy, school counseling, or professional counseling; or
“(iii) is a mental health service professional who completed (but not before the end of the calendar year in which this section is enacted) specialized training or clinical experience in child and adolescent mental health described in clause (i).

“(2) ADDITIONAL ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS.—The Secretary may not enter into a contract under this subsection with an eligible individual unless—

“(A) the individual is a United States citizen or a permanent legal United States resident; and

“(B) if the individual is enrolled in a graduate program, the program is accredited, and the individual has an acceptable level of academic standing (as determined by the Secretary).

“(d) PRIORITY.—In entering into contracts under this subsection, the Secretary shall give priority to applicants who—

“(1) are or will be working with high-priority populations in a Health Professional Shortage Area, Medically Underserved Area, or Medically Underserved Population;
“(2) have familiarity with evidence-based methods and cultural and linguistic competence health care services; and

“(3) demonstrate financial need.

“(e) Authorization of Appropriations.—There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section $30,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2010 through 2014.”.

SEC. 424. PUBLIC HEALTH WORKFORCE RECRUITMENT AND RETENTION PROGRAMS.

Part E of title VII of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 294n et seq.), as amended by section 423, is further amended by adding at the end the following:

“SEC. 776. PUBLIC HEALTH WORKFORCE LOAN REPAYMENT PROGRAM.

“(a) Establishment.—The Secretary shall establish the Public Health Workforce Loan Repayment Program (referred to in this section as the ‘Program’) to assure an adequate supply of public health professionals to eliminate critical public health workforce shortages in Federal, State, local, and tribal public health agencies.

“(b) Eligibility.—To be eligible to participate in the Program, an individual shall—

“(1)(A) be accepted for enrollment, or be enrolled, as a student in an accredited academic educational institution in a State or territory in the
final year of a course of study or program leading
to a public health or health professions degree or
certificate; and have accepted employment with a
Federal, State, local, or tribal public health agency,
or a related training fellowship, as recognized by the
Secretary, to commence upon graduation;

“(B)(i) have graduated, during the preceding
10-year period, from an accredited educational insti-
tution in a State or territory and received a public
health or health professions degree or certificate;
and

“(ii) be employed by, or have accepted employ-
ment with, a Federal, State, local, or tribal public
health agency or a related training fellowship, as
recognized by the Secretary;

“(2) be a United States citizen; and

“(3)(A) submit an application to the Secretary
to participate in the Program; and

“(B) execute a written contract as required in
subsection (c).

“(c) CONTRACT.—The written contract (referred to
in this section as the ‘written contract’) between the Sec-
retary and an individual shall contain—

“(1) an agreement on the part of the Secretary
that the Secretary will repay on behalf of the indi-
individual loans incurred by the individual in the pursuit of the relevant degree or certificate in accordance with the terms of the contract;

“(2) an agreement on the part of the individual that the individual will serve in the full-time employment of a Federal, State, local, or tribal public health agency or a related fellowship program in a position related to the course of study or program for which the contract was awarded for a period of time (referred to in this section as the ‘period of obligated service’) equal to the greater of—

“(A) 3 years; or

“(B) such longer period of time as determined appropriate by the Secretary and the individual;

“(3) an agreement, as appropriate, on the part of the individual to relocate to a priority service area (as determined by the Secretary) in exchange for an additional loan repayment incentive amount to be determined by the Secretary;

“(4) a provision that any financial obligation of the United States arising out of a contract entered into under this section and any obligation of the individual that is conditioned thereon, is contingent on
funds being appropriated for loan repayments under this section;

“(5) a statement of the damages to which the United States is entitled, under this section for the individual’s breach of the contract; and

“(6) such other statements of the rights and liabilities of the Secretary and of the individual, not inconsistent with this section.

“(d) PAYMENTS.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—A loan repayment provided for an individual under a written contract under the Program shall consist of payment, in accordance with paragraph (2), on behalf of the individual of the principal, interest, and related expenses on government and commercial loans received by the individual regarding the undergraduate or graduate education of the individual (or both), which loans were made for tuition expenses and other reasonable educational expenses incurred by the individual.

“(2) PAYMENTS FOR YEARS SERVED.—For each year of obligated service that an individual contracts to serve under subsection (c) the Secretary may pay up to $35,000 on behalf of the individual for loans described in paragraph (1). With respect to participants under the Program whose total eligible
loans are less than $105,000, the Secretary shall pay an amount that does not exceed \( \frac{1}{3} \) of the eligible loan balance for each year of obligated service of the individual.

“(3) TAX LIABILITY.—For the purpose of providing reimbursements for tax liability resulting from payments under paragraph (2) on behalf of an individual, the Secretary shall, in addition to such payments, make payments to the individual in an amount not to exceed 39 percent of the total amount of loan repayments made for the taxable year involved.

“(e) POSTPONING OBLIGATED SERVICE.—With respect to an individual receiving a degree or certificate from a health professions or other related school, the date of the initiation of the period of obligated service may be postponed as approved by the Secretary.

“(f) BREACH OF CONTRACT.—An individual who fails to comply with the contract entered into under subsection (e) shall be subject to the same financial penalties as provided for under section 338E for breaches of loan repayment contracts under section 338B.

“(g) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
SEC. 425. ALLIED HEALTH WORKFORCE RECRUITMENT AND RETENTION PROGRAMS.

(a) PURPOSE.—The purpose of this section is to assure an adequate supply of allied health professionals to eliminate critical allied health workforce shortages in Federal, State, local, and tribal public health agencies or in settings where patients might require health care services, including acute care facilities, ambulatory care facilities, personal residences and other settings, as recognized by the Secretary of Health and Human Services by authorizing an Allied Health Loan Forgiveness Program.

(b) ALLIED HEALTH WORKFORCE RECRUITMENT AND RETENTION PROGRAM.—Section 428K of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1078–11) is amended—

(1) in subsection (b), by adding at the end the following:

“(18) ALLIED HEALTH PROFESSIONALS.—The individual is employed full-time as an allied health professional—

“(A) in a Federal, State, local, or tribal public health agency; or
“(B) in a setting where patients might require health care services, including acute care facilities, ambulatory care facilities, personal residences and other settings, as recognized by the Secretary of Health and Human Services.”;

and

(2) in subsection (g)—

(A) by redesignating paragraphs (1) through (9) as paragraphs (2) through (10), respectively; and

(B) by inserting before paragraph (2) (as redesignated by subparagraph (A)) the following:

“(1) ALLIED HEALTH PROFESSIONAL.—The term ‘allied health professional’ means an allied health professional as defined in section 799B(5) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 295p(5)) who—

“(A) has graduated and received an allied health professions degree or certificate from an institution of higher education; and

“(B) is employed with a Federal, State, local or tribal public health agency, or in a setting where patients might require health care services, including acute care facilities, ambula-
tory care facilities, personal residences and other settings, as recognized by the Secretary of Health and Human Services.”.

SEC. 426. GRANTS FOR STATE AND LOCAL PROGRAMS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 765(d) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 295(d)) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (7), by striking “; or” and inserting a semicolon;

(2) by redesignating paragraph (8) as paragraph (9); and

(3) by inserting after paragraph (7) the following:

“(8) public health workforce loan repayment programs; or”.

(b) TRAINING FOR MID-CAREER PUBLIC HEALTH PROFESSIONALS.—Part E of title VII of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 294n et seq.), as amended by section 424, is further amended by adding at the end the following:

“SEC. 777. TRAINING FOR MID-CAREER PUBLIC HEALTH PROFESSIONALS.

“(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may make grants to, or enter into contracts with, any eligible entity to award scholarships to eligible individuals to enroll in degree or professional training programs for the purpose of
enabling mid-career professionals in the public health and allied health workforce to receive additional training in the field of public health and allied health.

“(b) Eligibility.—

“(1) Eligible entity.—The term ‘eligible entity’ indicates an accredited educational institution that offers a course of study, certificate program, or professional training program in public health or a related discipline, as determined by the Secretary

“(2) Eligible individuals.—The term ‘eligible individuals’ includes those individuals employed in public health positions at the Federal, State, tribal, or local level who are interested in retaining or upgrading their education.

“(c) Authorization of Appropriations.—There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section, $60,000,000 for fiscal year 2010 and such sums as may be necessary for each of fiscal years 2011 through 2015. Fifty percent of appropriated funds shall be allotted to public health mid-career professionals and 50 percent shall be allotted to allied health mid-career professionals.”

SEC. 427. FUNDING FOR NATIONAL HEALTH SERVICE CORPS.

Section 338H(a) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 254q(a)) is amended to read as follows:
“(a) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—For the purpose of carrying out this section, there is authorized to be appropriated, out of any funds in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, the following:

“(1) For fiscal year 2010, $320,461,632.
“(2) For fiscal year 2011, $414,095,394.
“(3) For fiscal year 2012, $535,087,442.
“(4) For fiscal year 2013, $691,431,432.
“(5) For fiscal year 2014, $893,456,433.
“(6) For fiscal year 2015, $1,154,510,336.
“(7) For fiscal year 2016, and each subsequent fiscal year, the amount appropriated for the preceding fiscal year adjusted by the product of—

“(A) one plus the average percentage increase in the costs of health professions education during the prior fiscal year; and
“(B) one plus the average percentage change in the number of individuals residing in health professions shortage areas designated under section 333 during the prior fiscal year, relative to the number of individuals residing in such areas during the previous fiscal year.’’.

SEC. 428. NURSE-MANAGED HEALTH CLINICS.

(a) PURPOSE.—The purpose of this section is to fund the development and operation of nurse-managed health
clinics in order to provide comprehensive primary health care and wellness services to vulnerable populations living in the Nation’s medically underserved communities, and to reduce the level of health disparities experienced by vulnerable populations.

(b) GRANTS.—Subpart 1 of part D of title III of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 254b et seq.) is amended by inserting after section 330A the following:

“SEC. 330A–1. GRANTS TO NURSE-MANAGED HEALTH CLINICS.

“(a) DEFINITIONS.—

“(1) COMPREHENSIVE PRIMARY HEALTH CARE SERVICES.—In this section, the term ‘comprehensive primary health care services’ means the primary health services described in section 330(b)(1).

“(2) NURSE-MANAGED HEALTH CLINIC.—The term ‘nurse-managed health clinic’ means a nurse-practice arrangement, managed by advanced practice nurses, that provides primary care or wellness services to underserved or vulnerable populations and that is associated with a school, college, university or department of nursing, federally qualified health center, or independent nonprofit health or social services agency.
“(b) Authority to award grants.—The Secretary shall award grants for the cost of the operation of nurse-managed health clinics that meet the requirements of this section.

“(c) Applications.—To be eligible to receive a grant under this section, an entity shall—

“(1) be an NMHC; and

“(2) submit to the Secretary an application at such time, in such manner, and containing—

“(A) assurances that nurses are the major providers of services at the NMHC and that at least 1 advanced practice nurse holds an executive management position within the organizational structure of the NMHC;

“(B) an assurance that the NMHC will continue providing comprehensive primary health care services or wellness services without regard to income or insurance status of the patient for the duration of the grant period; and

“(C) an assurance that, not later than 90 days of receiving a grant under this section, the NMHC will establish a community advisory committee, for which a majority of the members shall be individuals who are served by the NMHC.
“(d) GRANT AMOUNT.—The amount of any grant made under this section for any fiscal year shall be determined by the Secretary, taking into account—

“(1) the financial need of the NMHC, considering State, local, and other operational funding provided to the NMHC; and

“(2) other factors, as the Secretary determines appropriate.

“(e) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—For the purposes of carrying out this section, there are authorized to be appropriated $50,000,000 for the fiscal year 2010 and such sums as may be necessary for each of the fiscal years 2011 through 2014.”.

SEC. 429. ELIMINATION OF CAP ON COMMISSIONED CORP.

Section 202 of the Department of Health and Human Services Appropriations Act, 1993 (Public Law 102-394) is amended by striking “not to exceed 2,800”.

SEC. 430. ESTABLISHING A READY RESERVE CORPS.

Section 203 of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 204) is amended to read as follows:

“SEC. 203. COMMISSIONED CORPS AND READY RESERVE CORPS.

“(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—There shall be in the Service a commissioned Regular Corps and a Ready Re-
serve Corps for service in time of national emer-

gency.

“(2) REQUIREMENT.—All commissioned officers
shall be citizens of the United States and shall be
appointed without regard to the civil-service laws
and compensated without regard to the Classifica-
tion Act of 1923, as amended.

“(3) APPOINTMENT.—Commissioned officers of
the Ready Reserve Corps shall be appointed by the
President and commissioned officers of the Regular
Corps shall be appointed by the President with the
advice and consent of the Senate.

“(4) ACTIVE DUTY.—Commissioned officers of
the Ready Reserve Corps shall at all times be sub-
ject to call to active duty by the Surgeon General,
including active duty for the purpose of training.

“(5) WARRANT OFFICERS.—Warrant officers
may be appointed to the Service for the purpose of
providing support to the health and delivery systems
maintained by the Service and any warrant officer
appointed to the Service shall be considered for pur-
oposes of this Act and title 37, United States Code,
to be a commissioned officer within the Commiss-
ioned Corps of the Service.
“(b) Assimilating Reserve Corp Officers Into the Regular Corps.—Effective on the date of enactment of the Affordable Health Choices Act, all individuals classified as officers in the Reserve Corps under this section (as such section existed on the day before the date of enactment of such Act) and serving on active duty shall be deemed to be commissioned officers of the Regular Corps.

“(c) Purpose and Use of Ready Research.—

“(1) Purpose.—The purpose of the Ready Reserve Corps is to fulfill the need to have additional Commissioned Corps personnel available on short notice (similar to the uniformed service’s reserve program) to assist regular Commissioned Corps personnel to meet both routine public health and emergency response missions.

“(2) Uses.—The Ready Reserve Corps shall—

“(A) participate in routine training to meet the general and specific needs of the Commissioned Corps;

“(B) be available and ready for involuntary calls to active duty during national emergencies and public health crises, similar to the uniformed service reserve personnel;
“(C) be available for backfilling critical positions left vacant during deployment of active duty Commissioned Corps members, as well as for deployment to respond to public health emergencies, both foreign and domestic; and
“(D) be available for service assignment in isolated, hardship, and medically underserved communities (as defined in section 399SS) to improve access to health services.
“(d) FUNDING.—For the purpose of carrying out the duties and responsibilities of the Commissioned Corps under this section, there are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary to the Office of the Surgeon General for each of fiscal years 2010 through 2014. Funds appropriated under this subsection shall be used for recruitment and training of Commissioned Corps Officers.”.

Subtitle D—Enhancing Health Care Workforce Education and Training
SEC. 431. TRAINING IN FAMILY MEDICINE, GENERAL INTERNAL MEDICINE, GENERAL PEDIATRICS, AND PHYSICIAN ASSISTANTSHIP.

Part C of title VII (42 U.S.C. 293k et seq.) is amended by striking section 747 and inserting the following:
“SEC. 747. PRIMARY CARE TRAINING AND ENHANCEMENT.

“(a) SUPPORT AND DEVELOPMENT OF PRIMARY CARE TRAINING PROGRAMS.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may make grants to, or enter into contracts with, an accredited public or nonprofit private hospital, school of medicine or osteopathic medicine, academically affiliated physician assistant training program, or a public or private nonprofit entity which the Secretary has determined is capable of carrying out such grant or contract—

“(A) to plan, develop, operate, or participate in an accredited professional training program, including an accredited residency or internship program in the field of family medicine, general internal medicine, or general pediatrics for medical students, interns, residents, or practicing physicians as defined by the Secretary;

“(B) to provide need-based financial assistance in the form of traineeships and fellowships to medical students, interns, residents, practicing physicians, or other medical personnel, who are participants in any such program, and who plan to specialize or work in the practice of the fields defined in subparagraph (A);
“(C) to plan, develop, and operate a program for the training of physicians who plan to teach in family medicine, general internal medicine, or general pediatrics training programs;

“(D) to plan, develop, and operate a program for the training of physicians teaching in community-based settings;

“(E) to provide financial assistance in the form of traineeships and fellowships to physicians who are participants in any such programs and who plan to teach or conduct research in a family medicine, general internal medicine, or general pediatrics training program;

“(F) to plan, develop, and operate a physician assistant education program, and for the training of individuals who will teach in programs to provide such training;

“(G) to plan, develop, and operate a demonstration program that provides training in new competencies, as recommended by the Advisory Committee on Training in Primary Care Medicine and Dentistry and the National Health Care Workforce Commission established
in section 411 of the Affordable Health Choices Act, which may include—

“(i) providing training to primary care physicians relevant to providing care through patient-centered medical homes (as defined by the Secretary for purposes of this section);

“(ii) developing tools and curricula relevant to patient-centered medical homes; and

“(iii) providing continuing education relevant to patient-centered medical homes; and

“(H) to plan, develop, and operate joint degree programs to provide interdisciplinary and interprofessional graduate training in public health and other health professions to provide training in environmental health, infectious disease control, disease prevention and health promotion, epidemiological studies and injury control.

“(2) DURATION OF AWARDS.—The period during which payments are made to an entity from an award of a grant or contract under this subsection shall be 5 years.
“(b) Capacity Building in Primary Care.—

“(1) In general.—The Secretary may make grants to or enter into contracts with accredited schools of medicine or osteopathic medicine to establish, maintain, or improve—

“(A) academic units (which may be departments, divisions, or other units) or programs that improve clinical teaching and research in fields defined in subsection (a)(1)(A); or

“(B) programs that integrate academic administrative units in fields defined in subsection (a)(1)(A) to enhance interdisciplinary recruitment, training, and faculty development.

“(2) Preference in making awards under this subsection.—In making awards of grants and contracts under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall give preference to any qualified applicant for such an award that agrees to expend the award for the purpose of—

“(A) establishing academic units or programs in fields defined in subsection (a)(1)(A); or

“(B) substantially expanding such units or programs.
“(3) PRIORITIES IN MAKING AWARDS.—In awarding grants or contracts under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall give priority to qualified applicants that—

“(A) proposes a collaborative project between academic administrative units of primary care;

“(B) proposes innovative approaches to clinical teaching using models of primary care, such as the patient centered medical home, team management of chronic disease, and interprofessional integrated models of health care that incorporate transitions in health care settings and integration physical and mental health provision;

“(C) have a record of training the greatest percentage of providers, or that have demonstrated significant improvements in the percentage of providers trained, who enter and remain in primary care practice;

“(D) have a record of training individuals who are from underrepresented minority groups or from a rural or disadvantaged background;

“(E) provide training in the care of vulnerable populations such as children, older adults,
homeless individuals, victims of abuse or trauma, individuals with mental health or substance-related disorders, individuals with HIV/AIDS, and individuals with disabilities;

“(F) establish formal relationships and submit joint applications with federally qualified health centers, rural health clinics, area health education centers, or clinics located in underserved areas or that serve underserved populations;

“(G) teach trainees the skills to provide interprofessional, integrated care through collaboration among health professionals;

“(H) provide training in enhanced communication with patients, evidence-based practice, chronic disease management, preventive care, health information technology, or other competencies as recommended by the Advisory Committee on Training in Primary Care Medicine and Dentistry and the National Health Care Workforce Commission established in section 411 of the Affordable Health Choices Act; or

“(I) provide training in cultural competency and health literacy.
“(4) Duration of Awards.—The period during which payments are made to an entity from an award of a grant or contract under this subsection shall be 5 years.

“(c) Authorization of Appropriations.—

“(1) In general.—For purposes of carrying out this section, there are authorized to be appropriated $125,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2010 through 2014.

“(2) Training Programs.—Fifteen percent of the amount appropriated pursuant to paragraph (1) in each such fiscal year shall be allocated to the physician assistant training programs described in subsection (a)(1)(F), which prepare students for practice in primary care.

“(3) Academic Administrative Units.—For purposes of carrying out subsection (b)(1)(B), of the amount authorized under paragraph (1), there are authorized to be appropriated $750,000 for each of fiscal years 2010 through 2014.”.

SEC. 432. TRAINING OPPORTUNITIES FOR DIRECT CARE WORKERS.

Part C of title VII of the Public Health Service Act is amended by inserting after section 747 (42 U.S.C. 293k) the following:
"SEC. 747A. TRAINING OPPORTUNITIES FOR DIRECT CARE WORKERS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall award grants to eligible entities to enable such entities to provide new training opportunities for direct care workers who are employed in long-term care settings such as nursing homes (as defined in section 1908(e)(1) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1396g(e)(1)), assisted living facilities, home care settings, and any other setting the Secretary determines to be appropriate.

(b) ELIGIBILITY.—To be eligible to receive a grant under this section, an entity shall—

(1) be an institution of higher education (as defined in section 102 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1002)) that—

(A) is accredited by a nationally recognized accrediting agency or association listed under section 101(c) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001(c)); and

(B) has established a public-private educational partnership with a nursing home, home health agency, or other long-term care provider; and

(2) submit to the Secretary an application at such time, in such manner, and containing such information as the Secretary may require.
“(c) Use of Funds.—An eligible entity shall use amounts awarded under a grant under this section to provide assistance to eligible individuals to offset the cost of tuition and required fees for enrollment in academic programs provided by such entity.

“(d) Eligible Individual.—

“(1) Eligibility.—To be eligible for assistance under this section, an individual shall be enrolled in courses provided by a grantee under this subsection and maintain satisfactory academic progress in such courses.

“(2) Condition of Assistance.—As a condition of receiving assistance under this section, an individual shall agree that, following completion of the assistance period, the individual will work in the field of geriatrics, long-term care, or chronic care management for a minimum of 2 years under guidelines set by the Secretary.

“(e) Authorization of Appropriations.—There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section, $10,000,000 for the period of fiscal years 2011 through 2013.”.
SEC. 433. TRAINING IN GENERAL, PEDIATRIC, AND PUBLIC HEALTH DENTISTRY.

Part C of Title VII of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 293k et seq.) is amended by—

(1) redesignating section 748, as amended by section 413 of this Act, as section 749; and

(2) inserting after section 747A, as added by section 432, the following:

“SEC. 748. TRAINING IN GENERAL, PEDIATRIC, AND PUBLIC HEALTH DENTISTRY.

“(a) Support and Development of Dental Training Programs.—

“(1) In general.—The Secretary may make grants to, or enter into contracts with, a school of dentistry, public or nonprofit private hospital, or a public or private nonprofit entity which the Secretary has determined is capable of carrying out such grant or contract—

“(A) to plan, develop, and operate, or participate in, an approved professional training program in the field of general dentistry, pediatric dentistry, or public health dentistry for dental students, residents, practicing dentists, or dental hygienists or other approved primary care dental trainees, that emphasizes training for general, pediatric, or public health dentistry;
“(B) to provide financial assistance to dental students, residents, practicing dentists, and dental hygiene students who are in need thereof, who are participants in any such program, and who plan to work in the practice of general, pediatric, public health dentistry, or dental hygiene;

“(C) to plan, develop, and operate a program for the training of oral health care providers who plan to teach in general, pediatric, public health dentistry, or dental hygiene;

“(D) to provide financial assistance in the form of traineeships and fellowships to dentists who plan to teach or are teaching in general, pediatric, or public health dentistry;

“(E) to meet the costs of projects to establish, maintain, or improve dental faculty development programs in primary care (which may be departments, divisions or other units);

“(F) to meet the costs of projects to establish, maintain, or improve predoctoral and postdoctoral training in primary care programs;

“(G) to create a loan repayment program for faculty in dental programs; and
“(H) to provide technical assistance to pediatric training programs in developing and implementing instruction regarding the oral health status, dental care needs, and risk-based clinical disease management of all pediatric populations with an emphasis on underserved children.

“(2) F Aculty Loan Repayment.—

“(A) In general.—A grant or contract under subsection (a)(1)(G) may be awarded to a program of general, pediatric, or public health dentistry described in such subsection to plan, develop, and operate a loan repayment program under which—

“(i) individuals agree to serve full-time as faculty members; and

“(ii) the program of general, pediatric or public health dentistry agrees to pay the principal and interest on the outstanding student loans of the individuals.

“(B) Manner of payments.—With respect to the payments described in subparagraph (A)(ii), upon completion by an individual of each of the first, second, third, fourth, and fifth years of service, the program shall pay an
amount equal to 10, 15, 20, 25, and 30 percent, respectively, of the individual's student loan balance as calculated based on principal and interest owed at the initiation of the agreement.

“(b) ELIGIBLE ENTITY.—For purposes of this subsection, entities eligible for such grants or contracts in general, pediatric, or public health dentistry shall include entities that have programs in dental or dental hygiene schools, or approved residency or advanced education programs in the practice of general, pediatric, or public health dentistry. Eligible entities may partner with schools of public health to permit the education of dental students, residents, and dental hygiene students for a master's year in public health at a school of public health.

“(c) PRIORITIES IN MAKING AWARDS.—With respect to training provided for under this section, the Secretary shall give priority in awarding grants or contracts to the following:

“(1) Qualified applicants that propose collaborative projects between departments of primary care medicine and departments of general, pediatric, or public health dentistry.

“(2) Qualified applicants that have a record of training the greatest percentage of providers, or that
have demonstrated significant improvements in the
percentage of providers, who enter and remain in
general, pediatric, or public health dentistry.

“(3) Qualified applicants that have a record of
training individuals who are from a rural or dis-
advantaged background, or from underrepresented
minorities.

“(4) Qualified applicants that establish formal
relationships with Federally qualified health centers,
rural health centers, or accredited teaching facilities
and that conduct training of students, residents, fel-
lows, or faculty at the center or facility.

“(5) Qualified applicants that conduct teaching
programs targeting vulnerable populations such as
older adults, homeless individuals, victims of abuse
or trauma, individuals with mental health or sub-
stance-related disorders, individuals with disabilities,
and individuals with HIV/AIDS.

“(6) Qualified applicants that include edu-
cational activities in cultural competency and health
literacy.

“(7) Qualified applicants that provide instruc-
tion regarding the oral health status, dental care
needs, and risk-based clinical disease management of
all pediatric populations with an emphasis on underserved children.

“(8) Qualified applicants that intend to establish a special populations oral health care needs education center or training program for the didactic and clinical education of dentists, dental health professionals, and dental hygienists who plan to teach oral health care for people with developmental disabilities, cognitive impairment, complex medical problems, significant physical limitations, and vulnerable elderly.

“(d) PREFERENCE IN MAKING AWARDS.—In making awards of grants or contracts under this section, the Secretary shall give preference to any qualified applicant that—

“(1) has a high rate for placing graduates in practice settings having the principal focus of serving in underserved areas or health disparity populations (including serving patients eligible for Medicaid or the Children’s Health Insurance Program, or those with special health care needs); or

“(2) during the 2-year period before the fiscal year for which such an award is sought, has achieved a significant increase in the rate of placing graduates in such settings or graduating practi-
tioners who serve health disparity populations in their practices.

“(e) APPLICATION.—An eligible entity desiring a grant under this section shall submit to the Secretary an application at such time, in such manner, and containing such information as the Secretary may require.

“(f) DURATION OF AWARD.—The period during which payments are made to an entity from an award of a grant or contract under subsection (a) shall be 5 years. The provision of such payments shall be subject to annual approval by the Secretary of the payments and subject to the availability of appropriations for the fiscal year involved to make the payments.

“(g) AUTHORIZATIONS OF APPROPRIATIONS.—For the purpose of carrying out subsections (a) and (b), there is authorized to be appropriated $30,000,000 for fiscal year 2010 and such sums as may be necessary for each of fiscal years 2011 through 2015.

“(h) CARRYOVER FUNDS.—An entity that receives an award under this section may carry over funds from 1 fiscal year to another without obtaining approval from the Secretary. In no case may any funds be carried over pursuant to the preceding sentence for more than 3 years.”.
SEC. 434. ALTERNATIVE DENTAL HEALTH CARE PROVIDERS DEMONSTRATION PROJECT.

Subpart X of part D of title III of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 256f et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“SEC. 340H. DEMONSTRATION PROGRAM.

“(a) IN GENERAL.—

“(1) AUTHORIZATION.—The Secretary is authorized to award grants to 15 eligible entities to enable such entities to establish a demonstration program to establish training programs to train, or to employ, alternative dental health care providers in order to increase access to dental health care services in rural and other underserved communities.

“(2) DEFINITION.—The term ‘alternative dental health care providers’ includes community dental health coordinators, advance practice dental hygienists, independent dental hygienists, supervised dental hygienists, primary care physicians, and dental therapists.

“(b) TIMEFRAME.—The demonstration projects funded under this section shall begin not later than 2 years after the date of enactment of this section, and shall conclude not later than 7 years after such date of enactment.

“(c) ELIGIBLE ENTITIES.—To be eligible to receive a grant under subsection (a), an entity shall—
“(1) be—

“(A) an institution of higher education, including a community college;

“(B) a public-private partnership;

“(C) a federally qualified health center;

“(D) an Indian Health Service facility;

“(E) a State or county public health clinic;

or

“(F) a public hospital or health systems;

“(2) be within a program accredited by the Commission on Dental Accreditation or within a dental education program in an accredited institution; and

“(3) shall submit an application to the Secretary at such time, in such manner, and containing such information as the Secretary may require.

“(d) ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS.—

“(1) AMOUNT OF GRANT.—Each grant under this section shall be in an amount that is not less than $4,000,000 for the 5-year period during which the demonstration project being conducted.

“(2) DISBURSEMENT OF FUNDS.—

“(A) PRELIMINARY DISBURSEMENTS.—Beginning 1 year after the enactment of this section, the Secretary may disperse to any entity
receiving a grant under this section not more than 20 percent of the total funding awarded to such entity under such grant, for the purpose of enabling the entity to plan the demonstration project to be conducted under such grant.

“(B) SUBSEQUENT DISBURSEMENTS.—The remaining amount of grant funds not dispersed under subparagraph (A) shall be dispersed such that not less than 15 percent of such remaining amount is dispersed each subsequent year.

“(e) COMPLIANCE WITH STATE REQUIREMENTS.—Each entity receiving a grant under this section shall certify that it is in compliance with all applicable State licensing requirements.

“(f) EVALUATION.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—The Director of the Institute of Medicine (referred to in this subsection as the ‘Director’) shall conduct a study of the demonstration programs conducted under this section that shall provide analysis, based upon quantitative and qualitative data, regarding access to dental health care in the United States.

“(2) DATA COLLECTION.—

“(A) BASELINE DATA.—The Director shall gather data from each demonstration project
not later than 24 months after the commencement of the project, which shall serve as baseline data for the study.

“(B) COMPARISON DATA.—The Director shall begin collecting data from each demonstration project 1 year after such project concludes, and shall conclude such data collection not later than 18 months after the conclusion of the project.

“(g) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary to carry out this section.”

SEC. 435. GERIATRIC EDUCATION AND TRAINING; CAREER AWARDS; COMPREHENSIVE GERIATRIC EDUCATION.

(a) WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT; CAREER AWARDS.—Section 753 of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 294) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(d) GERIATRIC WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall award grants or contracts under this subsection to entities that operate a geriatric education center pursuant to subsection (a)(1).
“(2) APPLICATION.—To be eligible for an award under paragraph (1), an entity described in such paragraph shall submit to the Secretary an application at such time, in such manner, and containing such information as the Secretary may require.

“(3) USE OF FUNDS.—Amounts awarded under a grant or contract under paragraph (1) shall be used to—

“(A) carry out the fellowship program described in paragraph (4); and

“(B) carry out 1 of the 2 activities described in paragraph (5).

“(4) FELLOWSHIP PROGRAM.—

“(A) IN GENERAL.—Pursuant to paragraph (3), a geriatric education center that receives an award under this subsection shall use such funds to offer short-term intensive courses (referred to in this subsection as a ‘fellowship’) that focus on geriatrics, chronic care management, and long-term care that provide supplemental training for faculty members in medical schools and other health professions schools with programs in psychology, pharmacy, nursing, social work, dentistry, public health, allied
health, or other health disciplines, as approved by the Secretary. Such a fellowship shall be open to current faculty, and appropriately credentialed volunteer faculty and practitioners, who do not have formal training in geriatrics, to upgrade their knowledge and clinical skills for the care of older adults and adults with functional limitations and to enhance their interdisciplinary teaching skills.

“(B) LOCATION.—A fellowship shall be offered either at the geriatric education center that is sponsoring the course, in collaboration with other geriatric education centers, or at medical schools, schools of nursing, schools of pharmacy, schools of social work, graduate programs in psychology, or allied health and other health professions schools approved by the Secretary with which the geriatric education centers are affiliated.

“(C) CME CREDIT.—Participation in a fellowship under this paragraph shall be accepted with respect to complying with continuing medical education requirements. As a condition of such acceptance, the recipient shall agree to subsequently provide a minimum of 18 hours of
voluntary instructional support through a geriatric education center that is providing clinical training to students or trainees in long-term care settings.

“(5) ADDITIONAL REQUIRED ACTIVITIES DESCRIBED.—Pursuant to paragraph (3), a geriatric education center that receives an award under this subsection shall use such funds to carry out 1 of the following 2 activities.

“(A) FAMILY CAREGIVER TRAINING.—A geriatric education center that receives an award under this subsection shall offer at least 2 courses each year, at no charge or nominal cost, to family caregivers that are designed to provide practical training for supporting frail elders and individuals with disabilities. The Secretary shall require such Centers to work with appropriate community partners to develop training program content and to publicize the availability of training courses in their service areas. All family caregiver training programs shall include instruction on the management of psychological and behavioral aspects of dementia, communication techniques for working with individuals who have dementia, and the appro-
appropriate, safe, and effective use of medications for older adults.

“(B) INCORPORATION OF BEST PRACTICES.—A geriatric education center that receives an award under this subsection shall develop and include material on depression and other mental disorders common among older adults, medication safety issues for older adults, and management of the psychological and behavioral aspects of dementia and communication techniques with individuals who have dementia in all training courses, where appropriate.

“(6) TARGETS.—A geriatric education center that receives an award under this subsection shall meet targets approved by the Secretary for providing geriatric training to a certain number of faculty or practitioners during the term of the award, as well as other parameters established by the Secretary, including guidelines for the content of the fellowships.

“(7) AMOUNT OF AWARD.—An award under this subsection shall be in an amount of $150,000. Not more than 24 geriatric education centers may receive an award under this subsection.
“(8) MAINTENANCE OF EFFORT.—A geriatric education center that receives an award under this subsection shall provide assurances to the Secretary that funds provided to the geriatric education center under this subsection will be used only to supplement, not to supplant, the amount of Federal, State, and local funds otherwise expended by the geriatric education center.

“(9) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—In addition to any other funding available to carry out this section, there is authorized to be appropriated to carry out this subsection, $10,800,000 for the period of fiscal year 2011 through 2014.

“(e) GERIATRIC CAREER INCENTIVE AWARDS.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall award grants or contracts under this section to individuals described in paragraph (2) to foster greater interest among a variety of health professionals in entering the field of geriatrics, long-term care, and chronic care management.

“(2) ELIGIBLE INDIVIDUALS.—To be eligible to received an award under paragraph (1), an individual shall—

“(A) be an advanced practice nurse, a clinical social worker, a pharmacist, or student of
psychology who is pursuing a doctorate or other advanced degree in geriatrics or related fields in an accredited health professions school; and

“(B) submit to the Secretary an application at such time, in such manner, and containing such information as the Secretary may require.

“(3) CONDITION OF AWARD.—As a condition of receiving an award under this subsection, an individual shall agree that, following completion of the award period, the individual will teach or practice in the field of geriatrics, long-term care, or chronic care management for a minimum of 5 years under guidelines set by the Secretary.

“(4) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out this subsection, $10,000,000 for the period of fiscal years 2011 through 2013.”.

(b) EXPANSION OF ELIGIBILITY FOR GERIATRIC ACADEMIC CAREER AWARDS; PAYMENT TO INSTITUTION.—Section 753(c) of the Public Health Service Act 294(c)) is amended—

(1) by redesignating paragraphs (4) and (5) as paragraphs (5) and (6), respectively;
(2) by striking paragraph (2) through paragraph (3) and inserting the following:

“(2) ELIGIBLE INDIVIDUALS.—To be eligible to receive an Award under paragraph (1), an individual shall—

“(A) be board certified or board eligible in internal medicine, family practice, or psychiatry or have completed any required training in a discipline and employed in an accredited health professions school that is approved by the Secretary;

“(B) have completed an approved fellowship program in geriatrics; and

“(C) have a junior (non-tenured) faculty appointment at an accredited (as determined by the Secretary) school of medicine, osteopathic medicine, nursing, social work, psychology, dentistry, pharmacy, or other allied health disciplines in an accredited health professions school that is approved by the Secretary.

“(3) LIMITATIONS.—No Award under paragraph (1) may be made to an eligible individual unless the individual—

“(A) has submitted to the Secretary an application, at such time, in such manner, and
containing such information as the Secretary
may require, and the Secretary has approved
such application;

“(B) provides, in such form and manner as
the Secretary may require, assurances that the
individual will meet the service requirement de-
scribed in paragraph (6); and

“(C) provides, in such form and manner as
the Secretary may require, assurances that the
individual has a full-time faculty appointment
in a health professions institution and docu-
mented commitment from such institution to
spend 75 percent of the total time of such indi-
vidual on teaching and developing skills in
interdisciplinary education in geriatrics.

“(4) MAINTENANCE OF EFFORT.—An eligible
individual that receives an Award under paragraph
(1) shall provide assurances to the Secretary that
funds provided to the eligible individual under this
subsection will be used only to supplement, not to
supplant, the amount of Federal, State, and local
funds otherwise expended by the eligible individual.”;
and

(3) in paragraph (5), as so designated—

(A) in subparagraph (A)—
(i) by inserting “for individuals who are physicians” after “this section”; and

(ii) by inserting after the period at the end the following: “The Secretary shall determine the amount of an Award under this section for individuals who are not physicians.”; and

(B) by adding at the end the following:

“(C) PAYMENT TO INSTITUTION.—The Secretary shall transfer funds awarded to an individual under this section to the institution where such individual will carry out the award, in order to facilitate financial management of the reward pursuant to guidelines of the Health Resources and Services Administration.”.

(e) COMPREHENSIVE GERIATRIC EDUCATION.—Section 855 of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 298) is amended—

(1) in subsection (b)—

(A) in paragraph (3), by striking “or” at the end;

(B) in paragraph (4), by striking the period and inserting “; or”; and

(C) by adding at the end the following:
“(5) establish traineeships for individuals who are preparing for advanced education nursing degrees in geriatric nursing, long-term care, geropsychiatric nursing or other nursing areas that specialize in the care of the elderly population.”; and

(2) in subsection (e), by striking “2003 through 2007” and inserting “2010 through 2014”.

SEC. 436. MENTAL AND BEHAVIORAL HEALTH EDUCATION AND TRAINING GRANTS.

(a) In General.—Part D of title VII (42 U.S.C. 294 et seq.) is amended by—

(1) striking section 757;

(2) redesignating section 756 (as amended by section 413) as section 757; and

(3) inserting after section 755 the following:

“SEC. 756. MENTAL AND BEHAVIORAL HEALTH EDUCATION AND TRAINING GRANTS.

“(a) Grants Authorized.—The Secretary may award grants to eligible institutions of higher education to support the recruitment of students for, and education and clinical experience of the students in—

“(1) baccalaureate, master’s, and doctoral degree programs of social work, as well as the development of faculty in social work;
“(2) accredited master’s, doctoral, and post-doctoral residency programs of psychology for the development and implementation of interdisciplinary training of psychology graduate students for providing behavioral and mental health services;

“(3) accredited institutions of higher education or accredited professional training programs that are establishing or expanding internships or other field placement programs in child and adolescent mental health in psychiatry, psychology, school psychology, behavioral pediatrics, psychiatric nursing, social work, school social work, marriage and family therapy, school counseling, or professional counseling; and

“(4) State-licensed mental health nonprofit and for-profit organizations to enable such organizations to pay for programs for preservice or in-service training of paraprofessional child and adolescent mental health workers.

“(b) Eligibility Requirements.—To be eligible for a grant under this section, an institution shall demonstrate—

“(1) participation in the institutions’ programs of individuals and groups from different racial, ethnic, cultural, geographic, religious, linguistic, and
class backgrounds, and different genders and sexual orientations;

“(2) knowledge and understanding of the concerns of the individuals and groups described in subsection (a);

“(3) any internship or other field placement program assisted under the grant will prioritize cultural and linguistic competency;

“(4) the institution will provide to the Secretary such data, assurances, and information as the Secretary may require; and

“(5) with respect to any violation of the agreement between the Secretary and the institution, the institution will pay such liquidated damages as prescribed by the Secretary by regulation.

“(e) Institutional Requirement.—For grants authorized under subsection (a)(1), at least 4 of the grant recipients shall be historically black colleges or universities or other minority-serving institutions.

“(d) Priority.—

“(1) In selecting the grant recipients in social work under subsection (a)(1), the Secretary shall give priority to applicants that—

“(A) are accredited by the Council on Social Work Education;
“(B) have a graduation rate of not less than 80 percent for social work students; and
“(C) exhibit an ability to recruit social workers from and place social workers in areas with a high need and high demand population.
“(2) In selecting the grant recipients in graduate psychology under subsection (a)(2), the Secretary shall give priority to institutions in which training focuses on the needs of vulnerable groups such as older adults and children, individuals with mental health or substance-related disorders, victims of abuse or trauma and of combat stress disorders such as posttraumatic stress disorder and traumatic brain injuries, homeless individuals, chronically ill persons, and their families.
“(3) In selecting the grant recipients in professional training programs in child and adolescent mental health under subsection (a)(3), the Secretary shall give priority to applicants that—
“(A) have demonstrated the ability to collect data on the number of students trained in child and adolescent mental health and the populations served by such students after graduation;
“(B) have demonstrated familiarity with evidence-based methods in child and adolescent mental health services;

“(C) have programs designed to increase the number of professionals serving high-priority populations and to applicants who come from high-priority communities and plan to serve in Health Professional Shortage Areas, Medically Underserved Areas, or Medically Underserved Populations; and

“(D) offer curriculum taught collaboratively with a family on the consumer and family lived experience or the importance of family-professional partnership.

“(4) In selecting the grant recipients to offer preservice or in-service training of paraprofessional child and adolescent mental health workers under subsection (a)(4), the Secretary shall give priority to applicants that—

“(A) have demonstrated the ability to collect data on the number of paraprofessional child and adolescent mental health workers trained by the applicant and the populations served by these workers after the completion of the training;
“(B) have familiarity with evidence-based methods in child and adolescent mental health services;

“(C) have programs designed to increase the number of paraprofessional child and adolescent mental health workers serving high-priority populations; and

“(D) provide services through a community mental health program described in section 1913(b)(1).

“(e) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATION.—For the fiscal years 2010 through 2013, there is authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section—

“(1) $8,000,000 for training in social work in subsection (a)(1);

“(2) $10,000,000 for training in graduate psychology in subsection (a)(2);

“(3) $10,000,000 for training in professional child and adolescent mental health in subsection (a)(3); and

“(4) $5,000,000 for training in paraprofessional child and adolescent work in subsection (a)(4).”.

(b) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—Section 757(b)(2) of the Public Health Service Act, as redesignated by sub-
section (a), is amended by striking “sections 751(a)(1)(A), 751(a)(1)(B), 753(b), 754(3)(A), and 755(b)” and insert-
ing “sections 751(b), 753(b), and 755(b)”.

SEC. 437. CULTURAL COMPETENCY, PREVENTION AND PUB-
LIC HEALTH AND INDIVIDUALS WITH DIS-
ABILITIES TRAINING.

Part B of title VII of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 293 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“SEC. 742. CULTURAL COMPETENCY, PREVENTION AND PUB-
LIC HEALTH AND INDIVIDUALS WITH DIS-
ABILITIES TRAINING.

“(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall support the development, evaluation, and dissemination of model cur-
icula for cultural competency, prevention, and public health proficiency and aptitude for working with individ-
uals with disabilities training for use in health professions schools and continuing education programs, and for other purposes determined appropriate by the Secretary.

“(b) CURRICULA.—

“(1) COLLABORATION.—In carrying out sub-
section (a), the Secretary shall collaborate with health professional societies, licensing and accredita-
tion entities, health professions schools, and experts in minority health and cultural competency, preven-
tion and public health and disability groups, commu-
nity-based organizations, and other organizations as
determined appropriate by the Secretary.

“(2) FOCUS.—Curricula developed under this
section shall include a focus on cultural competency
measures, prevention and public health competency
measures, and working with individuals with disabil-
ities competency measures. In addition, cultural
competency, prevention and public health pro-
ficiency, and working with individuals with disabil-
ities aptitude self-assessment methodology for health
providers, systems, and institutions.

“(c) DISSEMINATION.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—Model curricula developed
under this section shall be disseminated through the
Internet Clearinghouse under section 270 and such
other means as determined appropriate by the Sec-
retary.

“(2) EVALUATION.—The Secretary shall evalu-
ate the adoption and the implementation of cultural
competency, prevention and public health, and work-
ing with individuals with a disability training cur-
ricula, and the facilitate inclusion of these com-
petency measures in quality measurement systems as
appropriate.”.
SEC. 438. ADVANCED NURSING EDUCATION GRANTS.

Section 811 of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 296j) is amended—

(1) in subsection (e)—

(A) in the subsection heading, by striking “AND NURSE MIDWIFERY PROGRAMS”; and

(B) by striking “and nurse midwifery”;

(2) in subsection (f)—

(A) by striking paragraph (2); and

(B) by redesignating paragraph (3) as paragraph (2); and

(3) by redesignating subsections (d), (e), and (f) as subsections (e), (f), and (g), respectively; and

(4) by inserting after subsection (e), the following:

“(d) AUTHORIZED NURSE-MIDWIFERY PROGRAMS.—

Midwifery programs that are eligible for support under this section are educational programs that—

“(1) have as their objective the education of midwives, who will upon completion of their studies in such programs, be qualified to effectively provide primary health care services to women at locations where women might require health care services, including acute care facilities, ambulatory care facilities, birth centers, personal residences, and other settings as authorized by State or Federal law; and
“(2) are accredited by the American College of Nurse-Midwives Accreditation Commission for Midwifery Education.”.

SEC. 439. NURSE EDUCATION, PRACTICE, AND RETENTION GRANTS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 831 of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 296p) is amended—

(1) in the section heading, by striking “RETENTION” and inserting “QUALITY”;

(2) in subsection (a)—

(A) in paragraph (1), by adding “or” after the semicolon;

(B) by striking paragraph (2); and

(C) by redesignating paragraph (3) as paragraph (2);

(3) in subsection (b)(3), by striking “managed care, quality improvement” and inserting “coordinated care”;

(4) in subsection (g), by inserting “, as defined in section 801(2),” after “school of nursing”; and

(5) in subsection (h), by striking “2003 through 2007” and inserting “2010 through 2014”.

(b) NURSE RETENTION GRANTS.—Title VIII of the Public Health Service Act is amended by inserting after section 831 (42 U.S.C. 296b) the following:
“SEC. 831A. NURSE RETENTION GRANTS.

(a) Retention Priority Areas.—The Secretary may award grants to, and enter into contracts with, eligible entities to enhance the nursing workforce by initiating and maintaining nurse retention programs pursuant to subsection (b) or (c).

(b) Grants for Career Ladder Program.—The Secretary may award grants to, and enter into contracts with, eligible entities for programs—

(1) to promote career advancement for individuals including licensed practical nurses, licensed vocational nurses, certified nurse assistants, home health aides, diploma degree or associate degree nurses, to become baccalaureate prepared registered nurses or advanced education nurses in order to meet the needs of the registered nurse workforce;

(2) developing and implementing internships and residency programs in collaboration with an accredited school of nursing, as defined by section 801(2), to encourage mentoring and the development of specialties; or

(3) to assist individuals in obtaining education and training required to enter the nursing profession and advance within such profession, such as by providing career counseling and mentoring.
“(c) Enhancing Patient Care Delivery Systems.—

“(1) Grants.—The Secretary may award grants to eligible entities to improve the retention of nurses and enhance patient care that is directly related to nursing activities by enhancing collaboration and communication among nurses and other health care professionals, and by promoting nurse involvement in the organizational and clinical decision-making processes of a health care facility.

“(2) Priority.—In making awards of grants under this subsection, the Secretary shall give preference to applicants that have not previously received an award under this subsection (or section 831(c) as such section existed on the day before the date of enactment of this section).

“(3) Continuation of an Award.—The Secretary shall make continuation of any award under this subsection beyond the second year of such award contingent on the recipient of such award having demonstrated to the Secretary measurable and substantive improvement in nurse retention or patient care.

“(d) Other Priority Areas.—The Secretary may award grants to, or enter into contracts with, eligible enti-
ties to address other areas that are of high priority to nurse retention, as determined by the Secretary.

“(e) REPORT.—The Secretary shall submit to the Congress before the end of each fiscal year a report on the grants awarded and the contracts entered into under this section. Each such report shall identify the overall number of such grants and contracts and provide an explanation of why each such grant or contract will meet the priority need of the nursing workforce.

“(f) ELIGIBLE ENTITY.—For purposes of this section, the term ‘eligible entity’ includes an accredited school of nursing, as defined by section 801(2), a health care facility, or a partnership of such a school and facility.

“(g) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section such sums as may be necessary for each of fiscal years 2010 through 2012.”.

SEC. 440. LOAN REPAYMENT AND SCHOLARSHIP PROGRAM.

(a) TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS.—Sections 842 (relating to appeals), 846 (relating to loan repayment and scholarship programs), 846A (relating to the nurse faculty loan program), and 810 (relating to discrimination) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 297i, 297n, 297n–1, and 296g) are redesignated as sections 840A, 840B, 840C, and 840E, respectively.
(b) LOAN REPAYMENTS AND SCHOLARSHIPS.—Section 840B(a)(3) of the Public Health Service Act, as so redesignated by subsection (a), is amended by inserting before the semicolon the following: “, or in a accredited school of nursing, as defined by section 801(2), as nurse faculty”.

SEC. 441. NURSE FACULTY LOAN PROGRAM.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 840C of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 297n-1), as so redesignated by section 440, is amended—

(1) in subsection (a)—

(A) in the subsection heading, by striking “ESTABLISHMENT” and inserting “SCHOOL OF NURSING STUDENT LOAN FUND”; and

(B) by inserting “accredited” after “agreement with any”;

(2) in subsection (c)—

(A) in paragraph (2), by striking “$30,000” and all that follows through the semicolon and inserting “$35,500, during fiscal years 2010 and 2011 fiscal years (after fiscal year 2011, such amounts shall be adjusted to provide for a cost-of-living increase for the yearly loan rate and the aggregate loan”; and
(B) in paragraph (3)(A), by inserting “an accredited” after “faculty member in”; 

(3) in subsection (e), by striking “a school” and inserting “an accredited school”; and

(4) in subsection (f), by striking “2003 through 2007” and inserting “2010 through 2014”.

(b) Eligible Individual Student Loan Repayment.—Title VIII of the Public Health Service Act is amended by inserting after section 840C, as so redesignated by section 440, the following:

“SEC. 840D. Eligible Individual Student Loan Repayment.

“(a) In General.—The Secretary, acting through the Administrator of the Health Resources and Services Administration, may enter into an agreement with eligible individuals for the repayment of education loans, in accordance with this section, to increase the number of qualified nursing faculty.

“(b) Agreements.—Each agreement entered into under this subsection shall require that the eligible individual shall serve as a full-time member of the faculty of an accredited school of nursing, for a total period, in the aggregate, of at least 4 years during the 6-year period beginning on the later of—
“(1) the date on which the individual receives a master’s or doctorate nursing degree from an accredited school of nursing; or

“(2) the date on which the individual enters into an agreement under this subsection.

“(c) AGREEMENT PROVISIONS.—Agreements entered into pursuant to subsection (b) shall be entered into on such terms and conditions as the Secretary may determine, except that—

“(1) not more than 10 months after the date on which the 6-year period described under subsection (b) begins, but in no case before the individual starts as a full-time member of the faculty of an accredited school of nursing the Secretary shall begin making payments, for and on behalf of that individual, on the outstanding principal of, and interest on, any loan of that individual obtained to pay for such degree;

“(2) for an individual who has completed a master’s in nursing or equivalent degree in nursing—

“(A) payments may not exceed $10,000 per calendar year; and

“(B) total payments may not exceed $40,000 during the 2010 and 2011 fiscal years
(after fiscal year 2011, such amounts shall be
adjusted to provide for a cost-of-living increase
for the yearly loan rate and the aggregate
loan); and
“(3) for an individual who has completed a doc-
torate or equivalent degree in nursing—
“(A) payments may not exceed $20,000
per calendar year; and
“(B) total payments may not exceed
$80,000 during the 2010 and 2011 fiscal years
(adjusted for subsequent fiscal years as pro-
vided for in the same manner as in paragraph
(2)(B)).
“(d) BREACH OF AGREEMENT.—
“(1) IN GENERAL.—In the case of any agree-
ment made under subsection (b), the individual is
liable to the Federal Government for the total
amount paid by the Secretary under such agree-
ment, and for interest on such amount at the max-
imum legal prevailing rate, if the individual fails to
meet the agreement terms required under such sub-
section.
“(2) WAIVER OR SUSPENSION OF LIABILITY.—
In the case of an individual making an agreement
for purposes of paragraph (1), the Secretary shall
provide for the waiver or suspension of liability under such paragraph if compliance by the individual with the agreement involved is impossible or would involve extreme hardship to the individual or if enforcement of the agreement with respect to the individual would be unconscionable.

“(3) DATE CERTAIN FOR RECOVERY.—Subject to paragraph (2), any amount that the Federal Government is entitled to recover under paragraph (1) shall be paid to the United States not later than the expiration of the 3-year period beginning on the date the United States becomes so entitled.

“(4) AVAILABILITY.—Amounts recovered under paragraph (1) shall be available to the Secretary for making loan repayments under this section and shall remain available for such purpose until expended.

“(e) ELIGIBLE INDIVIDUAL DEFINED.—For purposes of this section, the term ‘eligible individual’ means an individual who—

“(1) is a United States citizen, national, or lawful permanent resident;

“(2) holds an unencumbered license as a registered nurse; and

“(3) has either already completed a master’s or doctorate nursing program at an accredited school of
nursing or is currently enrolled on a full-time or part-time basis in such a program.

“(f) PRIORITY.—For the purposes of this section and section 840C, funding priority will be awarded to School of Nursing Student Loans that support doctoral nursing students or Individual Student Loan Repayment that support doctoral nursing students.

“(g) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section such sums as may be necessary for each of fiscal years 2010 through 2014.”.

SEC. 442. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR PARTS B THROUGH D OF TITLE VIII.

Section 841 of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 297q) is amended to read as follows:

“SEC. 841. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

“For the purpose of carrying out parts B, C, and D (subject to section 845(g)), there are authorized to be appropriated $338,000,000 for fiscal year 2010, and such sums as may be necessary for each of the fiscal years 2011 through 2016.”.
SEC. 443. GRANTS TO PROMOTE THE COMMUNITY HEALTH WORKFORCE.

Part P of title III of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 280g et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following::

“SEC. 399S. GRANTS TO PROMOTE POSITIVE HEALTH BEHAVIORS AND OUTCOMES.

“(a) GRANTS AUTHORIZED.—The Secretary, in collaboration with the Secretary shall award grants to eligible entities to promote positive health behaviors for populations in medically underserved communities through the use of community health workers.

“(b) USE OF FUNDS.—Grants awarded under subsection (a) shall be used to support community health workers—

“(1) to educate, guide, and provide outreach in a community setting regarding health problems prevalent in medically underserved communities, particularly racial and ethnic minority populations;

“(2) to educate, guide, and provide experiential learning opportunities that target behavioral risk factors;

“(3) to educate and provide guidance regarding effective strategies to promote positive health behaviors within the family;
“(4) to educate and provide outreach regarding enrollment in health insurance including the State Children’s Health Insurance Program under title XXI of the Social Security Act, Medicare under title XVIII of such Act and Medicaid under title XIX of such Act;

“(5) to educate and refer underserved populations to appropriate healthcare agencies and community-based programs and organizations in order to increase access to quality healthcare services and to eliminate duplicative care; or

“(6) to educate, guide, and provide home visitation services regarding maternal health and prenatal care.

“(c) APPLICATION.—Each eligible entity that desires to receive a grant under subsection (a) shall submit an application to the Secretary, at such time, in such manner, and accompanied by such information as the Secretary may require.

“(d) PRIORITY.—In awarding grants under subsection (a), the Secretary shall give priority to applicants that—

“(1) propose to target geographic areas—
“(A) with a high percentage of residents who are eligible for health insurance but are uninsured or underinsured;

“(B) with a high percentage of residents who suffer from chronic diseases; and

“(C) with a high infant mortality rate;

“(2) have experience in providing health or health-related social services to individuals who are underserved with respect to such services; and

“(3) have documented community activity and experience with community health workers.

“(e) COLLABORATION WITH ACADEMIC INSTITUTIONS AND THE ONE-STOP DELIVERY SYSTEM.—The Secretary shall encourage community health worker programs receiving funds under this section to collaborate with academic institutions and one-stop delivery systems under section 134(c) of the Workforce Investment Act of 1998. Nothing in this section shall be construed to require such collaboration.

“(f) EVIDENCE-BASED INTERVENTIONS.—The Secretary shall encourage community health worker programs receiving funding under this section to implement an outcome-based payment system that rewards community health workers for connecting underserved populations with the most appropriate services at the most appropriate
time. Nothing in this section shall be construed to require such a payment.

“(g) QUALITY ASSURANCE AND COST EFFECTIVENESS.—The Secretary shall establish guidelines for assuring the quality of the training and supervision of community health workers under the programs funded under this section and for assuring the cost-effectiveness of such programs.

“(h) MONITORING.—The Secretary shall monitor community health worker programs identified in approved applications under this section and shall determine whether such programs are in compliance with the guidelines established under subsection (g).

“(i) TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.—The Secretary may provide technical assistance to community health worker programs identified in approved applications under this section with respect to planning, developing, and operating programs under the grant.

“(j) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There are authorized to be appropriated, such sums as may be necessary to carry out this section for each of fiscal years 2010 through 2014.

“(k) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

“(1) COMMUNITY HEALTH WORKER.—The term ‘community health worker’, as defined by the De-
part of Labor as Standard Occupational Classification [21–1094] means an individual who promotes health or nutrition within the community in which the individual resides—

“(A) by serving as a liaison between communities and healthcare agencies;

“(B) by providing guidance and social assistance to community residents;

“(C) by enhancing community residents’ ability to effectively communicate with healthcare providers;

“(D) by providing culturally and linguistically appropriate health or nutrition education;

“(E) by advocating for individual and community health; and

“(F) by providing referral and follow-up services or otherwise coordinating care.

“(2) COMMUNITY SETTING.—The term ‘community setting’ means a home or a community organization located in the neighborhood in which a participant in the program under this section resides.

“(3) MEDICALLY UNDERSERVED COMMUNITY.—The term ‘medically underserved community’ means a community identified by a State—
“(A) that has a substantial number of individuals who are members of a medically underserved population, as defined by section 330(b)(3); and

“(B) a significant portion of which is a health professional shortage area as designated under section 332.”.

SEC. 444. YOUTH PUBLIC HEALTH PROGRAM.

Section 751(b)(4)(A) of the Public Health Service Act, as amended by section 453, is further amended by adding at the end the following:

“(vi) Establish a youth public health program to expose and recruit high school students into health careers, with a focus on careers in public health.”.

SEC. 445. FELLOWSHIP TRAINING IN PUBLIC HEALTH.

Part E of title VII of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 294n et seq.), as amended by section 426, is further amended by adding at the end the following:
“SEC. 778. FELLOWSHIP TRAINING IN APPLIED PUBLIC
HEALTH EPIDEMIOLOGY, PUBLIC HEALTH
LABORATORY SCIENCE, PUBLIC HEALTH
INFORMATICS, AND EXPANSION OF THE EPI-
DEMIC INTELLIGENCE SERVICE.

“(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may carry out ac-
tivities to address documented workforce shortages in
State and local health departments in the critical areas
of applied public health epidemiology and public health
laboratory science and informatics and may expand the
Epidemic Intelligence Service.

“(b) SPECIFIC USES.—In carrying out subsection
(a), the Secretary shall provide for the expansion of exist-
ing fellowship programs operated through the Centers for
Disease Control and Prevention in a manner that is de-
dsigned to alleviate shortages of the type described in sub-
section (a).

“(c) OTHER PROGRAMS.—The Secretary may provide
for the expansion of other applied epidemiology training
programs that meet objectives similar to the objectives of
the programs described in subsection (b).

“(d) WORK OBLIGATION.—Participation in fellow-
ship training programs under this section shall be deemed
to be service for purposes of satisfying work obligations
stipulated in contracts under section 338I(j).
“(e) GENERAL SUPPORT.—Amounts may be used from grants awarded under this section to expand the Public Health Informatics Fellowship Program at the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention to better support all public health systems at all levels of government.

“(f) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section $39,500,000 for each of fiscal years 2010 through 2013, of which—

“(1) $5,000,000 shall be made available in each such fiscal year for epidemiology fellowship training program activities under subsections (b) and (c);

“(2) $5,000,000 shall be made available in each such fiscal year for laboratory fellowship training programs under subsection (b);

“(3) $5,000,000 shall be made available in each such fiscal year for the Public Health Informatics Fellowship Program under subsection (e); and

“(4) $24,500,000 shall be made available for expanding the Epidemic Intelligence Service under subsection (a).”.
Subtitle E—Supporting the Existing Health Care Workforce

SEC. 451. CENTERS OF EXCELLENCE.

Section 736 of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 293) is amended by striking subsection (h) and inserting the following:

“(h) FORMULA FOR ALLOCATIONS.—

“(1) ALLOCATIONS.—Based on the amount appropriated under subsection (i) for a fiscal year, the following subparagraphs shall apply as appropriate:

“(A) IN GENERAL.—If the amounts appropriated under subsection (i) for a fiscal year are $24,000,000 or less—

“(i) the Secretary shall make available $12,000,000 for grants under subsection (a) to health professions schools that meet the conditions described in subsection (c)(2)(A); and

“(ii) and available after grants are made with funds under clause (i), the Secretary shall make available—

“(I) 60 percent of such amount for grants under subsection (a) to health professions schools that meet the conditions described in paragraph
(3) or (4) of subsection (c) (including meeting the conditions under subsection (e)); and

“(II) 40 percent of such amount for grants under subsection (a) to health professions schools that meet the conditions described in subsection (e)(5).

“(B) FUNDING IN EXCESS OF $24,000,000.—If amounts appropriated under subsection (i) for a fiscal year exceed $24,000,000 but are less than $30,000,000—

“(i) 80 percent of such excess amounts shall be made available for grants under subsection (a) to health professions schools that meet the requirements described in paragraph (3) or (4) of subsection (c) (including meeting conditions pursuant to subsection (e)); and

“(ii) 20 percent of such excess amount shall be made available for grants under subsection (a) to health professions schools that meet the conditions described in subsection (c)(5).
“(C) Funding in Excess of
$30,000,000.—If amounts appropriated under
subsection (i) for a fiscal year exceed
$30,000,000 but are less than $40,000,000, the
Secretary shall make available—

“(i) not less than $12,000,000 for
grants under subsection (a) to health pro-
fessions schools that meet the conditions
described in subsection (e)(2)(A);

“(ii) not less than $12,000,000 for
grants under subsection (a) to health pro-
fessions schools that meet the conditions
described in paragraph (3) or (4) of sub-
section (c) (including meeting conditions
pursuant to subsection (e));

“(iii) not less than $6,000,000 for
grants under subsection (a) to health pro-
fessions schools that meet the conditions
described in subsection (e)(5); and

“(iv) after grants are made with
funds under clauses (i) through (iii), any
remaining excess amount for grants under
subsection (a) to health professions schools
that meet the conditions described in para-
graph (2)(A), (3), (4), or (5) of subsection (c).

“(D) FUNDING IN EXCESS OF $40,000,000.—If amounts appropriated under subsection (i) for a fiscal year are $40,000,000 or more, the Secretary shall make available—

“(i) not less than $16,000,000 for grants under subsection (a) to health professions schools that meet the conditions described in subsection (c)(2)(A);

“(ii) not less than $16,000,000 for grants under subsection (a) to health professions schools that meet the conditions described in paragraph (3) or (4) of subsection (c) (including meeting conditions pursuant to subsection (e));

“(iii) not less than $8,000,000 for grants under subsection (a) to health professions schools that meet the conditions described in subsection (c)(5); and

“(iv) after grants are made with funds under clauses (i) through (iii), any remaining funds for grants under subsection (a) to health professions schools that meet the conditions described in para-
graph (2)(A), (3), (4), or (5) of subsection (c).

“(2) No limitation.—Nothing in this subsection shall be construed as limiting the centers of excellence referred to in this section to the designated amount, or to preclude such entities from competing for grants under this section.

“(3) Maintenance of effort.—

“(A) In general.—With respect to activities for which a grant made under this part are authorized to be expended, the Secretary may not make such a grant to a center of excellence for any fiscal year unless the center agrees to maintain expenditures of non-Federal amounts for such activities at a level that is not less than the level of such expenditures maintained by the center for the fiscal year preceding the fiscal year for which the school receives such a grant.

“(B) Use of Federal funds.—With respect to any Federal amounts received by a center of excellence and available for carrying out activities for which a grant under this part is authorized to be expended, the center shall, before expending the grant, expend the Federal
amounts obtained from sources other than the grant, unless given prior approval from the Secretary.

“(i) Authorization of Appropriations.—There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section—

“(1) $50,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 2010 through 2015; and

“(2) and such sums as are necessary for each subsequent fiscal year.”.

SEC. 452. HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONALS TRAINING FOR DIVERSITY.

(a) Loan Repayments and Fellowships Regarding Faculty Positions.—Section 738(a)(1) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 293b(a)(1)) is amended by striking “$20,000 of the principal and interest of the educational loans of such individuals.” and inserting “$30,000 of the principal and interest of the educational loans of such individuals.”.

(b) Scholarships for Disadvantaged Students.—Section 740(a) of such Act (42 U.S.C. 293d(a)) is amended by striking “$37,000,000” and all that follows through “2002” and inserting “$51,000,000 for fiscal year 2010, and such sums as may be necessary for each of the fiscal years 2011 through 2014”.

(c) Reauthorization for Loan Repayments and Fellowships Regarding Faculty Positions.—Section 740(b) of such Act (42 U.S.C. 293d(b)) is amended by striking “appropriated” and all that follows through the period at the end and inserting “appropriated, $5,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 2010 through 2014.”.

(d) Reauthorization for Educational Assistance in the Health Professions Regarding Individuals From a Disadvantaged Background.—Section 740(c) of such Act (42 U.S.C. 293d(c)) is amended by striking the first sentence and inserting the following: “For the purpose of grants and contracts under section 739(a)(1), there is authorized to be appropriated $60,000,000 for fiscal year 2010 and such sums as may be necessary for each of the fiscal years 2011 through 2014.”

SEC. 453. INTERDISCIPLINARY, COMMUNITY-BASED LINKAGES.

(a) Area Health Education Centers.—Section 751 of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 294a) is amended to read as follows:

“SEC. 751. AREA HEALTH EDUCATION CENTERS.

“(a) Establishment of Awards.—The Secretary shall make awards in accordance with this section.
“(b) INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT AWARD.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall make awards to eligible entities to enable such entities to initiate health care workforce educational programs or to continue to carry out comparable programs that are operating at the time the award is made by planning, developing, operating, and evaluating of an area health education center program.

“(2) ELIGIBLE ENTITY.—For purposes of this subsection, an ‘eligible entity’ means a school of medicine or osteopathic medicine, an incorporated consortium of such schools, or the parent institutions of such a school. With respect to a State in which no area health education center program is in operation, the Secretary may award a grant or contract under paragraph (1) to a school of nursing.

“(3) APPLICATION.—An eligible entity desiring to receive an award under this subsection shall submit to the Secretary an application at such time, in such manner, and containing such information as the Secretary may require.

“(4) USE OF FUNDS.—

“(A) REQUIRED ACTIVITIES.—An eligible entity shall use amounts awarded under a grant
under paragraph (1) to carry out the following activities:

“(i) Develop and implement strategies to recruit individuals from underrepresented minority populations or from disadvantaged or rural backgrounds into health professions, and support such individuals in attaining such careers.

“(ii) Develop and implement strategies to foster and provide community-based training and education to individuals seeking careers in health professions within underserved areas for the purpose of developing and maintaining a diverse health care workforce that is prepared to deliver high-quality care, with an emphasis on primary care, in underserved areas or for health disparity populations, in collaboration with other Federal and State health care workforce development programs, the State workforce agency, and local workforce investment boards, and in health care safety net sites.

“(iii) Prepare individuals to more effectively provide health services to under-
served areas and health disparity popu-
lations through field placements or precep-
torships in conjunction with community-
based organizations, accredited primary
care residency training programs, Feder-
ally qualified health centers, rural health
clinics, public health departments, or other
appropriate facilities.

“(iv) Conduct and participate in inter-
disciplinary training that involves physi-
cians, physician assistants, nurse practi-
tioners, nurse midwives, dentists, psycholo-
gists, pharmacists, community health
workers, public and allied health profes-
sionals, or other health professionals, as
practicable.

“(v) Deliver or facilitate continuing
education and information dissemination
programs for health care professionals,
with an emphasis on individuals providing
care in underserved areas and for health
disparity populations.

“(B) INNOVATIVE OPPORTUNITIES.—An
eligible entity may use amounts awarded under
a grant under paragraph (1) to carry out any of the following activities:

“(i) Develop and implement innovative curricula in collaboration with community-based accredited primary care residency training programs, Federally qualified health centers, rural health clinics, behavioral and mental health facilities, public health departments, or other appropriate facilities, with the goal of increasing the number of primary care physicians and other primary care providers prepared to serve in underserved areas and health disparity populations.

“(ii) Coordinate community-based participatory research with academic health centers, and facilitate rapid flow and dissemination of evidence-based health care information, research results, and best practices to improve quality, efficiency, and effectiveness of health care and health care systems within community settings.

“(iii) Develop and implement other strategies to address identified workforce needs and increase and enhance the health
care workforce in the area served by the area health education center program.

“(c) Point of Service Maintenance and Enhancement Award.—

“(1) In General.—The Secretary shall make awards to eligible entities to maintain and improve the effectiveness and capabilities of an existing area health education center program, and make other modifications to the program that are appropriate due to changes in demographics, needs of the populations served, or other similar issues affecting the program.

“(2) Eligible Entity.—For purposes of this subsection, the term ‘eligible entity’ means an entity that has received funds under this section (as this section was in effect on the day before the date of enactment of the Affordable Health Choices Act), is operating an area health education center program, including area health education centers, and has a center or centers that are no longer eligible to receive financial assistance under subsection (b).

“(3) Application.—An eligible entity desiring to receive an award under this subsection shall submit to the Secretary an application at such time, in
such manner, and containing such information as the Secretary may require.

“(4) USE OF FUNDS.—

“(A) REQUIRED ACTIVITIES.—An eligible entity shall use amounts awarded under a grant under paragraph (1) to carry out the following activities:

“(i) Develop and implement strategies in coordination with the applicable one-stop delivery system under section 134(c) of the Workforce Investment Act of 1998 to recruit individuals from underrepresented minority groups, underserved areas, or with rural backgrounds into health care careers, and support such individuals in attaining such careers.

“(ii) Develop and implement strategies to foster and provide community-based training and education to individuals seeking careers in health professions within underserved areas for the purpose of developing and maintaining a diverse health care workforce that is prepared to deliver high-quality care, with an emphasis on primary care, in underserved areas and to
health disparity populations, in collabora-
tion with other Federal and State health
care workforce development programs, and
in health care safety net sites.

“(iii) Prepare individuals to more ef-
ficiently provide health services to under-
served areas or health disparity popu-
lations through field placements or precep-
torships in conjunction with community-
based organizations, accredited primary
care residency training programs, Feder-
ally qualified health centers, rural health
clinics, behavioral and mental health facili-
ties, public health departments, or other
appropriate facilities.

“(iv) Conduct and participate in inter-
disciplinary training that involves physi-
cians, physician assistants, nurse practi-
tioners, nurse midwives, dentists, psycholo-
gists, pharmacists, public and allied health
professionals, or other health professionals,
as practicable.

“(v) Deliver or facilitate continuing
education and information dissemination
programs for health care professionals,
with an emphasis on individuals providing
care in underserved areas and for health
disparity populations.

“(vi) Propose and implement effective
program and outcomes measurement and
evaluation strategies.

“(B) INNOVATIVE OPPORTUNITIES.—An
eligible entity shall use amounts awarded under
a grant under paragraph (1) to carry out at
least 1 of the following activities:

“(i) Develop innovative curricula in
collaboration with community-based ac-
credited primary care residency training
programs, Federally qualified health cen-
ters, rural health clinics, behavioral and
mental health facilities, public health de-
partments, or other appropriate facilities,
with the goal of increasing the number of
primary care physicians and other primary
care providers prepared to serve in under-
served areas and health disparity popu-
lations.

“(ii) Coordinate community-based
participatory research with academic
health centers, and facilitate rapid flow
and dissemination of evidence-based health care information, research results, and best practices to improve quality, efficiency, and effectiveness of health care and health care systems within community settings.

“(iii) Develop and implement other strategies to address identified workforce needs and increase and enhance the health care workforce in the area served by the area health education center program.

“(d) REQUIREMENTS.—

“(1) AREA HEALTH EDUCATION CENTER PROGRAM.—In carrying out this section, the Secretary shall ensure the following:

“(A) An entity that receives an award under this section shall conduct at least 10 per cent of clinical education required for medical students in community settings that are removed from the primary teaching facility of the contracting institution for grantees that operate a school of medicine or osteopathic medicine. In States in which an entity that receives an award under this section is a nursing school or its parent institution, the Secretary shall alternatively ensure that—
“(i) the nursing school places at least 10 percent of its students in training sites affiliated with an area health education center that is remote from the primary teaching facility of the school; and

“(ii) the entity receiving the award maintains a written agreement with a school of medicine or osteopathic medicine to place at least 10 percent of students from that school in training sites in the area health education center program area.

“(B) An entity receiving funds under subsection (c) does not distribute such funding to a center that is eligible to receive funding under subsection (b).

“(2) AREA HEALTH EDUCATION CENTER.—The Secretary shall ensure that each area health education center program includes at least 1 area health education center, and that each such center—

“(A) is a public or private organization whose structure, governance, and operation is independent from the awardee and the parent institution of the awardee;

“(B) is not a school of medicine or osteopathic medicine, the parent institution of such
a school, or a branch campus or other subunit of a school of medicine or osteopathic medicine or its parent institution, or a consortium of such entities;

“(C) designates an underserved area or population to be served by the center which is in a location removed from the main location of the teaching facilities of the schools participating in the program with such center and does not duplicate, in whole or in part, the geographic area or population served by any other center;

“(D) fosters networking and collaboration among communities and between academic health centers and community-based centers;

“(E) serves communities with a demonstrated need of health professionals in partnership with academic medical centers;

“(F) addresses the health care workforce needs of the communities served in coordination with the public workforce investment system; and

“(G) has a community-based governing or advisory board that reflects the diversity of the communities involved.
“(e) MATCHING FUNDS.—With respect to the costs of operating a program through a grant under this section, to be eligible for financial assistance under this section, an entity shall make available (directly or through contributions from State, county or municipal governments, or the private sector) recurring non-Federal contributions in cash or in kind, toward such costs in an amount that is equal to not less than 50 percent of such costs. At least 25 percent of the total required non-Federal contributions shall be in cash. An entity may apply to the Secretary for a waiver of not more than 75 percent of the matching fund amount required by the entity for each of the first 3 years the entity is funded through a grant under subsection (b).

“(f) LIMITATION.—Not less than 75 percent of the total amount provided to an area health education center program under subsection (b) or (c) shall be allocated to the area health education centers participating in the program under this section. To provide needed flexibility to newly funded area health education center programs, the Secretary may waive the requirement in the sentence for the first 2 years of a new area health education center program funded under subsection (b).

“(g) AWARD.—An award to an entity under this section shall be not less than $250,000 annually per area
health education center included in the program involved. If amounts appropriated to carry out this section are not sufficient to comply with the preceding sentence, the Secretary may reduce the per center amount provided for in such sentence as necessary, provided the distribution established in subsection (k)(2) is maintained.

“(h) Project Terms.—

“(1) In general.—Except as provided in paragraph (2), the period during which payments may be made under an award under subsection (b) may not exceed—

“(A) in the case of a program, 12 years;

or

“(B) in the case of a center within a program, 6 years.

“(2) Exception.—The periods described in paragraph (1) shall not apply to programs receiving point of service maintenance and enhancement awards under subsection (c) to maintain existing centers and activities.

“(i) Inapplicability of provision.—Notwithstanding any other provision of this title, section 791(a) shall not apply to an area health education center funded under this section.

“(j) Authorization of Appropriations.—
“(1) IN GENERAL.—There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section $125,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 2010 through 2014.

“(2) REQUIREMENTS.—Of the amounts appropriated for a fiscal year under paragraph (1)—

“(A) not more than 35 percent shall be used for awards under subsection (b);

“(B) not less than 60 percent shall be used for awards under subsection (c);

“(C) not more than 1 percent shall be used for grants and contracts to implement outcomes evaluation for the area health education centers; and

“(D) not more than 4 percent shall be used for grants and contracts to provide technical assistance to entities receiving awards under this section.

“(3) CARRYOVER FUNDS.—An entity that receives an award under this section may carry over funds from 1 fiscal year to another without obtaining approval from the Secretary. In no case may any funds be carried over pursuant to the preceding sentence for more than 3 years.
“(k) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of the Congress that every State have an area health education center program in effect under this section.”.

(b) Continuing Educational Support for Health Professionals Serving in Underserved Communities.—Part D of title VII of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 294 et seq.) is amended by striking section 752 and inserting the following:

“SEC. 752. Continuing Educational Support for Health Professionals Serving in Underserved Communities.

“(a) In General.—The Secretary shall make grants to, and enter into contracts with, eligible entities to improve health care, increase retention, increase representation of minority faculty members, enhance the practice environment, and provide information dissemination and educational support to reduce professional isolation through the timely dissemination of research findings using relevant resources.

“(b) Eligible Entities.—For purposes of this section, the term ‘eligible entity’ means an entity described in section 799(b).

“(c) Application.—An eligible entity desiring to receive an award under this section shall submit to the Sec-
Secretary an application at such time, in such manner, and
containing such information as the Secretary may require.

“(d) USE OF FUNDS.—An eligible entity shall use
amounts awarded under a grant or contract under this
section to provide innovative supportive activities to en-
hance education through distance learning, continuing
educational activities, collaborative conferences, and elec-
tronic and telelearning activities, with priority for primary
care.

“(e) AUTHORIZATION.—There is authorized to be ap-
propriated to carry out this section $5,000,000 for each
of the fiscal years 2010 through 2014, and such sums as
may be necessary for each subsequent fiscal year.”.

SEC. 454. WORKFORCE DIVERSITY GRANTS.
Section 821 of the Public Health Service Act (42
U.S.C. 296m) is amended—
(1) in subsection (a)—
(A) by striking “The Secretary may” and
inserting the following:
“(1) AUTHORITY.—The Secretary may”;
(B) by striking “pre-entry preparation,
and retention activities” and inserting the fol-
lowing: “stipends for diploma or associate de-
gree nurses to enter a bridge or degree comple-
tion program, student scholarships or stipends
for accelerated nursing degree programs, pre-
entry preparation, advanced education prepara-
tion, and retention activities”; and
(2) in subsection (b)—
(A) by striking “First” and all that follows
through “including the” and inserting “Na-
tional Advisory Council on Nurse Education
and Practice and consult with nursing associa-
tions including the National Coalition of Ethnic
Minority Nurse Associations,”; and
(B) by inserting before the period the fol-
lowing: “and other organizations determined
appropriate by the Secretary”.

SEC. 455. PRIMARY CARE EXTENSION PROGRAM.
Part P of title III of the Public Health Service Act
(42 U.S.C. 280g et seq.), as amended by section 443, is
further amended by adding at the end the following:

“SEC. 399T. PRIMARY CARE EXTENSION PROGRAM.
“(a) Establishment, Purpose and Defini-
tion.—
“(1) In general.—The Secretary shall estab-
lish a Primary Care Extension Program.
“(2) Purpose.—The Primary Care Extension
Program shall provide support and assistance to pri-
mary care providers to educate providers about pre-
ventive medicine, health promotion, chronic disease
management, mental health services, and evidence-
based and evidence-informed therapies and tech-
niques, in order to enable providers to incorporate
such matters into their practice and to improve com-
munity health by working with community-based
health connectors (referred to in this section as
‘Health Extension Agents’).

“(3) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

“(A) HEALTH EXTENSION AGENT.—The
term ‘Health Extension Agent’ means any local,
community-based health worker who facilitates
and provides assistance to primary care prac-
tices by implementing quality improvement or
system redesign, incorporating the principles of
the patient-centered medical home to provide
high-quality, effective, efficient, and safe pri-
mary care and to provide guidance to patients
in culturally and linguistically appropriate ways,
and linking practices to diverse health system
resources.

“(B) PRIMARY CARE PROVIDER.—The
term ‘primary care provider’ means a health
care provider that provides care consistent with
the Institute of Medicine’s definition of primary
care, including the provision of preventive and
health promotion services, for men, women, and
children of all ages, as recognized by State li-
censing or regulatory authorities, unless other-
wise specified in the section.

“(b) Grants to Establish State Hubs and
Local Primary Care Extension Agencies.—

“(1) Grants.—The Secretary shall award com-
petitive grants to States for the establishment of
State- or multistate-level primary care Primary Care
Extension Program State Hubs (referred to in this
section as ‘Hubs’).

“(2) Composition of Hubs.—A Hub estab-
lished by a State pursuant to paragraph (1)—

“(A) shall consist of, at a minimum, the
State health department, the entity responsible
for administering the State Medicaid program
(if other than the State health department), the
State-level entity administering the Medicare
program, and the departments of 1 or more
health professions schools in the State that
train providers in primary care; and

“(B) may include entities such as hospital
associations, primary care practice-based re-
search networks, health professional societies,
State primary care associations, State licensing boards, consumer groups, and other appropriate entities.

‘‘(c) State and Local Activities.—

‘‘(1) Hub Activities.—Hubs established under a grant under subsection (b) shall—

(A) submit to the Secretary a plan to co-ordinate functions with quality improvement organizations and area health education centers if such entities are members of the Hub not described in subsection (b)(2)(A);

(B) contract with a county- or local-level entity that shall serve as the Primary Care Extension Agency to administer the services described in paragraph (2);

(C) organize and administer grant funds to county- or local-level Primary Care Extension Agencies that serve a catchment area, as determined by the State; and

(D) organize State-wide or multistate networks of local-level Primary Care Extension Agencies to share and disseminate information and practices.

‘‘(2) Local Primary Care Extension Agency Activities.—
“(A) REQUIRED ACTIVITIES.—Primary Care Extension Agencies established by a Hub under paragraph (1) shall—

“(i) assist primary care providers to implement a patient-centered medical home to improve the accessibility, quality, and efficiency of primary care services;

“(ii) develop and support primary care learning communities to enhance the dissemination of research findings for evidence-based practice, assess implementation of practice improvement, share best practices, and involve community clinicians in the generation of new knowledge and identification of important questions for research;

“(iii) participate in a national network of Primary Care Extension Hubs and propose how the Primary Care Extension Agency will share and disseminate lessons learned and best practices; and

“(iv) develop a plan for financial sustainability involving State, local, and private contributions, to provide for the reduction in Federal funds that is expected
after an initial 6-year period of program establishment, infrastructure development, and planning.

“(B) DISCRETIONARY ACTIVITIES.—Primary Care Extension Agencies established by a Hub under paragraph (1) may—

“(i) provide technical assistance, training, and organizational support for community health teams established under section 212 of the Affordable Health Choices Act;

“(ii) collect data and provision of primary care provider feedback from standardized measurements of processes and outcomes to aid in continuous performance improvement;

“(iii) collaborate with local health departments, community health centers, and other community agencies to identify community health priorities and local health workforce needs, and participate in community-based efforts to address the social and primary determinants of health, strengthen the local primary care workforce, and eliminate health disparities;
“(iv) develop measures to monitor the impact of the proposed program on the health of practice enrollees and of the wider community served; and

“(v) participate in other activities, as determined appropriate by the Secretary.

“(d) FEDERAL PROGRAM ADMINISTRATION.—

“(1) GRANTS; TYPES.—Grants awarded under subsection (b) shall be—

“(A) program grants, that are awarded to State or multistate entities that submit fully-developed plans for the implementation of a Hub, for a period of 6 years; or

“(B) planning grants, that are awarded to State or multistate entities with the goal of developing a plan for a Hub, for a period of 2 years.

“(2) APPLICATIONS.—To be eligible for a grant under subsection (b), a State or multistate entity shall submit to the Secretary an application, at such time, in such manner, and containing such information as the Secretary may require.

“(3) EVALUATION.—A State that receives a grant under subsection (b) shall be evaluated at the
end of the grant period by an evaluation panel appointed by the Secretary.

“(4) CONTINUING SUPPORT.—After the sixth year in which assistance is provided to a State under a grant awarded under subsection (b), the State may receive additional support under this section if the State program has received satisfactory evaluations with respect to program performance and the merits of the State sustainability plan, as determined by the Secretary.

“(5) LIMITATION.—A State shall not use in excess of 10 percent of the amount received under a grant to carry out administrative activities under this section. Funds awarded pursuant to this section shall not be used for funding direct patient care.

“(e) REQUIREMENTS ON THE SECRETARY.—In carrying out this section, the Secretary shall consult with the heads of other Federal agencies with demonstrated experience and expertise in health care and preventive medicine, such as the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Administration, the Health Resources and Services Administration, the National Institutes of Health, the Office of the National Coordinator for Health Information Technology, the Indian Health Service, the Agricultural Cooperative Exten-
sion Service of the Department of Agriculture, and other entities, as the Secretary determines appropriate.

“(f) Authorization of Appropriations.—To awards grants as provided in subsection (d), there are authorized to be appropriated $120,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2011 and 2012, and such sums as may be necessary to carry out this section for each of fiscal years 2013 through 2014.”.

Subtitle F—General Provisions

SEC. 461. REPORTS.

(a) Reports by Secretary of Health and Human Services.—On an annual basis, the Secretary of Health and Human Services shall submit to the appropriate Committees of Congress a report on the activities carried out under the amendments made by this title, and the effectiveness of such activities.

(b) Reports by Recipients of Funds.—The Secretary of Health and Human Services may require, as a condition of receiving funds under the amendments made by this title, that the entity receiving such award submit to such Secretary such reports as the such Secretary may require on activities carried out with such award, and the effectiveness of such activities.
TITLE V—PREVENTING FRAUD AND ABUSE

Subtitle A—Establishment of New Health and Human Services and Department of Justice Health Care Fraud Positions

SEC. 501. HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES SENIOR ADVISOR.

Part C of title XXVII of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 300gg-91 et seq.) is amended—

(1) by redesignating section 2792 as section 2796; and

(2) by inserting after section 2791, the following:

“SEC. 2792. SENIOR ADVISOR FOR HEALTH CARE FRAUD.

“(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary shall appoint an individual to serve as the Senior Advisor for Health Care Fraud (referred to in this section as the ‘Senior Advisor’) within the Office of the Deputy Secretary. The Senior Advisory shall be the principal advisor on policy and program development and oversight with respect to—

“(1) the detection and prevention of health care fraud, waste, and abuse involving public and private health insurance coverage; and

“(2) the coordination of anti-fraud efforts within the Department of Health and Human Services
and with the Inspector General, the Department of
Justice, other Federal agencies as appropriate, State
and local law enforcement, State regulatory agen-
cies, and private health insurance coverage.

“(b) REQUIREMENTS.—The Senior Advisor shall—

“(1) not be subject to confirmation by the Sen-
ate or any committee or subcommittee of the Senate
or House of Representatives; and

“(2) be a Schedule C appointee and not be a
current career or career-conditional Federal execu-
tive branch employee, as defined in part 315 of
chapter I of title 5, Code of Federal Regulations.”.

SEC. 502. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE POSITION.

Chapter 41 of title 28, United States Code, is amend-
ed by adding at the end the following:

“§614. Senior Counsel for Health Care Fraud En-
forcement

“The Attorney General shall appoint an individual to
serve as the Senior Counsel for Health Care Fraud En-
forcement (referred to in this section as the ‘Senior Coun-
sel’) within the Office of the Deputy Attorney General to
serve as the principal advisor to the Attorney General on
policy and program development and oversight with re-
spect to—
“(1) the investigation and prosecution of health care fraud and abuse involving public and private health insurance coverage (as defined in section 2791 of the Public Health Service Act); and

“(2) the coordination of such efforts within the Department of Justice and with the Inspector General, the Department of Health and Human Services, other Federal agencies as appropriate, State and local law enforcement, State regulatory agencies, and private health insurance coverage.”.

Subtitle B—Health Care Program Integrity Coordinating Council

SEC. 511. ESTABLISHMENT.

Part C of title XXVII of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 300gg-91 et seq.), as amended by section 501, is further amended by inserting after section 2793, the following:

“SEC. 2794. HEALTH CARE PROGRAM INTEGRITY COORDINATING COUNCIL.

“(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established a council to be known as the ‘Health Care Program Integrity Coordinating Council’ (referred to in this section as the ‘Council’).

“(b) MEMBERSHIP.—The Council shall be composed of—
“(1) the Secretary of Health and Human Services;

“(2) the Attorney General;

“(3) the Inspector General for the Department of Health and Human Services;

“(4) the Secretary of Labor;

“(5) the Secretary of Defense;

“(6) the Director of the Office of Personnel Management;

“(7) the Under Secretary for Health for the Veterans Health Administration of the Department of Veterans Affairs;

“(8) the Commissioner of the Social Security Administration;

“(9) the President of the National Association of Insurance Commissioners;

“(10) the President of the National Association of Medicaid Fraud Control Units; and

“(11) any other member, the appointment of whom a majority of the members of the Council determines is necessary to carry out the [Choices Act?], except that an individual who is a representative of an entity subject to regulation under such Act shall not be appointed under this subparagraph.

“(c) DUTIES.—The Council shall—
“(1) not later than 6 months after the date of enactment of this section, develop a strategic plan for improving the coordination and information sharing among Federal agencies, State agencies, and private health insurance coverage with respect to the prevention, detection, and control of fraud, waste, and abuse, including fraud and abuse of consumers of the health care program or private health insurance issuers;

“(2) annually submit to Congress a report on actions taken to implement the strategic plan required under paragraph (1);

“(3) in carrying out the responsibilities identified under paragraph (1), evaluate ways to ensure that private health insurance coverage is included in investigative and data sharing programs, to the maximum extent feasible, with adequate protection provided for law enforcement-related data that is sensitive because of concerns for the identities of criminal subjects or targets, and that recognizes that private coverage may be responsible for fraud, waste, and abuse of public and policyholder funds;

“(4) not later than 12 months after the date of enactment of this section, develop and issue guidelines for purposes of carrying out the strategic plan
under paragraph (1), recognizing that fraudulent ac-
tivity in the health care system can affect both pub-
lic and private sector health insurance coverage, and
that the prevention, detection, investigation, and
prosecution of fraud against private health insurance
coverage is integral to the overall effort to combat
health care fraud;

“(5) at least once during every 5-year period,
update the strategic plan issued pursuant to para-
graph (1) and the guidelines issued pursuant to
paragraph (4);

“(6) develop recommendations, in consultation
with the Office of Management and Budget, for
measures to estimate the amount of fraud, waste,
and abuse in connection with public and private
health insurance coverage, and the annual savings
resulting from specific program integrity measures;

“(7) identify improvements needed for purposes
of information-sharing systems and activities used in
implementing the strategic plan under paragraph
(1); and

“(8) establish a consultative panel composed of
representatives of the private sector health insurance
industry and consult with this panel in the formula-
tion of Council recommendations.
“(d) Exemptions.—The Council shall be exempt from—

“(1) sections 553, 556, and 557 of title 5, United States Code, in the issuance of guidelines pursuant to subsection (c)(4); and

“(2) the Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. app.) in order to protect against the release of information which might undermine Federal, State, or local health care fraud control efforts.

“(e) Public Participation.—The Council shall provide for reasonable public participation in matters before the Council to the extent that such participation would not compromise the Council’s, or any other Federal, State, or local government entity’s, efforts to control health care fraud and abuse.”.

Subtitle C—False Statements and Representations

Sec. 521. Prohibition on False Statements and Representations.

(a) Prohibition.—Part 5 of subtitle B of title I of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (29 U.S.C. 1131 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:
“SEC. 519. PROHIBITION ON FALSE STATEMENTS AND REPRESENTATIONS.

“No person, in connection with a plan or other arrangement that is multiple employer welfare arrangement described in section 3(40), shall make a false statement or false representation of fact, knowing it to be false, in connection with the marketing or sale of such plan or arrangement, to any employee, any member of an employee organization, any beneficiary, any employer, any employee organization, the Secretary, or any State, or the representative or agent of any such person, State, or the Secretary, concerning—

“(1) the financial condition or solvency of such plan or arrangement;

“(2) the benefits provided by such plan or arrangement;

“(3) the regulatory status of such plan or other arrangement under any Federal or State law governing collective bargaining, labor management relations, or intern union affairs; or

“(4) the regulatory status of such plan or other arrangement regarding exemption from state regulatory authority under this Act.

This section shall not apply to any plan or arrangement that does not fall within the meaning of the term ‘multiple employer welfare arrangement’ under section 3(40)(A).”.
(b) **CRIMINAL PENALTIES.**—Section 501 of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (29 U.S.C. 1131) is amended—

(1) by inserting ``(a)'' before ``Any person''; and

(2) by adding at the end the following:

``(b) Any person that violates section 519 shall upon conviction be imprisoned not more than 10 years or fined under title 18, United States Code, or both.``.

(e) **CONFORMING AMENDMENT.**—The table of sections for part 5 of subtitle B of title I of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 is amended by adding at the end the following:

``Sec. 519. Prohibition on false statement and representations.``.

**Subtitle D—Federal Health Care Offense**

**SEC. 531. CLARIFYING DEFINITION.**

Section 24(a)(2) of title 18, United States Code, is amended by inserting ``or section 411, 518, or 511 of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974,'' after ``1954 of this title''.

**Subtitle E—Uniformity in Fraud and Abuse Reporting**

**SEC. 541. DEVELOPMENT OF MODEL UNIFORM REPORT FORM.**

Part C of title XXVII of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 300gg-91 et seq.), as amended by section
511, is further amended by inserting after section 2794,
the following:

“SEC. 2795. UNIFORM FRAUD AND ABUSE REFERRAL FOR-
MAT.

“The Secretary shall request the National Associa-
tion of Insurance Commissioners to develop a model uni-
form report form for private health insurance issuer seek-
ing to refer suspected fraud and abuse to State insurance
departments or other responsible State agencies for inves-
tigation. The Secretary shall request that the National As-
sociation of Insurance Commissioners develop rec-
ommendations for uniform reporting standards for such
referrals.”.

Subtitle F—Applicability of State
Law to Combat Fraud and Abuse

SEC. 551. APPLICABILITY OF STATE LAW TO COMBAT
FRAUD AND ABUSE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Part 5 of subtitle B of title I of
the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974
(29 U.S.C. 1131 et seq.), as amended by section 521, is
further amended by adding at the end the following:

“SEC. 520. APPLICABILITY OF STATE LAW TO COMBAT
FRAUD AND ABUSE.

“The Secretary may, for the purpose of identifying,
preventing, or prosecuting fraud and abuse, adopt regu-
latory standards establishing, or issue an order relating
to a specific person establishing, that a person engaged
in the business of providing insurance through a multiple
employer welfare arrangement described in section 3(40)
is subject to the laws of the States in which such person
operates which regulate insurance in such State, notwith-
standing section 514(b)(6) of this Act or the Liability Risk
Retention Act of 1986, and regardless of whether the law
of the State is otherwise preempted under any of such pro-
visions. This section shall not apply to any plan or ar-
rangement that does not fall within the meaning of the
term ‘multiple employer welfare arrangement’ under sec-
tion 3(40(A).”.

(b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—The table of sec-
tions for part 5 of subtitle B of title I of the Employee
Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended by
section 521, is further amended by adding at the end the
following:

“Sec. 520. Applicability of State law to combat fraud and abuse.”.
Subtitle G—Enabling the Department of Labor to Issue Administrative Summary Cease and Desist Orders and Summary Seizures Orders Against Plans That Are in Financially Hazardous Condition

SEC. 561. ENABLING THE DEPARTMENT OF LABOR TO ISSUE ADMINISTRATIVE SUMMARY CEASE AND DESIST ORDERS AND SUMMARY SEIZURES ORDERS AGAINST PLANS THAT ARE IN FINANCIALLY HAZARDOUS CONDITION.

(a) In General.—Part 5 of subtitle B of title I of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (29 U.S.C. 1131 et seq.), as amended by section 551, is further amended by adding at the end the following:

“SEC. 521. ADMINISTRATIVE SUMMARY CEASE AND DESIST ORDERS AND SUMMARY SEIZURE ORDERS AGAINST MULTIPLE EMPLOYER WELFARE ARRANGEMENTS IN FINANCIALLY HAZARDOUS CONDITION.

“(a) In General.—The Secretary may issue a cease and desist (ex parte) order under this title if it appears to the Secretary that the alleged conduct of a multiple employer welfare arrangement described in section 3(40),
other than a plan or arrangement described in subsection (g), is fraudulent, or creates an immediate danger to the public safety or welfare, or is causing or can be reasonably expected to cause significant, imminent, and irreparable public injury.

“(b) HEARING.—A person that is adversely affected by the issuance of a cease and desist order under subsection (a) may request a hearing by the Secretary regarding such order. The Secretary may require that a proceeding under this section, including all related information and evidence, be conducted in a confidential manner.

“(c) BURDEN OF PROOF.—The burden of proof in any hearing conducted under subsection (b) shall be on the party requesting the hearing to show cause why the cease and desist order should be set aside.

“(d) DETERMINATION.—Based upon the evidence presented at a hearing under subsection (b), the cease and desist order involved may be affirmed, modified, or set aside by the Secretary in whole or in part.

“(e) SEIZURE.—The Secretary may issue a summary seizure order under this title if it appears that a multiple employer welfare arrangement is in a financially hazardous condition.
“(f) REGULATIONS.—The Secretary may promulgate such regulations or other guidance as may be necessary or appropriate to carry out this section.

“(g) EXCEPTION.—This section shall not apply to any plan or arrangement that does not fall within the meaning of the term ‘multiple employer welfare arrangement’ under section 3(40(A)).”.

(b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—The table of sections for part 5 of subtitle B of title I of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended by section 551, is further amended by adding at the end the following:

“Sec. 521. Administrative summary cease and desist orders and summary seizure orders against health plans in financially hazardous condition.”.

Subtitle H—Requiring Multiple Employer Welfare Arrangement (MEWA) Plans to File a Registration Form With the Department of Labor Prior to Enrolling Anyone in the Plan

SEC. 571. MEWA PLAN REGISTRATION WITH DEPARTMENT OF LABOR.

Section 101(g) of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (29 U.S.C. 1021(g)) is amended—

(1) by striking “Secretary may” and inserting “Secretary shall”; and
(2) by inserting “to register with the Secretary prior to operating in a State and may, by regulation, require such multiple employer welfare arrangements” after “not group health plans”.

Subtitle I—Permitting Evidentiary Privilege and Confidential Communications

SEC. 581. PERMITTING EVIDENTIARY PRIVILEGE AND CONFIDENTIAL COMMUNICATIONS.

Section 504 of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (29 U.S.C. 1134) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(d) The Secretary may promulgate a regulation that provides an evidentiary privilege for, and provides for the confidentiality of communications between or among, any of the following entities or their agents, consultants, or employees:

“(1) A State insurance department.

“(2) A State attorney general.

“(3) The National Association of Insurance Commissioners.

“(4) The Department of Labor.

“(5) The Department of the Treasury.

“(6) The Department of Justice.
“(7) The Department of Health and Human Services.

“(8) Any other Federal or State authority that the Secretary determines is appropriate for the purposes of enforcing the provisions of this title.

“(e) The privilege established under subsection (d) shall apply to communications related to any investigation, audit, examination, or inquiry conducted or coordinated by any of the agencies. A communication that is privileged under subsection (d) shall not waive any privilege otherwise available to the communicating agency or to any person who provided the information that is communicated.”.

TITLE VI—IMPROVING ACCESS TO INNOVATIVE MEDICAL THERAPIES

Subtitle A—Biologics Price Competition and Innovation

[Policy under discussion]

Subtitle B—More Affordable Medicines for Children and Underserved Communities

SEC. 611. EXPANDED PARTICIPATION IN 340B PROGRAM.

(a) Expansion of Covered Entities Receiving Discounted Prices.—Section 340B(a)(4) of the Public
Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 256b(a)(4)) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(M) A children’s hospital excluded from the Medicare prospective payment system pursuant to section 1886(d)(1)(B)(iii) of the Social Security Act which would meet the requirements of subparagraph (L), including the disproportionate share adjustment percentage requirement under clause (ii) of such subparagraph, if the hospital were a subsection (d) hospital as defined by section 1886(d)(1)(B) of the Social Security Act.

“(N) An entity that is a critical access hospital (as determined under section 1820(c)(2) of the Social Security Act), and that meets the requirements of subparagraph (L)(i).

“(O) An entity that is a rural referral center, as defined by section 1886(d)(5)(C)(i) of the Social Security Act, or a sole community hospital, as defined by section 1886(d)(5)(C)(iii) of such Act, and that both meets the requirements of subparagraph (L)(i) and has a disproportionate share adjustment percentage equal to or greater than 8 percent.”.
(b) EXTENSION OF DISCOUNT TO INPATIENT DRUGS.—Section 340B of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 256b) is amended—

(1) in paragraphs (5), (7), and (9) of subsection (a), by striking “outpatient” each place it appears; and

(2) in subsection (b)—

(A) by striking “(B) OTHER DEFINITIONS.—” and all that follows through “In this section” and inserting the following:

“(b) OTHER DEFINITIONS.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—In this section,”; and

(B) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(2) COVERED DRUG.—In this section, the term ‘covered drug’—

“(A) means a covered outpatient drug (as defined in section 1927(k)(2) of the Social Security Act); and

“(B) includes, notwithstanding paragraph (3)(A) of section 1927(k) of such Act, a drug used in connection with an inpatient or outpatient service provided by a hospital described in subparagraph (L), (M), (N), or (O) of sub-
section (a)(4) that is enrolled to participate in
the drug discount program under this section.”.

(c) Prohibition on Group Purchasing Arrangements.—Section 340B(a) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 256b(a)) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (4)(L)—

(A) in clause (i), by adding “and” at the end;

(B) in clause (ii), by striking “; and” and inserting a period; and

(C) by striking clause (iii); and

(2) in paragraph (5)—

(A) by redesignating subparagraphs (C) and (D) as subparagraphs (D) and (E); respectively; and

(B) by inserting after subparagraph (B), the following:

“(C) Prohibition on Group Purchasing Arrangements.—

“(i) In general.—A hospital described in subparagraph (L), (M), (N), or (O) of paragraph (4) shall not obtain covered outpatient drugs through a group purchasing organization or other group purchasing arrangement, except as per-
mitted or provided for pursuant to clauses (ii) or (iii).

“(ii) INPATIENT DRUGS.—Clause (i) shall not apply to drugs purchased for in-
patient use.

“(iii) EXCEPTIONS.—The Secretary shall establish reasonable exceptions to clause (i)—

“(I) with respect to a covered outpatient drug that is unavailable to be purchased through the program under this section due to a drug shortage problem, manufacturer non-
compliance, or any other circumstance beyond the hospital’s control;

“(II) to facilitate generic substi-
tution when a generic covered out-
patient drug is available at a lower price; or

“(III) to reduce in other ways the administrative burdens of man-
aging both inventories of drugs sub-
ject to this section and inventories of drugs that are not subject to this sec-
tion, so long as the exceptions do not
create a duplicate discount problem in violation of subparagraph (A) or a diversion problem in violation of subparagraph (B).”.

(d) MEDICAID CREDIT.—Section 340B of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 256b) is amended by striking subsection (c) and inserting the following

“(c) MEDICAID CREDIT.—Not later than 90 days after the date of filing of the hospitals most recently filed Medicare cost report, the hospital shall issue a credit as determined by the Secretary to the State Medicaid program for inpatient covered drugs provided to Medicaid recipients.”.

(e) EFFECTIVE DATES.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The amendments made by this section shall take effect on January 1, 2010, and shall apply to drugs purchased on or after January 1, 2010.

(2) EFFECTIVENESS.—The amendments made by this section shall be effective and shall be taken into account in determining whether a manufacturer is deemed to meet the requirements of section 340B(a) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 256b(a)) and of section 1927(a)(5) of the
Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1396r-8(a)(5)), not-withstanding any other provision of law.

(f) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—Section 1927 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1396r–8), is amended—

(1) in subsection (a)(5)—

(A) in subparagraph (A), by striking “covered outpatient drugs” and inserting “covered drugs (as defined in section 340B(b)(2) of the Public Health Service Act)”;

(B) by striking subparagraph (D); and

(C) by redesignating subparagraph (E) as subparagraph (D);

(2) in subsection (c)(1)(C)(i)—

(A) by redesignating subclauses (II) through (IV) as subclauses (III) through (V), respectively; and

(B) by inserting after subclause (I) the following new subclause:

“(II) any prices charged for a covered drug as defined in section 340B(b)(2) of the Public Health Service Act;”; and

(3) in subsection (k)(1)—
(A) in subparagraph (A), by striking “sub-
paragraph (B)” and inserting “subparagraphs
(B) and (D)”; and

(B) by adding at the end the following new
subparagraph:

“(D) **Calculation for Covered**
Drugs.—With respect to a covered drug (as de-
defined in section 340B(b)(2) of the Public
Health Service Act), the average manufacturer
price shall be determined in accordance with
subparagraph (A) except that, in the event a
covered drug is not distributed to the retail
pharmacy class of trade, it shall mean the aver-
age price paid to the manufacturer for the drug
in the United States by wholesalers for drugs
distributed to the acute care class of trade,
after deducting customary prompt pay dis-
counts. The Secretary shall establish a mecha-
nism for collecting the necessary data for the
acute care class of trade from manufacturers.”.

SEC. 612. **IMPROVEMENTS TO 340B PROGRAM INTEGRITY.**

(a) **Integrity Improvements.**—Subsection (d) of
section 340B of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C.
256b) is amended to read as follows:

“(d) **Improvements in Program Integrity.**—
“(1) MANUFACTURER COMPLIANCE.—

“(A) IN GENERAL.—From amounts appropriated under paragraph (4), the Secretary shall provide for improvements in compliance by manufacturers with the requirements of this section in order to prevent overcharges and other violations of the discounted pricing requirements specified in this section.

“(B) IMPROVEMENTS.—The improvements described in subparagraph (A) shall include the following:

“(i) The development of a system to enable the Secretary to verify the accuracy of ceiling prices calculated by manufacturers under subsection (a)(1) and charged to covered entities, which shall include the following:

“(I) Developing and publishing through an appropriate policy or regulatory issuance, precisely defined standards and methodology for the calculation of ceiling prices under such subsection.

“(II) Comparing regularly the ceiling prices calculated by the Sec-
retary with the quarterly pricing data that is reported by manufacturers to the Secretary.

“(III) Performing spot checks of sales transactions by covered entities.

“(IV) Inquiring into the cause of any pricing discrepancies that may be identified and either taking, or requiring manufacturers to take, such corrective action as is appropriate in response to such price discrepancies.

“(ii) The establishment of procedures for manufacturers to issue refunds to covered entities in the event that there is an overcharge by the manufacturers, including the following:

“(I) Providing the Secretary with an explanation of why and how the overcharge occurred, how the refunds will be calculated, and to whom the refunds will be issued.

“(II) Oversight by the Secretary to ensure that the refunds are issued accurately and within a reasonable period of time, both in routine instances
of retroactive adjustment to relevant pricing data and exceptional circumstances such as erroneous or intentional overcharging for covered drugs.

"(iii) The provision of access through the Internet website of the Department of Health and Human Services to the applicable ceiling prices for covered drugs as calculated and verified by the Secretary in accordance with this section, in a manner (such as through the use of password protection) that limits such access to covered entities and adequately assures security and protection of privileged pricing data from unauthorized re-disclosure.

"(iv) The development of a mechanism by which—

"(I) rebates and other discounts provided by manufacturers to other purchasers subsequent to the sale of covered drugs to covered entities are reported to the Secretary; and

"(II) appropriate credits and refunds are issued to covered entities if
such discounts or rebates have the effect of lowering the applicable ceiling price for the relevant quarter for the drugs involved.

“(v) Selective auditing of manufacturers and wholesalers to ensure the integrity of the drug discount program under this section.

“(vi) The imposition of sanctions in the form of civil monetary penalties, which—

“(I) shall be assessed according to standards established in regulations to be promulgated by the Secretary not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of Affordable Health Choices Act;

“(II) shall not exceed $5,000 for each instance of overcharging a covered entity that may have occurred; and

“(III) shall apply to any manufacturer with an agreement under this section that knowingly and intentionally charges a covered entity a
price for purchase of a drug that exceeds the maximum applicable price under subsection (a)(1).

“(2) COVERED ENTITY COMPLIANCE.—

“(A) IN GENERAL.—From amounts appropriated under paragraph (4), the Secretary shall provide for improvements in compliance by covered entities with the requirements of this section in order to prevent diversion and violations of the duplicate discount provision and other requirements specified under subsection (a)(5).

“(B) IMPROVEMENTS.—The improvements described in subparagraph (A) shall include the following:

“(i) The development of procedures to enable and require covered entities to regularly update (at least annually) the information on the Internet website of the Department of Health and Human Services relating to this section.

“(ii) The development of a system for the Secretary to verify the accuracy of information regarding covered entities that is
listed on the website described in clause (i).

“(iii) The development of more detailed guidance describing methodologies and options available to covered entities for billing covered drugs to State Medicaid agencies in a manner that avoids duplicate discounts pursuant to subsection (a)(5)(A).

“(iv) The establishment of a single, universal, and standardized identification system by which each covered entity site can be identified by manufacturers, distributors, covered entities, and the Secretary for purposes of facilitating the ordering, purchasing, and delivery of covered drugs under this section, including the processing of chargebacks for such drugs.

“(v) The imposition of sanctions, in appropriate cases as determined by the Secretary, additional to those to which covered entities are subject under subparagraph (a)(5)(E), through one or more of the following actions:

“(I) Where a covered entity knowingly and intentionally violates
subparagraph (a)(5)(B), the covered entity shall be required to pay a monetary penalty to a manufacturer or manufacturers in the form of interest on sums for which the covered entity is found liable under paragraph (a)(5)(E), such interest to be compounded monthly and equal to the current short term interest rate as determined by the Federal Reserve for the time period for which the covered entity is liable.

“(II) Where the Secretary determines a violation of subparagraph (a)(5)(B) was systematic and egregious as well as knowing and intentional, removing the covered entity from the drug discount program under this section and disqualifying the entity from re-entry into such program for a reasonable period of time to be determined by the Secretary.

“(III) Referring matters to appropriate Federal authorities within the Food and Drug Administration,
the Office of Inspector General of Department of Health and Human Services, or other Federal agencies for consideration of appropriate action under other Federal statutes, such as the Prescription Drug Marketing Act (21 U.S.C. 353).

“(3) Administrative dispute resolution process.—

“(A) In general.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of Affordable Health Choices Act, the Secretary shall promulgate regulations to establish and implement an administrative process for the resolution of claims by covered entities that they have been overcharged for drugs purchased under this section, and claims by manufacturers, after the conduct of audits as authorized by subsection (a)(5)(D), of violations of subsections (a)(5)(A) or (a)(5)(B), including appropriate procedures for the provision of remedies and enforcement of determinations made pursuant to such process through mechanisms and sanctions described in paragraphs (1)(B) and (2)(B).
“(B) DEADLINES AND PROCEDURES.—

Regulations promulgated by the Secretary under subparagraph (A) shall—

“(i) designate or establish a decision-making official or decision-making body within the Department of Health and Human Services to be responsible for reviewing and finally resolving claims by covered entities that they have been charged prices for covered drugs in excess of the ceiling price described in subsection (a)(1), and claims by manufacturers that violations of subsection (a)(5)(A) or (a)(5)(B) have occurred;

“(ii) establish such deadlines and procedures as may be necessary to ensure that claims shall be resolved fairly, efficiently, and expeditiously;

“(iii) establish procedures by which a covered entity may discover and obtain such information and documents from manufacturers and third parties as may be relevant to demonstrate the merits of a claim that charges for a manufacturer’s product have exceeded the applicable ceil-
ing price under this section, and may submit such documents and information to the administrative official or body responsible for adjudicating such claim;

“(iv) require that a manufacturer conduct an audit of a covered entity pursuant to subsection (a)(5)(D) as a prerequisite to initiating administrative dispute resolution proceedings against a covered entity;

“(v) permit the official or body designated under clause (i), at the request of a manufacturer or manufacturers, to consolidate claims brought by more than one manufacturer against the same covered entity where, in the judgment of such official or body, consolidation is appropriate and consistent with the goals of fairness and economy of resources; and

“(vi) include provisions and procedures to permit multiple covered entities to jointly assert claims of overcharges by the same manufacturer for the same drug or drugs in one administrative proceeding, and permit such claims to be asserted on behalf of covered entities by associations or
organizations representing the interests of such covered entities and of which the covered entities are members.

“(C) Finality of Administrative Resolution.—The administrative resolution of a claim or claims under the regulations promulgated under subparagraph (A) shall be a final agency decision and shall be binding upon the parties involved, unless invalidated by an order of a court of competent jurisdiction.

“(4) Authorization of Appropriations.—There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this subsection, such sums as may be necessary for fiscal year 2010 and each succeeding fiscal year.”.

(b) Conforming Amendments.—Section 340B(a) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 256b(a)) is amended—

(1) in subsection (a)(1), by adding at the end the following: “Each such agreement shall require that the manufacturer furnish the Secretary with reports, on a quarterly basis, of the price for each covered drug subject to the agreement that, according to the manufacturer, represents the maximum price that covered entities may permissibly be required to pay for the drug (referred to in this section as the
‘ceiling price’), and shall require that the manufacturer offer each covered entity covered drugs for purchase at or below the applicable ceiling price if such drug is made available to any other purchaser at any price.”; and

(2) in the first sentence of subsection (a)(5)(E), as redesignated by section 512(c), by inserting “after audit as described in subparagraph (D) and” after “finds,”.